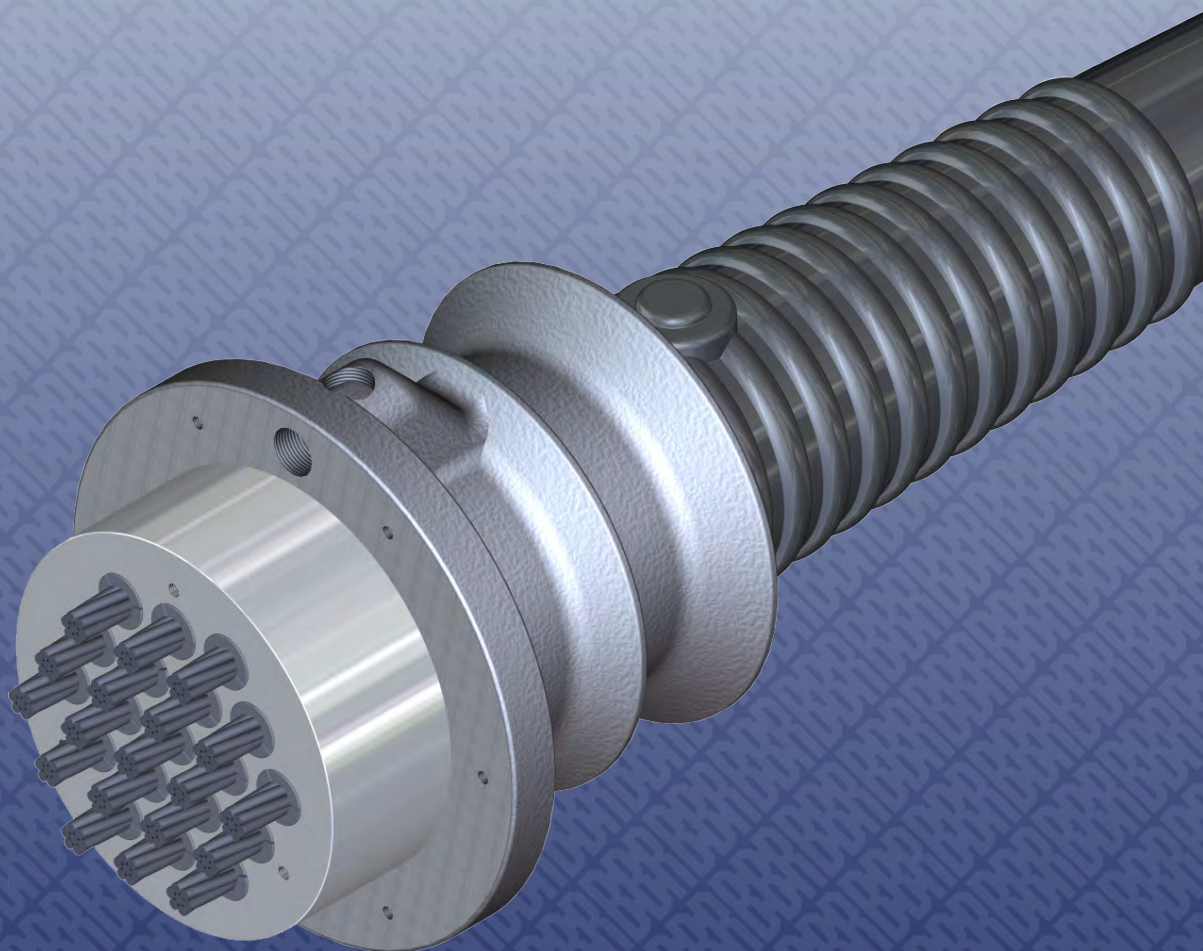


BBR VT CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System with 02 to 61 Strands



European Technical Approval
ETA – 09/0286





ETA-09/0286

BBR VT CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System with 02 to 61 Strands

BBR VT International Ltd

Ringstrasse 2, 8603 Schwerzenbach (Switzerland)

www.bbrnetwork.com

0432-CPD-11 9181-1.4/2

13

Responsible BBR PT Specialist Company



The delivery note accompanying components of the BBR VT CONA CMI BT Post-tensioning System will contain the CE marking.



Assembly and installation of BBR VT CONA CMI BT tendons must only be carried out by qualified BBR PT Specialist Companies. Find the local BBR PT Specialist Company by visiting the BBR Network website www.bbrnetwork.com.



European Organisation for Technical Approvals
Europäische Organisation für Technische Zulassungen
Organisation Européenne pour l'Agrément technique

ETAG 013

Guideline for European Technical Approval of Post-tensioning Kits for Prestressing of Structures

CWA 14646

Requirements for the installation of post-tensioning kits for prestressing of structures and qualification of the specialist company and its personnel



BBR E-Trace is the trading and quality assurance platform of the BBR Network linking the Holder of Approval, BBR VT International Ltd, BBR PT Specialist Companies and the BBR Manufacturing Plant. Along with the established BBR Factory Production Control, BBR E-Trace provides effective supply chain management including installation, delivery notes and highest quality standards, as well as full traceability of components.



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European technical approval

ETA-09/0286

English translation, the original version is in German

Handelsbezeichnung

Trade name

BBR VT CONA CMI BT – Internes Spannverfahren mit 02 bis 61 Litzen

BBR VT CONA CMI BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with 02 to 61 Strands

Zulassungsinhaber

Holder of approval

**BBR VT International Ltd.
Bahnstrasse 23
8603 Schwerzenbach (ZH)
Switzerland**

Zulassungsgegenstand und Verwendungszweck

Generic type and use of construction product

Litzen-Spannverfahren, intern, im Verbund und ohne Verbund, für das Vorspannen von Tragwerken

Post-tensioning kit for internal prestressing of structures with internal bonded and unbonded strands

Geltungsdauer vom

Validity from

bis zum

to

30.06.2013

29.06.2018

Herstellwerk

Manufacturing plant

**BBR VT International Ltd.
Bahnstrasse 23
8603 Schwerzenbach (ZH)
Switzerland**

Diese Europäische technische Zulassung umfasst

This European technical approval contains

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Diese Europäische technische Zulassung ersetzt

This European technical approval replaces

ETA-09/0286 mit Geltungsdauer vom 29.09.2010 bis zum 16.05.2015

ETA-09/0286 with validity from 29.09.2010 to 16.05.2015



European Organisation for Technical Approvals
Europäische Organisation für Technische Zulassungen
Organisation Européenne pour l'Agrément Technique

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I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
 1. Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products¹ – Construction Products Directive (CPD) –, amended by the Council Directive 93/68/EEC of 22 July 1993², and Regulation (EC) 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 September 2003³;
 2. *dem Salzburger Bauproduktengesetz, LGBl. Nr. 11/1995, in der Fassung LGBl. Nr. 47/1995, LGBl. Nr. 63/1995, LGBl. Nr. 123/1995, LGBl. Nr. 46/2001, LGBl. Nr. 73/2001, LGBl. Nr. 99/2001 und LGBl. Nr. 20/2010;*
the Salzburg Construction Product Regulation LGBl. № 11/1995, amended by LGBl. № 47/1995, LGBl. № 63/1995, LGBl. № 123/1995, LGBl. № 46/2001, LGBl. № 73/2001, LGBl. № 99/2001, and LGBl. № 20/2010;
 3. Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex of Commission Decision 94/23/EC⁴;
 4. Guideline for European technical approval of Post-Tensioning Kits for Prestressing of Structures, ETAG 013, Edition June 2002.
- 2 Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik is authorised to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
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- 6 The European technical approval is issued by the Approval Body in its official language. This version corresponds to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

¹ Official Journal of the European Communities № L 40, 11.02.1989, page 12

² Official Journal of the European Communities № L 220, 30.08.1993, page 1

³ Official Journal of the European Union № L 284, 31.10.2003, page 1

⁴ Official Journal of the European Communities № L 17, 20.01.1994, page 34

II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

1 Definition of product and intended use

1.1 Definition of product

The European technical approval⁵ (ETA) applies to a kit, the PT system

BBR VT CONA CMI BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with 02 to 61 Strands,

comprising the following components:

– Tendon

Internal tendons with 02 to 61 tensile elements.

– Tensile element

7-wire prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter and maximum characteristic tensile strength as given in Table 1.

Table 1: Tensile elements

Nominal diameter	Nominal cross-sectional area	Maximum characteristic tensile strength
mm	mm ²	MPa
15.3	140	1 860
15.7	150	

NOTE 1 MPa = 1 N/mm²

– Anchorage and coupler

Anchorage of the strands with ring wedges;

End anchorage

Fixed (passive) anchor or stressing (active) anchor as end anchorage for 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, 31, 37, 42, 43, 48, 55 and 61 strands;

Fixed or stressing coupler

Single plane coupler for 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, and 31 strands;

Sleeve coupler for 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, 31, 37, 42, 43, 48, 55 and 61 strands;

Movable coupler

Single plane coupler for 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, and 31 strands;

Sleeve coupler for 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, 31, 37, 42, 43, 48, 55 and 61 strands;

– Bearing trumplate for 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, 31, 37, 42, 43, 48, 55 and 61 strands;

⁵ The European technical approval ETA-09/0286 was firstly issued in 2010 with validity from 17.05.2010, amended in 2010 with validity from 29.09.2010 and extended in 2013 with validity from 30.06.2013 to 30.06.2013.

- Helix and additional reinforcement in the region of the anchorage;
- Corrosion protection for tensile elements, couplers and anchorages.

1.2 Intended use

The PT system is intended to be used for the prestressing of structures.

Use categories according to type of tendon and material of structure:

- Internal bonded tendon for normal weight concrete in concrete and composite structures
- Internal unbonded tendon for normal weight concrete in concrete and composite structures
- For special structures according to Eurocode 2, Eurocode 4 and Eurocode 6

Optional use categories:

- Restressable tendons
- Exchangeable tendons
- Tendon for cryogenic applications with anchorages not exposed to cryogenic conditions

The provisions made in the European technical approval are based on an assumed intended working life of the PT system of 100 years. The indications given on the working life of the PT system cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the manufacturer or the Approval Body, but are to be regarded only as a means for selecting the appropriate product in relation to the expected, economically reasonable working life of the construction works.

2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

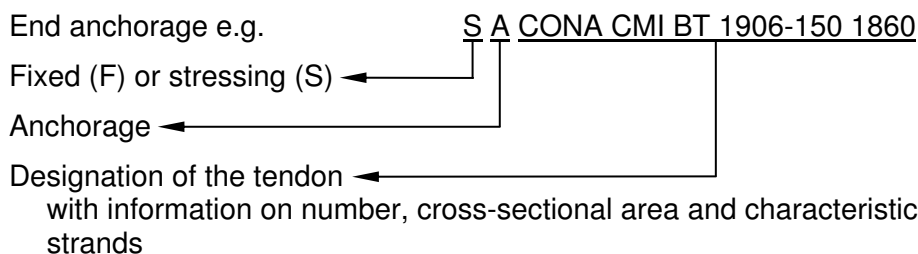
PT system

2.1 Designation and range of the anchorages and couplers

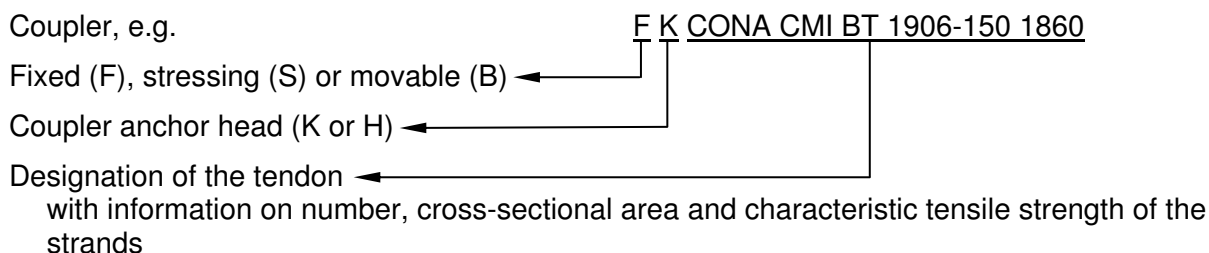
End anchorages can be used as fixed or stressing anchors. Couplers are fixed, stressing or movable. The principal dimensions of anchorages and couplers are given in the Annexes 2 to 6 and 20 to 27.

2.1.1 Designation

End anchorage e.g.



Coupler, e.g.



2.1.2 Anchorage

2.1.2.1 General

The anchor heads of the fixed and stressing anchorages are identical. A differentiation is needed for the construction works. The wedges of inaccessible fixed anchors shall be secured with springs and/or a wedge retaining plate. An alternative is pre-locking each individual strand with $\sim 0.5 \cdot F_{pk}$ and applying a wedge retaining plate.

Where

F_{pk} Characteristic value of maximum force of single strand

2.1.2.2 Restressable and exchangeable tendon

Significant to a restressable and exchangeable tendon is the excess length of the strands. The extent of the excess length depends on the jack used for restressing or releasing. The protrusions of the strands require a permanent corrosion protection and an adapted cap.

2.1.3 Fixed and stressing coupler

2.1.3.1 General

The prestressing force at the second construction stage may not be greater than that at the first construction stage, neither during construction, nor in the final state, nor due to any load combination.

2.1.3.2 Single plane coupler (FK, SK)

The coupling is achieved by means of a coupler anchor head K. The strands of the first construction stage are anchored by means of wedges in machined cones, drilled in parallel. The arrangement of the cones of the first construction stage is identical to that of the anchor heads of the fixed and stressing anchorages. The strands of the second construction stage are anchored in a circle around the cones of the first construction stage by means of wedges in machined cones, drilled at an inclination of 7 °. The wedges for the second construction stage are secured by means of holding springs and a cover plate.

2.1.3.3 Sleeve coupler (FH, SH)

The coupler anchor heads H are of the same basic geometry as the anchor heads of the fixed and stressing anchors. Compared to the anchor heads of the fixed and stressing anchors, the coupler anchor heads H are higher and provide an external thread for the coupler sleeve.

The connection between the coupler anchor heads H of the first and second construction stages is achieved by means of a coupler sleeve.

2.1.4 Movable coupler (BK, BH)

The movable coupler is either a single plane coupler or a sleeve coupler in a coupler sheathing made of steel or plastic. Length and position of the coupler sheathing shall be for the expected strain displacement, see Clause 4.3.

The coupler anchor heads and the coupler sleeves of the movable couplers are identical to the coupler anchor heads and the coupler sleeves of the fixed and stressing couplers.

A 100 mm long and at least 3.5 mm thick PE-HD insert shall be installed at the deviating point at the end of the trumpet. The insert is not required for plastic trumpets where the ducts are slipped over the plastic trumpet.

2.1.5 Layout of the anchorage recesses

All anchor heads have to be placed perpendicular to the axis of the tendon, see Annex 19.

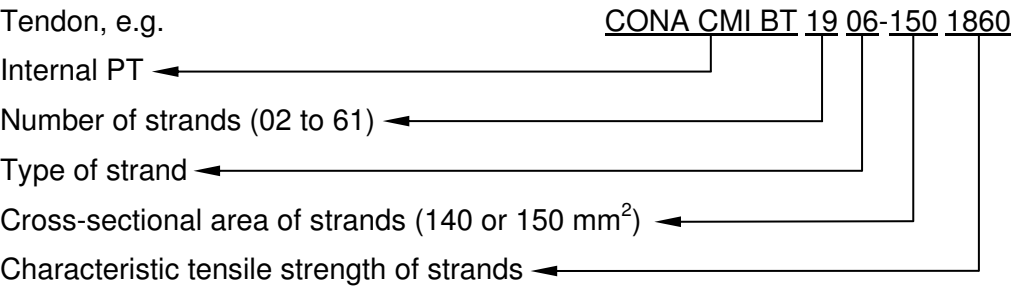
The dimensions of the anchorage recesses shall be adapted to the prestressing jacks used. The ETA holder shall save for reference information on the minimum dimensions of the anchorage

recesses. The formwork for the anchorage recesses should be slightly conical for ease of removal.

In case of internal anchorages fully embedded in concrete, the recesses shall be designed so as to permit a reinforced concrete cover with the required dimensions and in any case with a thickness of at least 20 mm. In case of exposed anchorages, concrete cover of the anchorage and bearing trumplate is not required. However, the exposed surface of the bearing trumplate and the cap shall be provided with a corrosion protection.

2.2 Designation and range of the tendons

2.2.1 Designation



The tendons comprise 02 to 61 tensile elements, 7-wire prestressing steel strands according to Annex 31.

2.2.2 Range

Prestressing and overstressing forces are given in the corresponding standards and regulations in force at the place of use. The maximum prestressing and overstressing forces are listed in Annex 18.

The tendons consist of 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, 31, 37, 42, 43, 48, 55 or 61 strands. By omitting strands in the anchorages and couplers in a radially symmetrically way, also tendons with numbers of strands lying between the numbers given above can be installed. Any unnecessary hole shall either remain undrilled or shall be provided with a short piece of strand and a wedge shall be inserted. For coupler anchor head K the cones of the outer pitch circle, second construction stage, may be equally redistributed if strands are omitted. However, the overall dimensions of the coupler anchor head K shall remain unchanged.

With regard to dimensions and reinforcement, anchorages and couplers with omitted strands shall remain unchanged compared to anchorages and couplers with a full number of strands.

2.2.2.1 CONA CMI BT n06-140

- 7-wire prestressing steel strand
 - Nominal diameter15.3 mm
 - Nominal cross-sectional area.....140 mm²
- Tendon ranges see Annex 7.

2.2.2.2 CONA CMI BT n06-150

- 7-wire prestressing steel strand
 - Nominal diameter15.7 mm
 - Nominal cross-sectional area.....150 mm²
- Tendon ranges see Annex 8.

2.3 Ducts

2.3.1 Use of ducts

For bonded tendons corrugated ducts, either in steel or plastic, shall be used.

For special application, such as loop tendons and unbonded tendons, smooth ducts can be used.

2.3.2 Degree of filling

The degree of filling, f , for round ducts shall generally be between 0.35 and 0.50. However, the smaller values of degree of filling, 0.35 to 0.40, shall be used for long tendons or if the tensile elements are installed after concreting. The minimum radius of curvature can be defined with the equation given in Clause 2.4. Typical degrees of filling, f , and corresponding minimum radii of curvature, R_{\min} , are given in Annexes 9 to 11. The degree of filling is defined as

$$f = \frac{\text{cross-sectional area of prestressing steel}}{\text{cross-sectional area of inner diameter of sheath}}$$

2.3.3 Round steel strip sheaths

Steel strip sheath in conformity with EN 523⁶ shall be used. For diameters exceeding EN 523 the requirements shall be met analogous. The degree of filling, f , shall be according to Clause 2.3.2 and the minimum radius of curvature to Clause 2.4.

Annexes 10 and 11 give internal duct diameters and minimum radii of curvature in which $p_{R, \max}$ has been set to 200 kN/m and 140 kN/m respectively. Smaller radii of curvature are acceptable according to the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

2.3.4 Flat corrugated steel ducts

For tendons with 2, 3, 4 and 5 strands flat ducts may be used, whereas EN 523 applies accordingly. Inner dimensions of the duct and the minimum radii of curvature are defined in Annex 9.

Annex 9 gives minor and major internal flat duct diameters and minimum radii of curvature, both minor and major, in which $p_{R, \max}$ has been set to 200 kN/m and 140 kN/m respectively. Smaller radii of curvature are acceptable according to the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

2.3.5 Pre-bent smooth round steel ducts

If permitted at the place of use, smooth steel ducts according to EN 10255, EN 10216-1, EN 10217-1, EN 10219-1 or EN 10305-5 can be used. The degree of filling, f , shall conform to Clause 2.3.2 and the minimum radius of curvature to Clause 2.4. The ducts shall be pre-bent and free of any kinks. The minimum wall thickness of the steel ducts shall meet the requirements of Annex 12.

2.3.6 Plastic sheaths

Corrugated plastic sheaths made of HDPE or PP conforming to ETAG 013, Annex C.3 shall be used. Alternatively smooth plastic ducts according to EN 12201-1 may be used if permitted at the place of use. The degree of filling, f , shall conform to Clause 2.3.2 and the minimum radius of curvature to Clause 2.4.

Annex 12 gives duct diameters, and minimum wall thicknesses for corrugated and smooth plastic ducts according to Clause 2.4. Other internal diameters, wall thicknesses or materials are acceptable according to the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

⁶ Standards and other documents referred to in the European technical approval are listed in Annex 32.

2.4 Minimum radii of curvature

The minimum radii of curvature, R_{\min} , given in Annexes 9 to 11 correspond to

- a prestressing force of the tendon of $0.85 \cdot F_{p0.1}$
- a nominal diameter of the strand of $d = 15.7 \text{ mm}$
- a pressure under the prestressing strands of $p_{R, \max} = 200 \text{ kN/m}$ and 140 kN/m
- a concrete compressive strength of $f_{cm, 0, \text{cube}} = 23 \text{ MPa}$.

In case of different tendon parameters or a different pressure under the prestressing strands, the calculation of the minimum radius of curvature of the tendon can be carried out using the equation

$$R_{\min} = \frac{2 \cdot F_{pm, 0} \cdot d}{d_i \cdot p_{R, \max}} \geq 2.0 \text{ m}$$

Where

R_{\min} m..... Minimum radius of curvature

$F_{pm, 0}$ kN..... Prestressing force of the tendon

d m..... Diameter of the prestressing steel

d_i m..... Inner duct diameter

$p_{R, \max}$ kN/m..... Pressure under the prestressing strands

For tendons with predominantly static loading, reduced minimum radii of curvature can be used. Recommended values for the pressure under the prestressing strands are

$p_{R, \max} = 140 - 200 \text{ kN/m}$ for internal bonded tendons

$p_{R, \max} = 800 \text{ kN/m}$ for smooth steel duct and predominantly static loading

In case of reduced minimum radius of curvature, the degree of filling, f , as defined in Clause 2.3.2, shall be between 0.25 and 0.30 to allow for proper tendon installation. Depending on the concrete strength at the time of stressing, additional reinforcement for splitting forces may be required in the areas of reduced minimum radius of curvature.

Standards and regulations on minimum radius of curvature or on the pressure under the prestressing strands in force at the place of use shall be observed.

2.5 Support of tendons

Spacing of supports is between 1.0 and 1.8 m. In the region of maximum tendon curvature a spacing of 0.8 m shall be applied and 0.6 m in case the minimum radius of curvature is smaller than 4.0 m. The tendons shall be systematically fixed in their position so that they are not displaced by placing and compacting of concrete.

2.6 Friction losses

For the calculation of loss of prestressing force due to friction Coulomb's law applies. The calculation of the friction losses is carried out using the equation

$$F_x = F_0 \cdot e^{-\mu \cdot (\alpha + k \cdot x)}$$

Where

F_x kN..... Prestressing force at a distance x along the tendon

F_0 kN..... Prestressing force at $x = 0 \text{ m}$

μ rad^{-1} Friction coefficient, see Table 2

α rad Sum of the angular displacements over distance x , irrespective of direction or sign

k rad/m Wobble coefficient, see Table 2

x m Distance along the tendon from the point where prestressing force is equal to F_0

NOTE 1 $1 \text{ rad} = 1 \text{ m/m} = 1$

NOTE 2 As far as acceptable at the place of use, due to special measures like oiling or for a tendon layout with only few deviations the friction coefficient can be reduced by 10 to 20 %. Compared to e.g. the use of prestressing steel or sheaths with a film of rust this value increases by more than 100 %.

Table 2: Friction parameters

Type of duct	Recommended values		Range of values	
	μ	k	μ	k
	rad^{-1}	rad/m	rad^{-1}	rad/m
Steel strip duct	0.18	0.005	0.17 – 0.19	0.004 – 0.007
Smooth steel duct	0.18		0.16 – 0.24	
Corrugated plastic duct	0.12		0.10 – 0.14	
Smooth plastic duct	0.12		0.10 – 0.14	

Table 3: Friction losses in anchorages

Tendon	Friction loss		
CONA CMI BT 0206 to 0406	ΔF_s	%	1.2
CONA CMI BT 0506 to 0906			1.1
CONA CMI BT 1206 to 3106			0.9
CONA CMI BT 3706 to 6106			0.8

Where

ΔF_s Friction loss in anchorages and first construction stage of stressing couplers. The loss shall be taken into account for determination of elongation and the prestressing force along the tendon.

2.7 Slip at anchorages and couplers

Slip at fixed and stressing anchorages and at fixed and stressing couplers, first and second construction stages, is 6 mm. Slip at movable couplers is twice this amount. At the stressing anchorage and at the first construction stage of the stressing couplers the slip is 4 mm, provided a prestressing jack with a wedging system and a wedging force of around 25 kN per strand is used.

2.8 Concrete strength at time of stressing

Concrete in conformity with EN 206-1 shall be used. At the time of stressing the mean concrete compressive strength, $f_{cm, 0}$, shall be at least the value given in Table 4. The concrete test specimen shall be subjected to the same curing conditions as the structure.

For partial prestressing with 30 % of the full prestressing force the actual mean value of the concrete compressive strength shall be at least $0.5 \cdot f_{cm, 0, \text{cube}}$ or $0.5 \cdot f_{cm, 0, \text{cylinder}}$. Intermediate values may be interpolated linearly according to EN 1992-1-1.

The helix, additional reinforcement, centre spacing and edge distance corresponding to the concrete compressive strengths shall be taken from Annexes 20 to 27, see also Clauses 2.11.6 and 4.2.3.

Table 4: Compressive strength of concrete

Mean concrete strength		$f_{cm, 0}$				
Cube strength, $f_{cm, 0, \text{cube}}$ 150 mm cube	MPa	23	28	34	38	43
Cylinder strength, $f_{cm, 0, \text{cylinder}}$ 150 mm cylinder diameter	MPa	19	23	28	31	35

2.9 Centre spacing and edge distance of anchorages

In general, spacing and distances shall not be less than the values given in Annexes 20 to 27.

However, a reduction of up to 15 % of the centre spacing of tendon anchorages in one direction is permitted, but should not be less than the outside diameter of the helix and the placing of additional reinforcement shall still be possible, see Annex 28. In this case the spacing in the perpendicular direction shall be increased by the same percentage. The corresponding edge distance is calculated by

$$a_e = \frac{a_c}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c$$

$$b_e = \frac{b_c}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c$$

Where

- a_cmmCentre spacing
- b_cmmCentre spacing in the direction perpendicular to a_c
- a_emmEdge distance
- b_emmEdge distance in the direction perpendicular to a_e
- cmmConcrete cover

Standards and regulations on concrete cover in force at the place of use shall be observed.

The minimum values for a_c , b_c , a_e and b_e are given in Annexes 20 to 27,

where

$f_{cm, 0, \text{cube } 150}$Mean concrete compressive strength at time of stressing in MPa, determined at cubes, 150 mm

$f_{cm, 0}$, cylinder \varnothing 150 Mean concrete compressive strength at time of stressing in MPa, determined at cylinders, diameter 150 mm

c Concrete cover in mm

Components

2.10 Strands

Only 7-wire prestressing steel strands with characteristics according to Table 5 shall be used, see also Annex 31.

Table 5: Prestressing steel strands

Maximum characteristic tensile strength ¹⁾	f_{pk}	MPa	1 860	
Nominal diameter	d	mm	15.3	15.7
Nominal cross-sectional area	A_p	mm ²	140	150
Mass of prestressing steel	m	kg/m	1.093	1.172

¹⁾ Prestressing steel strands with a characteristic tensile strength below 1 860 MPa may also be used.

In a single tendon only strands spun in the same direction shall be used.

2.11 Anchorages and couplers

The components of anchorages and couplers shall conform to the specifications given in Annexes 2 to 6 and the technical documentation⁷. Therein the component dimensions, materials and material identification data with tolerances are given.

2.11.1 Anchor heads

The anchor heads are made of steel and contain regularly arranged conical holes drilled in parallel to accommodate prestressing steel strands and wedges. The back exits of the bore holes are provided with bell mouth openings or plastic ring cushions. In addition, threaded bores may be provided to fix protection caps and wedge retaining plates.

At the back of the anchor head there may be a step, for ease of centring the anchor head on the bearing trumplate.

2.11.2 Bearing trumplates

The bearing trumplates made of cast iron transmit the force via three anchorage planes to the concrete. Air-vents are situated at the top and at the interface plane to the anchor head. A ventilation tube can be fitted to these air-vents. On the tendon-side end there is an inner thread to accommodate the trumpet.

2.11.3 Trumpets

The conical trumpets are made either in steel or in PE.

The trumpets manufactured in steel have a corrugated or plain surface. In case the transition from the trumpet to the duct is made in steel, a 100 mm long and at least 3.5 mm thick PE-HD insert shall be installed at the deviating point of the strands.

⁷ The technical documentation of the European technical approval is deposited at Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik and, in so far as is relevant to the tasks of the approved body involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved body.

The conical trumpets made of PE may have either a corrugated or a plain surface. At the duct-side end there is a radius for the deviation of the strands and a smooth surface, to ensure a good transition to the duct. The opposite end is connected to the bearing trumplate.

2.11.4 Coupler anchor heads K, H

The coupler anchor heads K for the single plane couplers are made of steel and provide in the inner part, for anchorage of the strands of the first construction stage, the same arrangement of holes as the anchor head for the stressing or fixed anchors. In the outer pitch circle there is an arrangement of holes with an inclination of 7° to accommodate the strands of the second construction stage. Wedge retaining plates and cover plates are fixed by means of additional threaded bores.

The coupler anchor heads H for the sleeve coupler are made of steel and have the same basic geometry as the anchor heads of the stressing or fixed anchors. Compared to the anchor heads of the fixed and stressing anchors, the coupler anchor heads H are higher and provide an external thread for the coupler sleeve. At the back of the coupler anchor heads K and H there is a step for ease of centring the coupler anchor head on the bearing trumplate.

The coupler sleeve is a steel tube with an inner thread and is provided with ventilation holes.

Ring cushions shall be inserted in coupler anchor head H2.

2.11.5 Ring wedges

The ring wedges are in three pieces, which are held together by spring rings. Two types of ring wedges are used. Within one anchorage or coupler only one type of ring wedge shall be used.

The wedges of inaccessible fixed anchors shall be secured with springs and/or a wedge retaining plate. An alternative is pre-locking each individual strand with $\sim 0.5 \cdot F_{pk}$ and applying a wedge retaining plate as per Clause 2.1.2.1.

2.11.6 Helix and additional reinforcement

The helix and the additional reinforcement are made of ribbed reinforcing steel. The end of the helix on the anchorage side is welded to the following turn. The helix shall be placed in the tendon axis. The dimensions of the helix and the additional reinforcement shall conform to the values specified in Annexes 20 to 27, see also Clause 4.2.3.

If required for a specific project design, the reinforcement given in Annexes 20 to 27 may be modified in accordance with the respective regulations in force at the place of use as well as with the relevant approval of the local authorities and of the ETA holder to provided equivalent performance.

2.11.7 Protection caps

Protection caps are made of steel or plastic. They are provided with air vents and fixed with screws or threaded rods.

2.11.8 Material properties

Information on the materials used for the components are given in Annex 15.

2.12 Permanent corrosion protection

To protect the tendons from corrosion, the ducts, couplers and anchorages have to be completely filled with grout according to EN 447, special grout according to ETAG 013, grease according ETAG 013, Annex C.4.1, wax according to ETAG 013, Annex C.4.2 or circulating dry air as applicable at the place of use.

Alternative grease or wax may be used if according to the standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

With exposed anchorages, not fully embedded in concrete, an adequate corrosion protection for the exposed parts shall be applied.

2.13 Dangerous substances

The release of dangerous substances is determined according to ETAG 013, Clause 5.3.1. The PT system conforms to the provisions of Guidance Paper H⁸ relating to dangerous substances.

A declaration in this respect has been made by the manufacturer.

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances in the European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the product falling within their scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements also need to be complied with, when and where they apply.

2.14 Methods of verification

The assessment of the fitness of the "BBR VT CONA CMI BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with 02 to 61 Strands" for its intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability in the sense of Essential Requirement 1 of the Council Directive 89/106/EEC has been made in conformity to the Guideline for European technical approvals of "Post-Tensioning Kits for Prestressing of Structures", ETAG 013, Edition June 2002.

2.15 Identification

The European technical approval for the "BBR VT CONA CMI BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with 02 to 61 Strands" is issued on the basis of agreed data, deposited at Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the BBR VT CONA CMI BT Post-tensioning System that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the manufacturing process of the BBR VT CONA CMI BT Post-tensioning System, which could result in this deposited data being incorrect, should be notified to Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the European technical approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the European technical approval and, if so, whether further assessment or alterations to the European technical approval are considered necessary.

3 Evaluation of conformity and CE marking

3.1 Attestation of conformity system

The system of attestation of conformity assigned by the European Commission to this product in accordance with the Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988, Annex III, Section 2, Clause i), referred to as System 1+, provides for

Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of

(a) Tasks for the manufacturer

(1) Factory production control;

⁸ Guidance Paper H: A harmonised approach relating to dangerous substances under the Construction Products Directive, Rev. September 2002.

- (2) Further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed test plan⁹;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body
 - (3) Initial type-testing of the product;
 - (4) Initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
 - (5) Continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of the factory production control;
 - (6) Audit testing of samples taken at the factory.

3.2 Responsibilities

3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer – factory production control

At the manufacturing plant, the manufacturer shall implement and continuously maintain a factory production control system. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented systematically in the form of written operating and processing instructions. The factory production control system shall ensure that the product is in conformity with the European technical approval.

Within the framework of factory production control, the manufacturer shall carry out tests and controls in accordance with the prescribed test plan and in accordance with the European technical approval. Details of the extent, nature and frequency of testing and controls to be performed within the framework of the factory production control shall correspond to the prescribed test plan, which forms part of the technical documentation of the European technical approval.

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated. The records shall include at a minimum the following information.

- Designation of the products and the basic materials;
- Type of check or testing;
- Date of manufacture of the products and date of testing of the products or basic materials or components;
- Results of check and testing and, if appropriate, comparison with requirements;
- Name and signature of the person responsible for the factory production control.

The records of factory production control shall be submitted to the approved body and shall be filed for at least 10 years time. On request, the records shall be presented to Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik.

If test results are unsatisfactory, the manufacturer shall immediately implement measures to eliminate the defects. Construction products or components which are not in conformity with the requirements shall be removed. After elimination of the defects, the respective test – if verification is required for technical reasons – shall be repeated immediately.

The basic elements of the prescribed test plan, see Annex 16, conform to ETAG 013, Annex E.1 and are specified in the quality management plan of the "BBR VT CONA CMI BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with 02 to 61 Strands".

⁹ The prescribed test plan has been deposited at Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik and is handed over only to the approved body involved in the conformity attestation procedure. The prescribed test plan is also referred to as control plan.

3.2.2 Tasks of the approved body

3.2.2.1 Initial type-testing of the products

For initial type-testing the results of the tests performed as part of the assessment for the European technical approval may be used unless there are changes in the manufacturing procedure or factory plant. In such cases, the necessary initial type-testing shall be agreed between Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik and the approved body involved.

3.2.2.2 Initial inspection of factory and of factory production control

The approved body shall ascertain that, in accordance with the prescribed test plan, the manufacturing plant, in particular personnel and equipment, and the factory production control are suitable to ensure a continuous orderly manufacturing of the PT system according to the specifications given in Section II as well as in the Annexes of the European technical approval.

3.2.2.3 Continuous surveillance

The kit manufacturer shall be inspected at least once a year. Each component manufacturer of the components listed in Annex 17 shall be inspected at least once every five years. It shall be verified that the system of factory production control and the specified manufacturing process are maintained, taking account of the prescribed test plan.

The results of product certification and continuous surveillance shall be made available on demand by the approved body to Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik. If the provisions of the European technical approval and the prescribed test plan are no longer fulfilled, the certificate of conformity shall be withdrawn and Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik informed immediately.

3.2.2.4 Audit testing of samples taken at the factory

During surveillance inspection, the approved body shall take samples at the factory of components of the PT system or of individual components, for which the European technical approval has been granted, for independent testing. For the most important components Annex 17 summarises the minimum procedures that shall be implemented by the approved body.

3.3 CE marking

The delivery note of the components of the PT system shall contain the CE marking. The symbol "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the certification body and shall be accompanied by the following information.

- Name or identification mark and address of the manufacturer
- The last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed
- Number of the European technical approval
- Number of the certificate of conformity
- Product identification (trade name)

4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

4.1 Manufacturing

"BBR VT CONA CMI BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with 02 to 61 Strands" is manufactured in accordance with the provisions of the European technical approval. Composition and manufacturing process are deposited at Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik.

4.2 Design

4.2.1 General

Design of the structure shall permit correct installation and stressing of the tendons. The reinforcement in the anchorage zone shall permit correct placing and compacting of concrete.

4.2.2 Anchorage recess

The dimensions of the anchorage recesses are to be adapted to the prestressing jacks used. The ETA holder shall save for reference information on the minimum dimensions of the anchorage recesses and appropriate clearance behind the anchorage.

In case of anchorages fully embedded in concrete, the recesses shall be designed so as to permit a reinforced concrete cover with the required dimensions and in any case with a thickness of at least 20 mm.

In case of exposed anchorages concrete cover of the anchorage and bearing trumplate is not required. However, the exposed surface of the bearing trumplate and the cap shall be provided with a corrosion protection.

4.2.3 Reinforcement in the anchorage zone

Verification of the transfer of the prestressing forces to the structural concrete is not required if the centre spacing and edge distance of the anchorages as well as grade and dimensions of additional reinforcement, see Annexes 20 to 27, are conformed to. In the case of grouped anchorages the additional reinforcement of the individual anchorages can be combined, provided appropriate anchorage is ensured. However, the number, cross section and position with respect to the bearing trumplates shall remain unchanged.

The reinforcement of the structure shall not be employed as additional reinforcement. Reinforcement exceeding the required reinforcement of the structure may be used as additional reinforcement, if appropriate placing is possible.

The forces outside the area of the additional reinforcement shall be verified and, if necessary, dealt with by appropriate reinforcement.

If required for a specific project design, the reinforcement given in Annexes 20 to 27 may be modified in accordance with the respective regulations in force at the place of use as well as with the relevant approval of the local authority and of the ETA holder to provide equivalent performance.

4.2.4 Fatigue resistance

Fatigue resistance of the tendons has been tested with an upper force of $0.65 \cdot F_{pk}$ and a stress range of 80 MPa up to $2 \cdot 10^6$ load cycles.

4.2.5 Tendons in masonry structures – load transfer to the structure

Load transfer of prestressing force from the anchorages to masonry structures shall be via concrete or steel members designed according to the European technical approval, especially according to Clauses 2.8, 2.9, 2.11.6 and 4.2.3, or Eurocode 3, respectively.

The concrete or steel members supporting the anchorages shall have dimensions that permit a force of $1.1 \cdot F_{pk}$ to be transferred to the masonry. The verification shall be performed according to Eurocode 6 as well as to the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

4.2.6 Maximum prestressing force

Annex 18 lists the maximum prestressing and overstressing forces.

4.3 Installation

Assembly and installation of tendons shall only be carried out by qualified PT specialist companies with the required resources and experience in the use of multi-strand internal post-tensioning systems, see ETAG 013, Annex D.1 and CWA 14646. The respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use shall be considered. The company's PT site manager shall have a certificate, stating that she or he has been trained by the ETA holder and that she or he possesses the necessary qualifications and experience with the "BBR VT CONA CMI BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with 02 to 61 Strands".

The tendons may be manufactured on site or in the factory (prefabricated tendons).

To avoid confusion on each site only strands with one nominal diameter shall be used.

Bearing trumplate, anchor head and coupler anchor head shall be placed perpendicular to the tendon's axis.

Couplers shall be situated in a straight tendon section.

At the anchorages and couplers the tendon layout shall provide a straight section over a length of at least 250 mm beyond the end of the trumpet.

Before placing the concrete a final check of the installed tendons has to be carried out.

In the case of the single plane coupler K the prestressing steel strands shall be provided with markers to be able to check the depth of engagement.

In the case of a movable coupler it shall be ensured by means of the corresponding position and length of the coupler sheath, that in the area of the coupler sheath and corresponding trumpet area a displacement of the movable coupler of at least $1.15 \cdot \Delta l + 30 \text{ mm}$ is possible without any hindrance, where Δl is the maximum expected displacement of the coupler at stressing.

4.4 Stressing operation

With a mean concrete compressive strength in the anchorage zone according to the values laid down in Annexes 20 to 27 full prestressing may be applied.

Stressing and, if applicable, wedging shall be carried out using a suitable prestressing jack. The wedging force shall correspond to approximately 25 kN per wedge.

After realising the prestressing force from the prestressing jack, the tendon length reduces by the amount of slip at the anchor head.

Elongation and prestressing forces shall be checked continuously during the stressing operation. The results of the prestressing operation shall be recorded and the measured elongations shall be compared with the prior calculated values.

Information on the prestressing equipment has been submitted to Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik. The ETA holder shall save for reference information on the prestressing jacks and the appropriate clearance behind the anchorage.

The safety-at-work and health protection regulations shall be complied with.

4.5 Restressing

Restressing of tendons in combination with release and reuse of wedges is permitted, whereby the wedges shall bite into at least 15 mm of virgin strand surface and no wedge bites shall remain inside the final length of the tendon between anchorages.

For tendons remaining restressable throughout the working life of the structure, wax or grease shall be used as filling material or circulating dry air shall be used as corrosion protection.

Moreover, a strand protrusion at the stressing anchor has to remain with a length compatible with the prestressing jack used.

4.6 Exchanging tendons

Exchange of tendons is permitted.

The specifications for the exchangeable tendons shall be defined during the design phase.

Exchangeable tendons are unbonded.

For exchangeable tendons, wax or grease shall be used as filling material or circulating dry air shall be used as corrosion protection. Moreover, a strand protrusion has to remain at the stressing anchor with a length allowing safe release of the complete prestressing force.

Stressing and fixed anchorages shall be accessible and adequate space has to be provided behind the anchorages.

4.7 Filling material

4.7.1 General

Filling operations shall be executed according to the standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

4.7.2 Grout

Grout shall be injected through the inlet holes until it escapes from the outlet tubes with the same consistency. To avoid voids in the hardened grout special measures shall be applied for long tendons, tendon paths with distinct high points or inclined tendons. All vents and grouting inlets shall be sealed immediately after grouting. In case of couplers K, the second stage holes, wedges and springs shall be checked for cleanness before and immediately after grouting the first construction stage. The standards to be observed for cement grouting in prestressing ducts are EN 445, EN 446 and EN 447 or the standards and regulations in force at the place of use shall be applied for ready mixed grout.

4.7.3 Grease and wax

The specifications in ETAG 013, Annex C.4 and the recommendations of the supplier are relevant for grease and wax.

The filling process with grease and wax shall follow a similar procedure as the one specified for the filling with grout. However, a different filling procedure might be possible if permitted at the place of use.

4.7.4 Circulating dry air

Actively circulating dry air allows for corrosion protection of the tendons, provided a permanent monitoring of the drying and circulation system is in place. This is in general only applicable to structures of particular importance. The respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use shall be observed.

4.7.5 Recordings

The results of the filling operation shall be recorded. The respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use shall be observed.

4.8 Welding

Ducts may be welded.

The helix may be welded to the bearing trumplate to secure its position.

After installation of the strands further welding may not be carried out on the tendons. In case of welding operations near tendons precautionary measures are required to avoid damage.

5 Recommendations for the manufacturer

5.1 Recommendations for packing, transport and storage

During transport of prefabricated tendons a minimum diameter of curvature of

- 1.65 m for tendons up to CONA CMI BT 1206,
- 1.80 m for tendons up to CONA CMI BT 3106,
- 2.00 m for tendons larger than CONA CMI BT 3106, shall be observed.

The ETA holder shall have instructions related to

- Temporary protection of prestressing steels and components in order to prevent corrosion during transportation from the production site to the job site;
- Transportation, storage and handling of the tensile elements and of other components in order to avoid any mechanical, chemical or electrochemical changes;
- Protection of tensile elements and other components from moisture;
- Keeping tensile elements away from areas where welding operations are performed.

5.2 Recommendations on installation

The manufacturer's installation instructions shall be followed, see ETAG 013, Annex D.3. The respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use shall be observed. For the installation see also Annexes 29 and 30.

5.3 Accompanying information

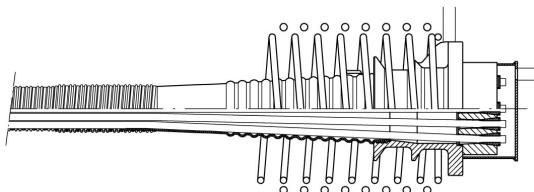
It is the responsibility of the ETA holder to ensure that all necessary information on design and installation is submitted to those responsible for design and execution of the structures executed with "BBR VT CONA CMI BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with 02 to 61 Strands".

On behalf of Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik

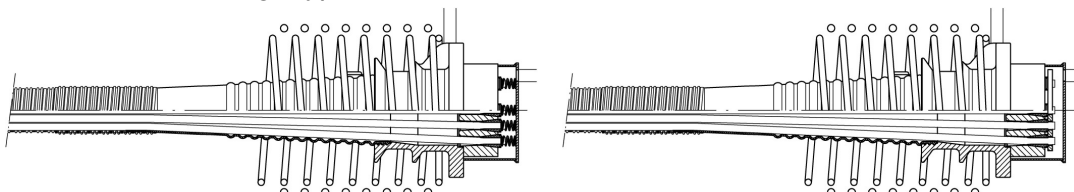
The original document is signed by:

Rainer Mikulits
Managing Director

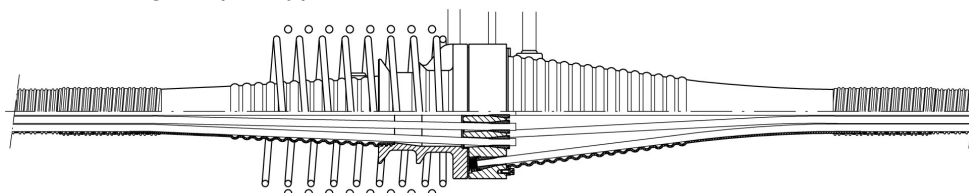
Stressing anchorage type SA, accessible fixed anchorage type FA



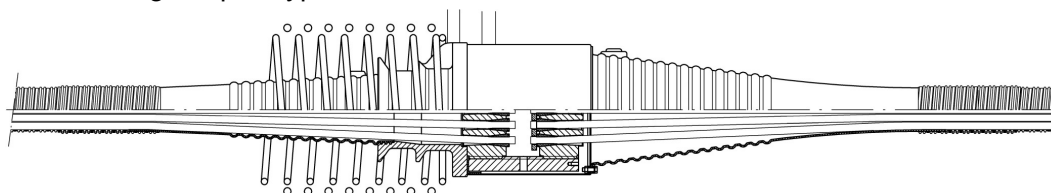
Inaccessible fixed anchorage type FA



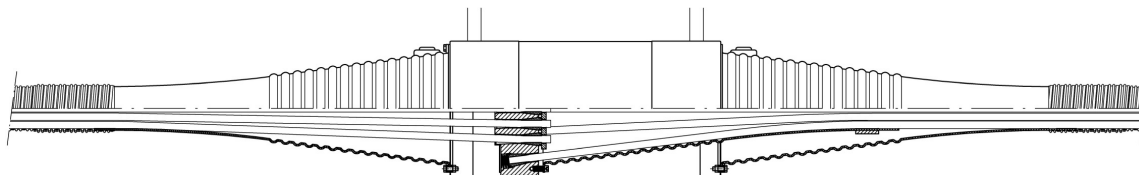
Fixed and stressing coupler type FK, SK



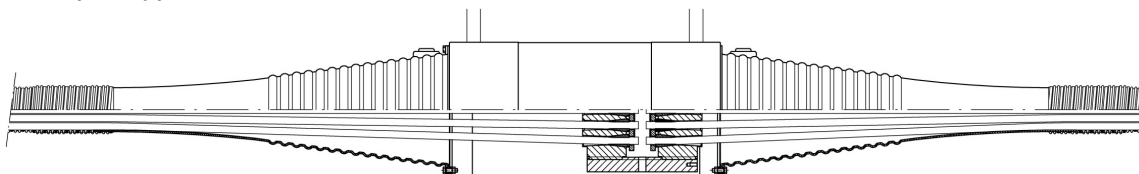
Fixed and stressing coupler type FH, SH



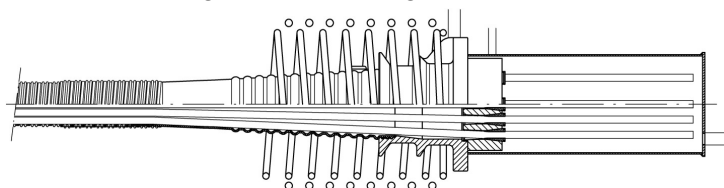
Movable coupler type BK

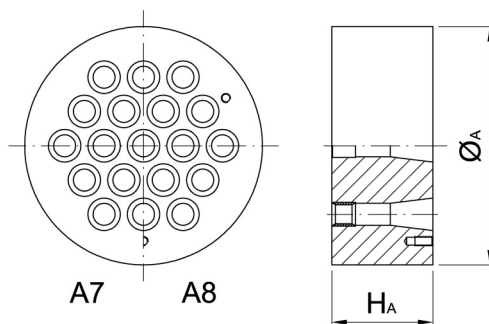
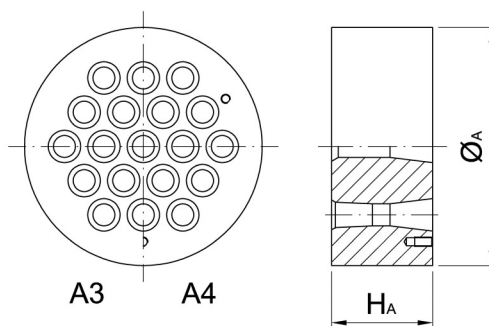
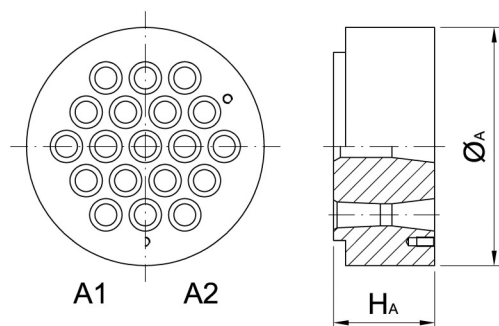


Movable coupler type BH



Restressable / exchangeable anchorage





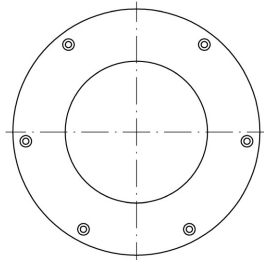
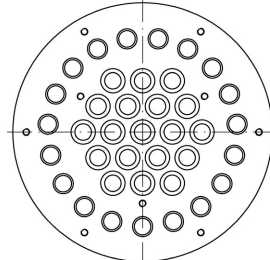
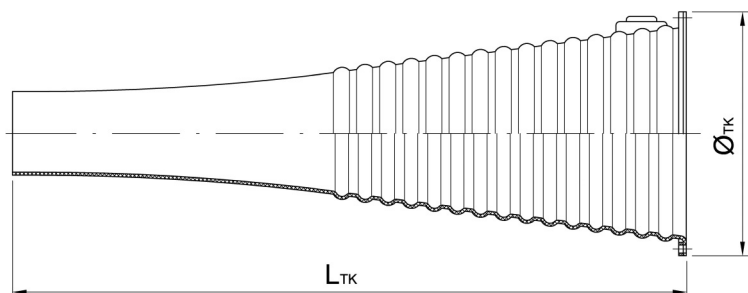
Number of strands			02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	12	13	15	16
Anchor head														
Nominal diameter	Ø _A	mm	90	100	100	130	130	130	150	160	160	180	200	200
Height head A1-A4	H _A	mm	50	50	50	50	55	55	60	60	65	72	75	80
Height head A5-A8		mm	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	70	72	75	80

Number of strands			19	22	24	25	27	31	37	42	43	48	55	61
Anchor head														
Nominal diameter	\varnothing_A	mm	200	225	240	255	255	255	285	300	320	325	335	365
Height head A1-A4	H_A	mm	85	95	100	100	105	110	—	—	—	—	—	—
Height head A5-A8		mm	85	95	100	100	105	110	120	130	130	140	150	155




Internal Post-tensioning System

Annex 2
of European technical approval
ETA-09/0286

Cover plate			Coupler head K								
											
Trumpet type K											
Number of strands			02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	12
Coupler head K											
Diameter	Ø_K	mm	185	185	185	205	205	205	240	240	240
Height	H_K	mm	85	85	85	85	85	85	90	90	90
Cover plate											
Diameter	Ø_D	mm	182	182	182	202	202	202	240	240	240
Thickness	D_D	mm	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Trumpet type K											
Diameter	Ø_TK	mm	185	185	185	203	203	203	240	240	240
Length	L_TK	mm	470	470	470	640	640	640	845	845	730

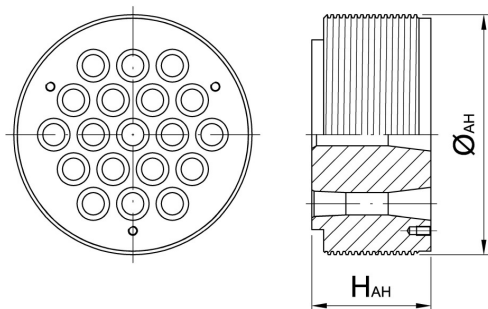
Number of strands			13	15	16	19	22	24	25	27	31
Coupler head K											
Diameter	Ø_K	mm	290	290	290	290	310	340	390	390	390
Height	H_K	mm	90	90	95	95	105	120	125	125	130
Cover plate											
Diameter	Ø_D	mm	276	276	276	276	306	336	380	380	380
Thickness	D_D	mm	3	3	3	3	5	5	5	5	5
Trumpet type K											
Diameter	Ø_TK	mm	275	275	275	275	305	330	375	375	375
Length	L_TK	mm	890	890	890	775	840	1 090	1 265	1 265	1 150


CONA CMI BT

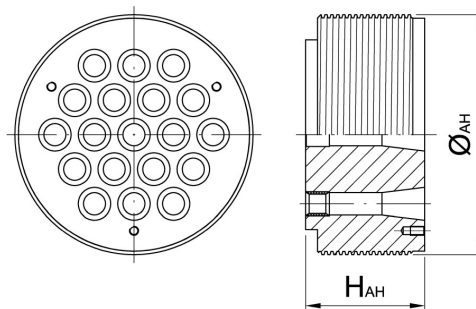
Internal Post-tensioning System
Couplers K and trumpets type K

Annex 3
of European technical approval
ETA-09/0286

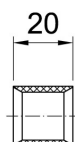
Coupler anchor head H1



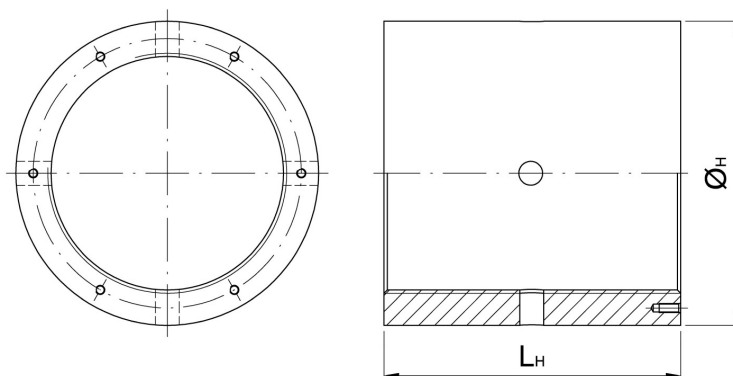
Coupler anchor head H2



Ring cushion
Coupler head H2



Coupler sleeve H



Dimensions in mm

Number of strands			02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	12	13	15	16
Coupler anchor heads H1 and H2														
Nominal diameter	Ø _{AH}	mm	90	95	100	130	130	130	150	160	160	180	200	200
Height head H1	H _{AH}	mm	50	50	55	55	60	65	65	70	80	80	80	85
Height head H2		mm	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	70	80	80	80	85
Coupler sleeve H														
Minimum diameter	Ø _H	mm	111	121	130	160	164	167	189	200	210	230	256	256
Length sleeve	L _H	mm	180	180	180	180	190	200	200	210	230	230	240	250

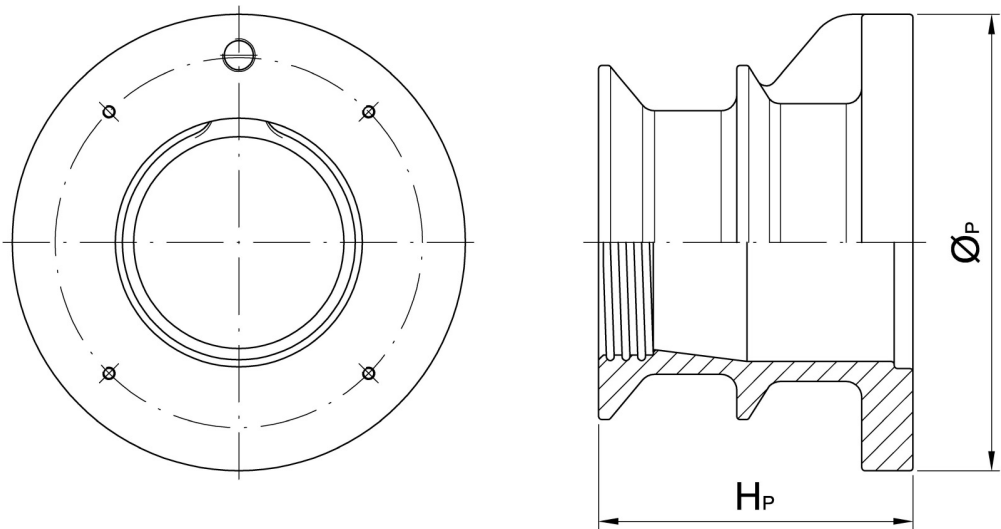
Number of strands			19	22	24	25	27	31	37	42	43	48	55	61
Coupler anchor heads H1 and H2														
Nominal diameter	Ø _{AH}	mm	200	225	240	255	255	255	285	300	320	325	335	365
Height head H1	H _{AH}	mm	95	100	100	100	105	115	—	—	—	—	—	—
Height head H2		mm	95	100	100	100	105	115	125	135	135	145	160	160
Coupler sleeve H														
Minimum diameter	Ø _H	mm	266	293	309	324	327	335	370	392	410	422	440	472
Length sleeve	L _H	mm	270	270	280	280	300	320	340	360	360	380	410	410



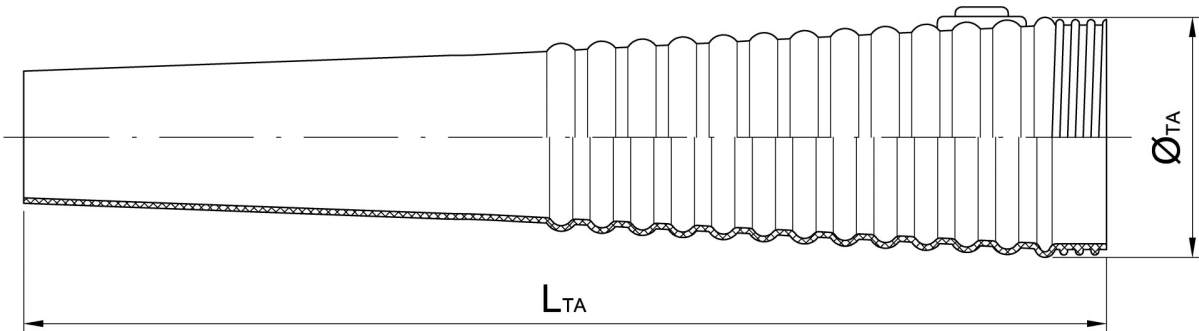
Internal Post-tensioning System
H couplers

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Bearing trumplate



Trumpet type A



Number of strands			02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	12	13	15	16
Bearing trumplate														
Diameter	Ø _P	mm	130	130	130	170	170	170	195	225	225	240	280	280
Height	H _P	mm	120	120	120	128	128	128	133	150	150	160	195	195
Trumpet type A														
Diameter	Ø _{TA}	mm	72	72	72	88	88	88	127	127	127	153	153	153
Length	L _{TA}	mm	200	200	200	328	328	328	623	623	508	694	694	694

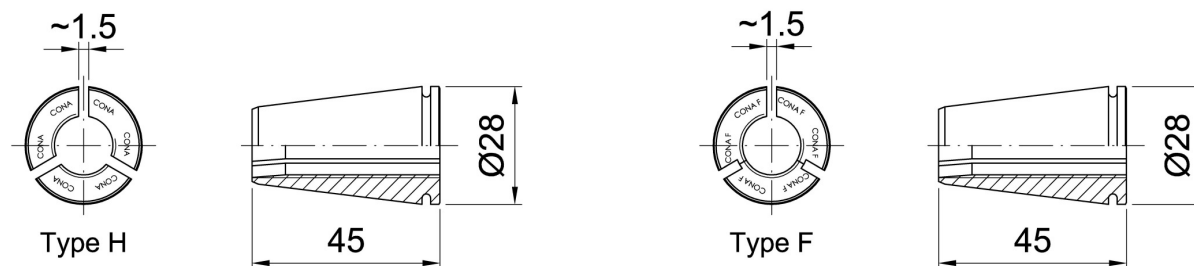
Number of strands			19	22	24	25	27	31	37	42	43	48	55	61
Bearing trumplate														
Diameter	Ø _P	mm	280	310	325	360	360	360	400	425	485	485	485	520
Height	H _P	mm	195	206	227	250	250	250	275	290	340	340	340	350
Trumpet type A														
Diameter	Ø _{TA}	mm	153	170	191	191	191	191	219	229	254	254	254	278
Length	L _{TA}	mm	579	715	871	871	871	756	1 060	1 060	1 244	1 244	1 244	1 290



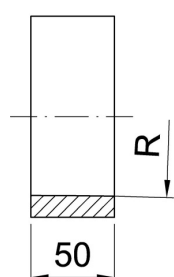
Internal Post-tensioning System
 Bearing trumplates and trumpets type A

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 of European technical approval
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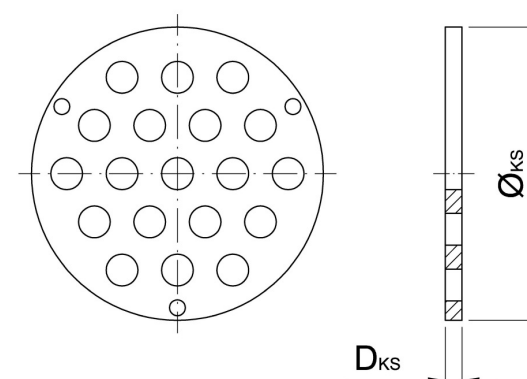
Wedges



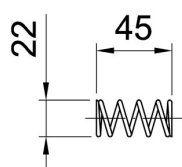
Tension ring



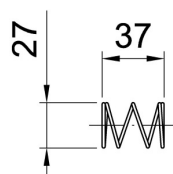
Wedge retaining plate KS



Spring A



Spring K



Dimensions in mm

Number of strands			02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	12	13	15	16
Wedge retaining plate KS														
Diameter	Ø _{KS}	mm	65	73	75	103	103	103	130	145	145	145	175	175
Thickness	D _{KS}	mm	5	5	5	5	5	5	8	8	8	10	10	10

Number of strands			19	22	24	25	27	31	37	42	43	48	55	61
Wedge retaining plate KS														
Diameter	Ø _{KS}	mm	175	182	210	210	210	210	240	275	275	275	310	310
Thickness	D _{KS}	mm	10	10	10	10	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	12



Internal Post-tensioning System
 Wedges and accessories

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CONA CMI BT n06-140

Number of strands	Nominal cross-sectional area of prestressing steel	Nominal mass of prestressing steel	Characteristic value of maximum force of tendon	
			$f_{pk} = 1\,770\text{ MPa}$	$f_{pk} = 1\,860\text{ MPa}$
n	A_p	M	F_{pk}	F_{pk}
—	mm ²	kg/m	kN	kN
02	280	2.2	496	520
03	420	3.3	744	780
04	560	4.4	992	1 040
05	700	5.5	1 240	1 300
06	840	6.6	1 488	1 560
07	980	7.7	1 736	1 820
08	1 120	8.7	1 984	2 080
09	1 260	9.8	2 232	2 340
12	1 680	13.1	2 976	3 120
13	1 820	14.2	3 224	3 380
15	2 100	16.4	3 720	3 900
16	2 240	17.5	3 968	4 160
19	2 660	20.8	4 712	4 940
22	3 080	24.0	5 456	5 720
24	3 360	26.2	5 952	6 240
25	3 500	27.3	6 200	6 500
27	3 780	29.5	6 696	7 020
31	4 340	33.9	7 688	8 060
37	5 180	40.4	9 176	9 620
42	5 880	45.9	10 416	10 920
43	6 020	47.0	10 664	11 180
48	6 720	52.5	11 904	12 480
55	7 700	60.1	13 640	14 300
61	8 540	66.7	15 128	15 860



Internal Post-tensioning System
 Tendon ranges for CONA CMI BT n06-140

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CONA CMI BT n06-150

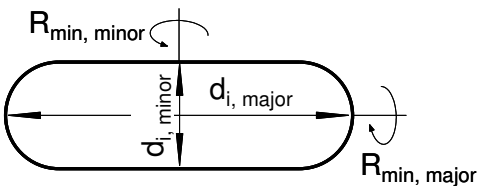
Number of strands	Nominal cross-sectional area of prestressing steel	Nominal mass of prestressing steel	Characteristic value of maximum force of tendon	
			$f_{pk} = 1\,770\text{ MPa}$	$f_{pk} = 1\,860\text{ MPa}$
n	A_p	M	F_{pk}	F_{pk}
—	mm ²	kg/m	kN	kN
02	300	2.3	532	558
03	450	3.5	798	837
04	600	4.7	1 064	1 116
05	750	5.9	1 330	1 395
06	900	7.0	1 596	1 674
07	1 050	8.2	1 862	1 953
08	1 200	9.4	2 128	2 232
09	1 350	10.5	2 394	2 511
12	1 800	14.1	3 192	3 348
13	1 950	15.2	3 458	3 627
15	2 250	17.6	3 990	4 185
16	2 400	18.8	4 256	4 464
19	2 850	22.3	5 054	5 301
22	3 300	25.8	5 852	6 138
24	3 600	28.1	6 384	6 696
25	3 750	29.3	6 650	6 975
27	4 050	31.6	7 182	7 533
31	4 650	36.3	8 246	8 649
37	5 550	43.4	9 842	10 323
42	6 300	49.2	11 172	11 718
43	6 450	50.4	11 438	11 997
48	7 200	56.3	12 768	13 392
55	8 250	64.5	14 630	15 345
61	9 150	71.5	16 226	17 019



CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System
 Tendon ranges for CONA CMI BT n06-150

Annex 8
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Inner dimensions, d_i , of flat duct and minimum radius of curvature, R_{min} , for $p_{R, \text{max}} = 200 \text{ kN/m}$

Number of strands	Inner dimensions		Radius of curvature	
	$d_{i, \text{major}}$	$d_{i, \text{minor}}$	$R_{\text{min, major}}$	$R_{\text{min, minor}}$
—	mm	mm	m	m
02	40	20	2.0	2.1
03	55	20	2.0	3.1
04	70	20	2.0	4.2
05	85	20	2.0	5.2

Inner dimensions, d_i , of flat duct and minimum radius of curvature, R_{min} , for $p_{R, \text{max}} = 140 \text{ kN/m}$

Number of strands	Inner dimensions		Radius of curvature	
	$d_{i, \text{major}}$	$d_{i, \text{minor}}$	$R_{\text{min, major}}$	$R_{\text{min, minor}}$
—	mm	mm	m	m
02	40	20	2.0	3.0
03	55	20	2.0	4.5
04	70	20	2.0	6.0
05	85	20	2.0	7.5

**Inner diameter of round duct, d_i , and minimum radius of curvature, R_{min} , for
 $p_{R, max} = 200 \text{ kN/m}$**

Number of strands	$f \approx 0.35$		$f \approx 0.40$		$f \approx 0.45$		$f \approx 0.50$	
n	d_i	R_{min}	d_i	R_{min}	d_i	R_{min}	d_i	R_{min}
—	mm	m	mm	m	mm	m	mm	m
02	35	2.0	—	—	—	—	—	—
03	40	2.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
04	45	2.9	45	2.9	—	—	—	—
05	50	3.3	50	3.3	—	—	—	—
06	55	3.6	55	3.6	—	—	—	—
07	60	3.8	60	3.8	—	—	—	—
08	65	4.0	60	4.4	60	4.4	—	—
09	70	4.2	65	4.5	60	4.9	60	4.9
12	80	4.9	75	5.3	70	5.6	70	5.6
13	85	5.0	80	5.3	75	5.7	70	6.1
15	90	5.5	85	5.8	80	6.2	75	6.6
16	95	5.5	85	6.2	80	6.6	80	6.6
19	100	6.2	95	6.6	90	6.9	85	7.3
22	110	6.6	100	7.2	95	7.6	90	8.0
24	115	6.9	105	7.5	100	7.9	95	8.3
25	115	7.1	110	7.5	105	7.8	100	8.2
27	120	7.4	115	7.7	105	8.4	100	8.9
31	130	7.8	120	8.5	115	8.8	110	9.3
37	140	8.7	135	9.0	125	9.7	120	10.1
42	150	9.2	140	9.8	135	10.2	125	11.0
43	155	9.1	145	9.7	135	10.5	130	11.0
48	160	9.8	150	10.5	145	10.9	135	11.7
55	175	10.3	160	11.3	155	11.6	145	12.5
61	180	11.1	170	11.8	160	12.5	155	12.9



Internal Post-tensioning System
 Minimum radius of curvature of round duct for
 $p_{R, max} = 200 \text{ kN/m}$

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**Inner diameter of round duct, d_i , and minimum radius of curvature, R_{min} , for
 $p_{R, max} = 140 \text{ kN/m}$**

Number of strands	$f \approx 0.35$		$f \approx 0.40$		$f \approx 0.45$		$f \approx 0.50$	
n	d_i	R_{min}	d_i	R_{min}	d_i	R_{min}	d_i	R_{min}
—	mm	m	mm	m	mm	m	mm	m
02	35	2.7	—	—	—	—	—	—
03	40	3.5	—	—	—	—	—	—
04	45	4.2	45	4.2	—	—	—	—
05	50	4.7	50	4.7	—	—	—	—
06	55	5.1	55	5.1	—	—	—	—
07	60	5.5	60	5.5	—	—	—	—
08	65	5.8	60	6.3	60	6.3	—	—
09	70	6.0	65	6.5	60	7.0	60	7.0
12	80	7.0	75	7.5	70	8.0	70	8.0
13	85	7.2	80	7.6	75	8.1	70	8.7
15	90	7.8	85	8.3	80	8.8	75	9.4
16	95	7.9	85	8.8	80	9.4	80	9.4
19	100	8.9	95	9.4	90	9.9	85	10.5
22	110	9.4	100	10.3	95	10.9	90	11.5
24	115	9.8	105	10.7	100	11.3	95	11.8
25	115	10.2	110	10.7	105	11.2	100	11.7
27	120	10.6	115	11.0	105	12.1	100	12.7
31	130	11.2	120	12.1	115	12.6	110	13.2
37	140	12.4	135	12.9	125	13.9	120	14.5
42	150	13.1	140	14.1	135	14.6	125	15.8
43	155	13.0	145	13.9	135	14.9	130	15.5
48	160	14.1	150	15.0	145	15.5	135	16.7
55	175	14.7	160	16.1	155	16.6	145	17.8
61	180	15.9	170	16.8	160	17.9	155	18.5



Internal Post-tensioning System
 Minimum radius of curvature of round duct for
 $p_{R, max} = 140 \text{ kN/m}$

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Steel ducts, minimum wall thickness, t_{\min}

Number of strands	Wall thickness
n	t_{\min}
—	mm
02 – 13	1.5
15 – 25	2.0
27 – 37	2.5
42 – 61	3.0

Plastic ducts, minimum wall thickness, t_{\min}

Number of strands	Corrugated plastic ducts up to $p_{R, \max} = 200 \text{ kN/m}$		Smooth plastic ducts up to $p_{R, \max} = 350 \text{ kN/m}$		
	Internal diameter	Wall thickness	Outer diameter ¹⁾	Internal diameter	Wall thickness
n	d_i	t_{\min}	d_o	d_i	t_{\min}
—	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
02 – 04	50	2.0	63	57.0	3.0
05 – 07	60	2.0	75	67.8	3.6
08 – 09	75	2.5	90	81.4	4.3
10 – 12	75	2.5	90	81.4	4.3
13 – 15	85	2.5	110	99.4	5.3
16 – 19	100	3.0	125	113.0	6.0
20 – 22	100	3.0	125	113.0	6.0
23 – 24	115	3.5	140	126.6	6.7
25 – 27	115	3.5	140	126.6	6.7
28 – 31	130	4.0	160	144.6	7.7
32 – 37	130	4.0	160	144.6	7.7
38 – 43	145	4.5	180	162.8	8.6
44 – 48	145	4.5	180	162.8	8.6
49 – 55	150	5.0	200	180.8	9.6
56 – 61	160	5.5	225	203.4	10.8

¹⁾ Not to be applied adjacent to the trumpet at the anchorage or coupler.

Minimum centre spacing of tendon anchorages

Tendon		Minimum centre spacing $a_c = b_c$				
$f_{cm, 0, \text{cube}, 150}$	MPa	23	28	34	38	43
$f_{cm, 0, \text{cylinder}, \varnothing 150}$	MPa	19	23	28	31	35
CONA CMI BT 0206	mm	210	210	210	210	205
CONA CMI BT 0306	mm	210	210	210	210	205
CONA CMI BT 0406	mm	235	215	210	210	205
CONA CMI BT 0506	mm	265	250	250	250	250
CONA CMI BT 0606	mm	290	265	250	250	250
CONA CMI BT 0706	mm	310	285	260	255	255
CONA CMI BT 0806	mm	330	305	280	275	275
CONA CMI BT 0906	mm	350	320	310	310	310
CONA CMI BT 1206	mm	405	370	340	325	310
CONA CMI BT 1306	mm	425	390	355	340	325
CONA CMI BT 1506	mm	455	415	380	365	365
CONA CMI BT 1606	mm	470	430	390	375	365
CONA CMI BT 1906	mm	510	465	425	410	390
CONA CMI BT 2206	mm	550	500	460	440	420
CONA CMI BT 2406	mm	575	525	480	460	435
CONA CMI BT 2506	mm	590	535	485	465	450
CONA CMI BT 2706	mm	610	555	505	485	460
CONA CMI BT 3106	mm	650	595	545	520	495
CONA CMI BT 3706	mm	—	680	680	680	680
CONA CMI BT 4206	mm	—	735	735	735	735
CONA CMI BT 4306	mm	—	755	755	755	755
CONA CMI BT 4806	mm	—	805	805	805	805
CONA CMI BT 5506	mm	—	875	875	875	875
CONA CMI BT 6106	mm	—	940	940	940	940



CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System
 Minimum centre spacing

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Minimum edge distance of tendon anchorages

Tendon		Minimum centre spacing $a_c = b_c$				
$f_{cm, 0, \text{cube}, 150}$	MPa	23	28	34	38	43
$f_{cm, 0, \text{cylinder}, \varnothing 150}$	MPa	19	23	28	31	35
CONA CMI BT 0206	mm	95 + c	95 + c	95 + c	95 + c	95 + c
CONA CMI BT 0306	mm	95 + c	95 + c	95 + c	95 + c	95 + c
CONA CMI BT 0406	mm	110 + c	100 + c	95 + c	95 + c	95 + c
CONA CMI BT 0506	mm	125 + c	115 + c	115 + c	115 + c	115 + c
CONA CMI BT 0606	mm	135 + c	125 + c	115 + c	115 + c	115 + c
CONA CMI BT 0706	mm	145 + c	135 + c	120 + c	120 + c	120 + c
CONA CMI BT 0806	mm	155 + c	145 + c	130 + c	130 + c	130 + c
CONA CMI BT 0906	mm	165 + c	150 + c	145 + c	145 + c	145 + c
CONA CMI BT 1206	mm	195 + c	175 + c	160 + c	155 + c	145 + c
CONA CMI BT 1306	mm	205 + c	185 + c	170 + c	160 + c	155 + c
CONA CMI BT 1506	mm	220 + c	200 + c	180 + c	175 + c	175 + c
CONA CMI BT 1606	mm	225 + c	205 + c	185 + c	180 + c	175 + c
CONA CMI BT 1906	mm	245 + c	225 + c	205 + c	195 + c	185 + c
CONA CMI BT 2206	mm	265 + c	240 + c	220 + c	210 + c	200 + c
CONA CMI BT 2406	mm	280 + c	255 + c	230 + c	220 + c	210 + c
CONA CMI BT 2506	mm	285 + c	260 + c	235 + c	225 + c	215 + c
CONA CMI BT 2706	mm	295 + c	270 + c	245 + c	235 + c	220 + c
CONA CMI BT 3106	mm	315 + c	290 + c	265 + c	250 + c	240 + c
CONA CMI BT 3706	mm	—	330 + c	330 + c	330 + c	330 + c
CONA CMI BT 4206	mm	—	360 + c	360 + c	360 + c	360 + c
CONA CMI BT 4306	mm	—	370 + c	370 + c	370 + c	370 + c
CONA CMI BT 4806	mm	—	395 + c	395 + c	395 + c	395 + c
CONA CMI BT 5506	mm	—	430 + c	430 + c	430 + c	430 + c
CONA CMI BT 6106	mm	—	460 + c	460 + c	460 + c	460 + c

c Concrete cover in mm



CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System
 Minimum edge distance

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Material characteristics

Component	Standard / Specification
Anchor head A CONA CMI BT 0206 to 6106	EN 10083-1 EN 10083-2
Coupler anchor head K CONA CMI BT 0206 to 3106	EN 10083-1 EN 10083-2
Coupler anchor head H CONA CMI BT 0206 to 6106	EN 10083-1 EN 10083-2
Bearing trumplate CONA CMI BT 0206 to 6106	EN 1561 EN 1563
Coupler sleeve H CONA CMI BT 0206 to 6106	EN 10210-1
Wedge retaining plate, cover plate KS CONA CMI BT 0206 to 6106	EN 10025-2
Trumpet Type A, Type K	EN ISO 1872-1
Tension ring B	EN 10210-1
Ring wedge – Type H Ring wedge – Type F	EN 10277-2 EN 10084
Spring Type A, Type K	EN 10270-1
Helix	Ribbed reinforcing steel $R_e \geq 500 \text{ MPa}$
Additional reinforcement (stirrups)	Ribbed reinforcing steel $R_e \geq 500 \text{ MPa}$
Sheaths	EN 523 ETAG 013, Annex C.3



CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System
 Material characteristics

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Contents of the prescribed test plan

Component	Item	Test / Check	Traceability	Minimum frequency	Documentation
Bearing trumplate	Material	Check	Full	100 %	"3.1" ¹⁾
	Detailed dimensions	Test		3 % ≥ 2 specimens	Yes
	Visual inspection ³⁾	Check		100 %	No
Anchor head and coupler anchor head	Material	Check	Full	100 %	"3.1" ¹⁾
	Detailed dimensions ²⁾	Test		5 % ≥ 2 specimens	Yes
	Visual inspection ^{3), 4)}	Check		100 %	No
Ring wedge	Material	Check	Full	100 %	"3.1" ¹⁾
	Treatment, hardness ^{5), 6)}	Test		0.5 % ≥ 2 specimens	Yes
	Detailed dimensions ²⁾	Test		5 % ≥ 2 specimens	Yes
	Visual inspection ^{3), 7)}	Check		100 %	No
Coupler sleeve	Material	Check	Full	100 %	"3.1" ¹⁾
	Detailed dimensions	Test		5 % ≥ 2 specimens	Yes
	Visual inspection ³⁾	Check		100 %	No
Steel strip sheath	Material	Check	"CE"	100 %	"CE"
	Visual inspection ³⁾	Check		100 %	No
Steel duct	Material	Check	Bulk	100 %	"2.2" ⁸⁾
	Visual inspection ³⁾	Check		100 %	No
Strand	Material	Check	Full	100 %	"CE" ⁹⁾
	Diameter	Test		Each coil	No
	Visual inspection ³⁾	Check		Each coil	No
Constituents of filling material as per EN 447	Cement	Check	Full	100 %	"CE" ¹⁰⁾
	Admixtures, additions	Check	Bulk	100 %	"CE" ¹⁰⁾
Plastic duct, ETAG 013, Annex C.3	Material	Check	Full	100 %	"CE" ¹⁰⁾

¹⁾ "3.1": Inspection certificate type "3.1" according to EN 10204

²⁾ Other dimensions than ⁴⁾

³⁾ Visual inspections include e.g.: Main dimensions, gauge testing, correct marking or labelling, appropriate performance, surface, fins, kinks, smoothness, corrosion, coating etc., as detailed in the prescribed test plan.

⁴⁾ Dimensions: All conical bores of the anchor heads and coupler anchor heads regarding angle, diameter and surface condition, thread dimensions of all anchor heads and coupler anchor heads.

⁵⁾ Geometrical properties

⁶⁾ Surface hardness

⁷⁾ Teeth, cone surface

⁸⁾ "2.2": Test report "2.2" according to EN 10204

⁹⁾ If the basis for CE marking of prestressing steel is not available, an approval or certificate according to the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use shall accompany each delivery.

¹⁰⁾ If the basis for CE marking of constituents of filling materials and of plastic ducts is not available, an approval or certificate according to the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use shall accompany each delivery.

Full: Full traceability of each component to its raw materials.

Bulk: Traceability of each delivery of components to a defined point.



Internal Post-tensioning System
 Contents of the prescribed test plan

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Audit testing

Component	Item	Test / Check	Sampling ²⁾ – Number of components per visit
Anchor head, Coupler anchor head, Bearing trumplate	Material according to specification	Test / Check	1
	Detailed dimensions	Test	
	Visual inspection ¹⁾	Check	
Ring wedge	Material according to specification	Test / Check	2
	Treatment	Test	2
	Detailed dimensions	Test	1
	Main dimensions, surface hardness and surface finish	Test	5
	Visual inspection ¹⁾	Check	5
Coupler sleeve	Material according to specification	Test / Check	1
	Detailed dimensions	Test	
	Visual inspection ¹⁾	Check	
Single tensile element test	Single tensile element test according to ETAG 013, Annex E.3	Test	1 series

¹⁾ Visual inspection means, e.g.: main dimensions, gauge testing, correct marking or labelling, appropriate performance, surface, fins, kinks, smoothness, corrosion protection, corrosion, coating etc., as given in the prescribed test plan.

²⁾ All samples shall be randomly selected and clearly identified.



CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System
 Audit testing

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Maximum prestressing and overstressing forces

		Maximum prestressing force ¹⁾ 0.9 · F _{p0.1}				Maximum overstressing force ^{1), 2)} 0.95 · F _{p0.1}			
Designation		CONA CMI BT							
		n06-140		n06-150		n06-140		n06-150	
Characteristic tensile strength	MPa	1 770	1 860	1 770	1 860	1 770	1 860	1 770	1 860
—	—	kN	kN	kN	kN	kN	kN	kN	kN
n Number of strands	02	392	412	421	443	414	435	445	467
	03	589	618	632	664	621	653	667	701
	04	785	824	842	886	828	870	889	935
	05	981	1 031	1 053	1 107	1 036	1 088	1 112	1 169
	06	1 177	1 237	1 264	1 328	1 243	1 305	1 334	1 402
	07	1 373	1 443	1 474	1 550	1 450	1 523	1 556	1 636
	08	1 570	1 649	1 685	1 771	1 657	1 740	1 778	1 870
	09	1 766	1 855	1 895	1 993	1 864	1 958	2 001	2 103
	12	2 354	2 473	2 527	2 657	2 485	2 611	2 668	2 804
	13	2 551	2 679	2 738	2 878	2 692	2 828	2 890	3 038
	15	2 943	3 092	3 159	3 321	3 107	3 263	3 335	3 506
	16	3 139	3 298	3 370	3 542	3 314	3 481	3 557	3 739
	19	3 728	3 916	4 001	4 207	3 935	4 133	4 224	4 440
	22	4 316	4 534	4 633	4 871	4 556	4 786	4 891	5 141
	24	4 709	4 946	5 054	5 314	4 970	5 221	5 335	5 609
	25	4 905	5 153	5 265	5 535	5 178	5 439	5 558	5 843
	27	5 297	5 565	5 686	5 978	5 592	5 874	6 002	6 310
	31	6 082	6 389	6 529	6 863	6 420	6 744	6 891	7 245
	37	7 259	7 626	7 792	8 192	7 663	8 049	8 225	8 647
	42	8 240	8 656	8 845	9 299	8 698	9 137	9 337	9 815
	43	8 437	8 862	9 056	9 520	8 905	9 355	9 559	10 049
	48	9 418	9 893	10 109	10 627	9 941	10 442	10 670	11 218
	55	10 791	11 336	11 583	12 177	11 391	11 965	12 227	12 854
	61	11 968	12 572	12 847	13 505	12 633	13 271	13 560	14 256

¹⁾ The given values are maximum values according to EN 1992-1-1. The actual values shall be taken from the standards and regulations in force at the place of use. Conformity with the stabilisation and crack width criteria in the load transfer test has been verified to a load level of $0.80 \cdot F_{pk}$.

²⁾ Overstressing is permitted if the force in the prestressing jack can be measured to an accuracy of $\pm 5\%$ of the final value of the prestressing force.

Where

F_{pk} Characteristic value of maximum force of tendon

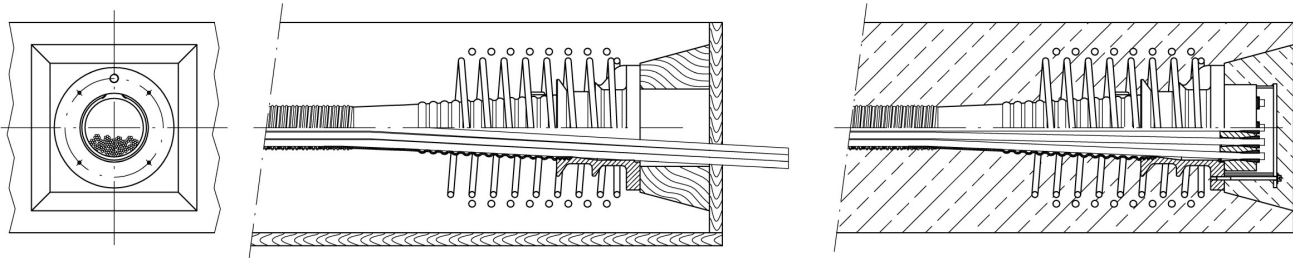
$F_{p0.1}$... Characteristic value of 0.1% proof force of the tendon



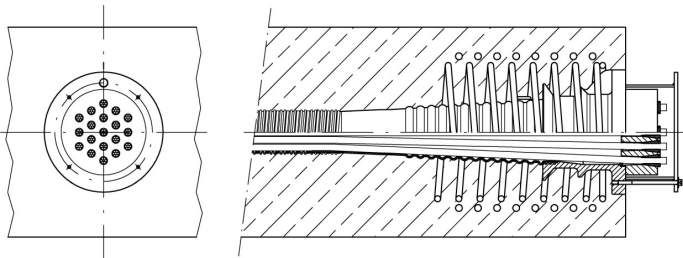
Internal Post-tensioning System
 Maximum prestressing and overstressing forces

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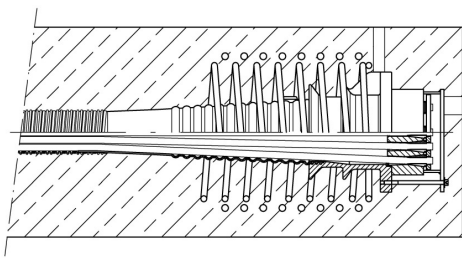
Recessed stressing anchorage type SA



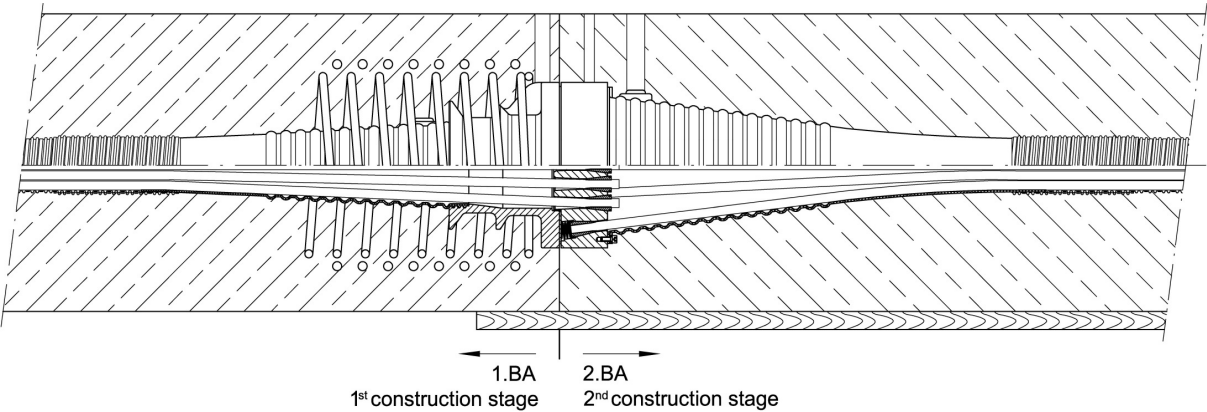
Exposed stressing anchorage type SA



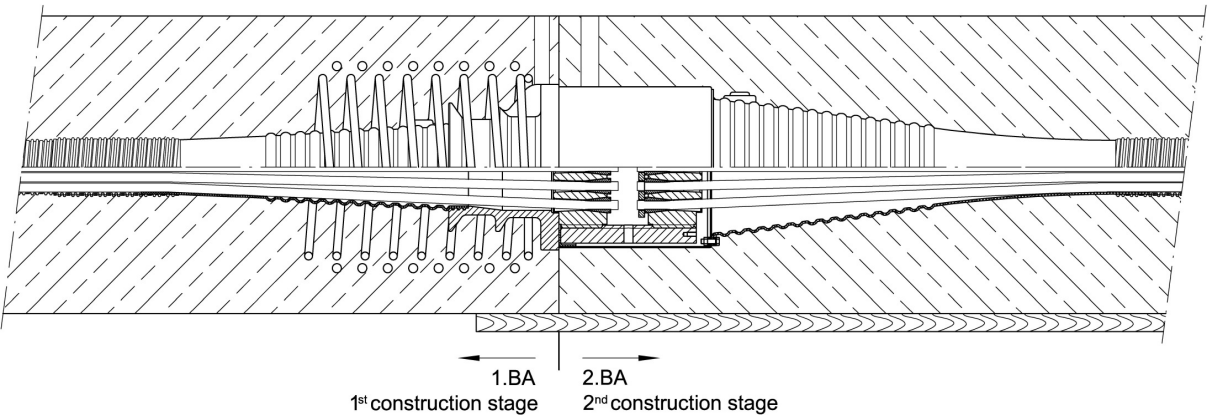
Fixed anchorage type FA



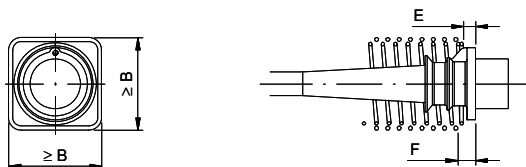
Fixed and stressing coupler type FK, SK



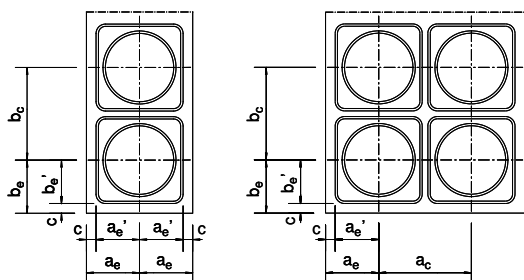
Fixed and stressing coupler type FH, SH



Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler






Centre spacing and edge distance



$$a_e = a_e' + c$$

$$b_e = b_e' + c$$

BBR VT CONA CMI BT			0206						0306						0406					
Strand arrangement																				
7-wire prestressing steel strand																				
Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1860 MPa ¹⁾																				
Tendon																				
Cross-sectional area			A _p		mm ²		300			450			600							
Char. value of maximum force			F _{pk}		kN		558			837			1 116							
Char. value of 0.1% proof force			F _{p0.1}		kN		492			738			984							
Maximum prestressing force			0.90 · F _{p0.1}		kN		443			664			886							
Maximum oversteressing force			0.95 · F _{p0.1}		kN		467			701			935							
Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance																				
Minimum concrete strength																				
Cube			f _{cm, 0, cube, 150}		MPa		23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43				
Cylinder			f _{cm, 0, cylinder, Ø 150}		MPa		19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35				
Helix																				
Outer diameter			mm		160	160	160	160	155	160	160	160	160	155	180	160	160	155		
Bar diameter			mm		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		
Length approximately			mm		185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185	185		
Pitch			mm		45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45		
Number of pitches			—		5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5			
Distance			E mm		15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15			
Additional reinforcement																				
Number of stirrups			mm		3	3	3	3	3	4	3	4	4	3	3	3	4	3		
Bar diameter			mm		8	8	8	8	8	8	10	8	8	10	12	12	10	12		
Spacing			mm		55	55	55	55	55	45	55	45	45	55	60	55	45	55		
Distance from anchor plate			F mm		30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30		
Minimum outer dimensions			B × B mm		190	190	190	190	190	190	190	190	190	190	220	200	190	190		
Centre spacing and edge distance																				
Minimum centre spacing			a _c , b _c		mm		210	210	210	210	205	210	210	210	205	235	215	210	205	
Minimum edge distance			a _e ¹⁾ , b _e ¹⁾		mm		95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	110	100	95	95	

c Concrete cover

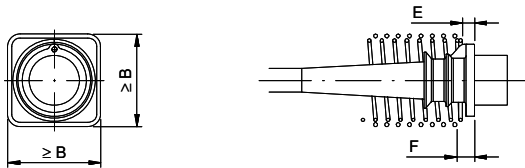
¹⁾ Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1860 MPa may also be used.



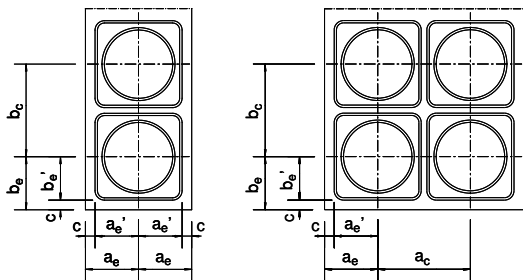
Internal Post-tensioning System
Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional
reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance

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Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler



Centre spacing and edge distance



$$a_e = a_e' + c$$

$$b_e = b_e' + c$$

BBR VT CONA CMI BT			0506					0606					0706				
Strand arrangement																	
7-wire prestressing steel strand																	
Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1 860 MPa ¹⁾																	
Tendon																	
Cross-sectional area	A _p	mm²	750					900					1 050				
Char. value of maximum force	F _{pk}	kN	1 395					1 674					1 953				
Char. value of 0.1% proof force	F _{p0.1}	kN	1 230					1 476					1 722				
Maximum prestressing force	0.90 · F _{p0.1}	kN	1 107					1 328					1 550				
Maximum overstressing force	0.95 · F _{p0.1}	kN	1 169					1 402					1 636				
Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance																	
Minimum concrete strength																	
Cube	f _{cm, 0, cube, 150}	MPa	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43
Cylinder	f _{cm, 0, cylinder, Ø 150}	MPa	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35
Helix																	
Outer diameter	mm	200	195	195	195	195	200	200	195	195	195	230	200	200	200	200	
Bar diameter	mm	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	
Length approximately	mm	230	205	205	245	230	253	230	205	245	230	254	256	231	231	231	
Pitch	mm	45	50	50	60	50	45	50	50	60	50	45	50	50	50	50	
Number of pitches	—	6	5	5	5	5	6	5	5	5	5	6	6	5	5	5	
Distance	E mm	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	
Additional reinforcement																	
Number of stirrups	mm	4	4	4	3	4	5	4	5	3	4	5	4	4	4	4	
Bar diameter ²⁾	mm	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	14	14	12	14	14	
Spacing	mm	55	50	50	65	50	50	55	45	65	50	55	60	55	55	55	
Distance from anchor plate	F mm	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	
Minimum outer dimensions	B × B mm	250	230	230	230	230	270	250	230	230	230	290	270	240	240	240	
Centre spacing and edge distance																	
Minimum centre spacing	a _c , b _c	mm	265	250	250	250	250	290	265	250	250	250	310	285	260	255	255
Minimum edge distance	a _e ¹ , b _e ¹	mm	125	115	115	115	115	135	125	115	115	115	145	135	120	120	120

c Concrete cover

¹⁾ Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1860 MPa may also be used.

²⁾ Bar diameter of 14 mm can be replaced by 16 mm.



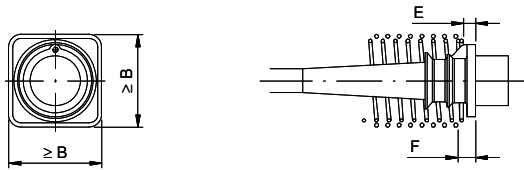
CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System

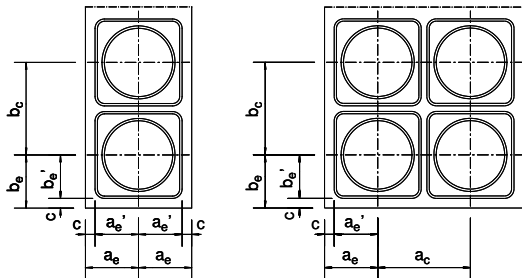
Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional
reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance

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of European technical approval
ETA-09/0286

Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler


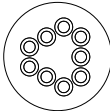
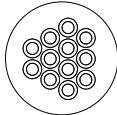


Centre spacing and edge distance



$$a_e = a_e' + c$$

$$b_e = b_e' + c$$

BBR VT CONA CMI BT			0806					0906					1206				
Strand arrangement																	
7-wire prestressing steel strand																	
Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1860 MPa ¹⁾																	
Tendon																	
Cross-sectional area	A _p	mm²	1200					1350					1800				
Char. value of maximum force	F _{pk}	kN	2232					2511					3348				
Char. value of 0.1% proof force	F _{p0.1}	kN	1968					2214					2952				
Maximum prestressing force	0.90 · F _{p0.1}	kN	1771					1993					2657				
Maximum overstressing force	0.95 · F _{p0.1}	kN	1870					2103					2804				
Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance																	
Minimum concrete strength																	
Cube	f _{cm, 0, cube, 150}	MPa	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43
Cylinder	f _{cm, 0, cylinder, Ø 150}	MPa	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35
Helix																	
Outer diameter	mm	270	230	225	220	220	280	260	255	250	250	330	280	275	260	250	
Bar diameter ²⁾	mm	14	12	12	12	12	14	12	12	12	12	14	14	14	14	14	
Length approximately	mm	282	256	231	256	256	282	281	281	281	281	332	332	332	332	282	
Pitch	mm	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
Number of pitches	—	6	6	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	6	
Distance	E mm	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	
Additional reinforcement																	
Number of stirrups	mm	4	6	5	4	5	5	5	5	4	5	7	6	5	5	6	
Bar diameter ²⁾	mm	12	12	12	14	14	12	14	12	14	14	12	14	16	16	14	
Spacing	mm	70	45	50	55	50	60	55	55	65	55	60	55	70	70	50	
Distance from anchor plate	F mm	33	33	33	33	33	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	
Minimum outer dimensions	B × B mm	310	290	260	260	260	330	300	290	290	290	390	350	320	310	290	
Centre spacing and edge distance																	
Minimum centre spacing	a _c , b _c	mm	330	305	280	275	275	350	320	310	310	310	405	370	340	325	310
Minimum edge distance	a _e *, b _e *	mm	155	145	130	130	130	165	150	145	145	145	195	175	160	155	145

c..... Concrete cover

¹⁾..... Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1860 MPa may also be used.

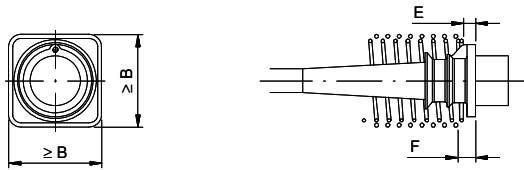
²⁾..... Bar diameter of 14 mm can be replaced by 16 mm.



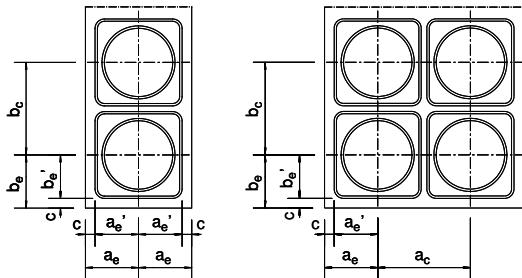
Internal Post-tensioning System
Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional
reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance

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Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler






Centre spacing and edge distance



$$a_e = a_e' + c$$

$$b_e = b_e' + c$$

BBR VT CONA CMI BT			1306					1506					1606				
Strand arrangement																	
7-wire prestressing steel strand																	
Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1 860 MPa ¹⁾																	
Tendon																	
Cross-sectional area	A _p	mm²	1950					2250					2400				
Char. value of maximum force	F _{pk}	kN	3627					4 185					4464				
Char. value of 0.1% proof force	F _{p0.1}	kN	3 198					3 690					3936				
Maximum prestressing force	0.90 · F _{p0.1}	kN	2878					3 321					3542				
Maximum overstressing force	0.95 · F _{p0.1}	kN	3 038					3 506					3 739				
Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance																	
Minimum concrete strength																	
Cube	f _{cm, 0, cube, 150}	MPa	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43
Cylinder	f _{cm, 0, cylinder, Ø 150}	MPa	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35
Helix																	
Outer diameter	mm		375	330	300	280	270	375	330	315	305	305	375	330	320	310	305
Bar diameter ²⁾	mm		14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Length approximately	mm		382	357	382	332	282	432	432	382	332	332	432	432	432	382	332
Pitch	mm		50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Number of pitches	—		8	8	8	7	6	9	9	8	7	7	9	9	9	8	7
Distance	E	mm	23	23	23	23	23	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Additional reinforcement																	
Number of stirrups	mm		7	6	6	6	7	7	6	5	6	5	7	6	5	6	6
Bar diameter ²⁾	mm		12	14	14	14	14	14	16	16	16	16	14	16	16	16	16
Spacing	mm		55	60	55	60	45	60	65	65	55	60	60	65	65	60	60
Distance from anchor plate	F	mm	40	40	40	40	40	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
Minimum outer dimensions	B × B	mm	410	370	340	320	310	440	400	360	350	350	450	410	370	360	350
Centre spacing and edge distance																	
Minimum centre spacing	a _c , b _c	mm	425	390	355	340	325	455	415	380	365	365	470	430	390	375	365
Minimum edge distance	a _e *, b _e *	mm	205	185	170	160	155	220	200	180	175	175	225	205	185	180	175

c..... Concrete cover

¹⁾..... Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1860 MPa may also be used.

²⁾..... Bar diameter of 14 mm can be replaced by 16 mm.



CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System

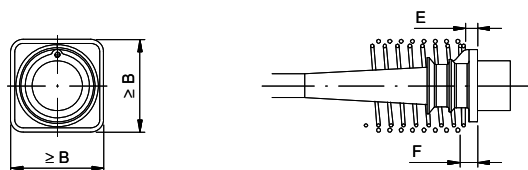
Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional
reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance

Annex 23

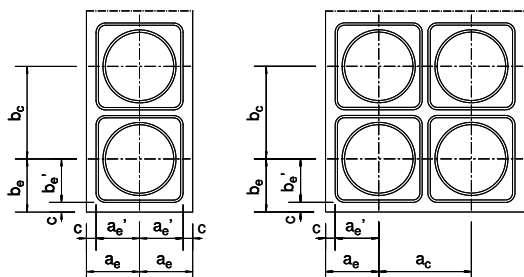
of European technical approval

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Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler






Centre spacing and edge distance



$$a_e = a_e' + c$$

$$b_e = b_e' + c$$

BBR VT CONA CMI BT			1906					2206					2406				
Strand arrangement																	
7-wire prestressing steel strand																	
Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1 860 MPa ¹⁾																	
Tendon																	
Cross-sectional area	A _p	mm²	2 850					3 300					3 600				
Char. value of maximum force	F _{pk}	kN	5 301					6 138					6 696				
Char. value of 0.1% proof force	F _{p0.1}	kN	4 674					5 412					5 904				
Maximum prestressing force	0.90 · F _{p0.1}	kN	4 207					4 871					4 314				
Maximum overstressing force	0.95 · F _{p0.1}	kN	4 440					5 141					5 609				
Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance																	
Minimum concrete strength																	
Cube	f _{cm, 0, cube, 150}	MPa	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43
Cylinder	f _{cm, 0, cylinder, Ø 150}	MPa	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35
Helix																	
Outer diameter	mm	420	360	360	330	325	475	420	390	360	340	475	430	410	360	360	360
Bar diameter ²⁾	mm	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Length approximately	mm	457	457	432	432	382	482	482	432	432	382	532	532	482	482	432	432
Pitch	mm	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Number of pitches	—	10	10	9	9	8	10	10	9	9	8	11	11	10	10	9	9
Distance	E mm	27	27	27	27	27	31	31	31	31	31	32	32	32	32	32	32
Additional reinforcement																	
Number of stirrups	mm	7	7	7	7	7	6	7	8	7	8	7	7	7	7	7	8
Bar diameter	mm	16	16	16	16	16	20	20	20	20	16	20	20	20	20	20	20
Spacing	mm	65	65	65	65	60	80	75	65	65	50	80	80	70	65	55	55
Distance from anchor plate	F mm	42	42	42	42	42	46	46	46	46	46	47	47	47	47	47	47
Minimum outer dimensions	B × B mm	490	450	410	390	370	530	480	440	420	400	560	510	460	440	420	420
Centre spacing and edge distance																	
Minimum centre spacing	a _c , b _c	mm	510	465	425	410	390	550	500	460	440	420	575	525	480	460	435
Minimum edge distance	a _e *, b _e *	mm	245	225	205	195	185	265	240	220	210	200	280	255	230	220	210

c..... Concrete cover

¹⁾..... Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1860 MPa may also be used.

²⁾..... Bar diameter of 14 mm can be replaced by 16 mm.



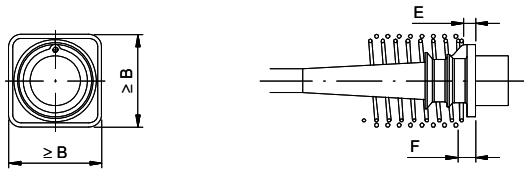
CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System

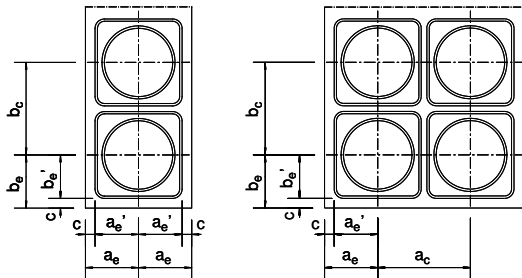
Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional
 reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance

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Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler






Centre spacing and edge distance



$$a_e = a_e' + c$$

$$b_e = b_e' + c$$

BBR VT CONA CMI BT			2506					2706					3106				
Strand arrangement																	
7-wire prestressing steel strand																	
Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1 860 MPa ¹⁾																	
Tendon																	
Cross-sectional area	A _p	mm ²	3 750					4 050					4 650				
Char. value of maximum force	F _{pk}	kN	6 975					7 533					8 649				
Char. value of 0.1% proof force	F _{p0.1}	kN	6 150					6 642					7 626				
Maximum prestressing force	0.90 · F _{p0.1}	kN	5 535					5 978					6 863				
Maximum overstressing force	0.95 · F _{p0.1}	kN	5 843					6 310					7 245				
Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance																	
Minimum concrete strength																	
Cube	f _{cm, 0, cube, 150}	MPa	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43
Cylinder	f _{cm, 0, cylinder, Ø 150}	MPa	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35
Helix																	
Outer diameter	mm	520	430	420	390	380	520	475	440	420	390	560	520	475	430	430	
Bar diameter ²⁾	mm	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	
Length approximately	mm	532	532	482	482	432	532	532	482	482	432	532	532	582	482	432	
Pitch	mm	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
Number of pitches	—	11	11	10	10	9	11	11	10	10	9	11	11	12	10	9	
Distance	E mm	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	
Additional reinforcement																	
Number of stirrups	mm	7	6	7	7	7	8	7	7	8	8	9	8	8	8	8	
Bar diameter	mm	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	
Spacing	mm	80	90	70	60	60	80	80	75	60	60	80	75	70	65	60	
Distance from anchor plate	F mm	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
Minimum outer dimensions	B × B mm	570	520	470	450	430	590	540	490	470	440	630	580	530	500	480	
Centre spacing and edge distance																	
Minimum centre spacing	a _c , b _c	mm	590	535	485	465	450	610	555	505	485	460	650	595	545	520	495
Minimum edge distance	a _e ³⁾ , b _e ³⁾	mm	285	260	235	225	215	295	270	245	235	220	315	290	265	250	240

c..... Concrete cover

¹⁾..... Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1860 MPa may also be used.

²⁾..... Bar diameter of 14 mm can be replaced by 16 mm.



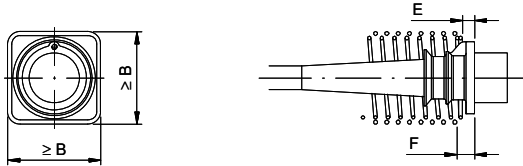
CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System

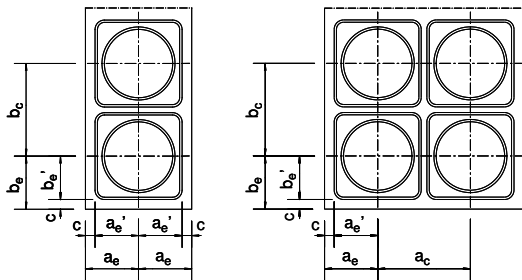
Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional
reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance

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Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler

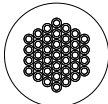
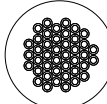
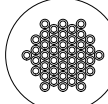


Centre spacing and edge distance



$$a_e = a_e' + c$$

$$b_e = b_e' + c$$

BBR VT CONA CMI BT			3706					4206					4306				
Strand arrangement																	
7-wire prestressing steel strand																	
Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1860 MPa ¹⁾																	
Tendon																	
Cross-sectional area	A _p	mm²	5550					6300					6450				
Char. value of maximum force	F _{pk}	kN	10323					11718					11997				
Char. value of 0.1% proof force	F _{p0.1}	kN	9102					10332					10578				
Maximum prestressing force	0.90 · F _{p0.1}	kN	8192					9299					9520				
Maximum overstraining force	0.95 · F _{p0.1}	kN	8647					9815					10049				
Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance																	
Minimum concrete strength																	
Cube	f _{cm, 0, cube, 150}	MPa	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43
Cylinder	f _{cm, 0, cylinder, Ø 150}	MPa	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35
Helix																	
Outer diameter	mm	—	580	580	580	580	—	630	630	630	630	—	670	670	670	670	—
Bar diameter	mm	—	16	16	16	16	—	16	16	16	16	—	16	16	16	16	—
Length approximately	mm	—	533	533	533	533	—	583	583	583	583	—	583	583	583	583	—
Pitch	mm	—	50	50	50	50	—	50	50	50	50	—	50	50	50	50	—
Number of pitches	—	—	11	11	11	11	—	12	12	12	12	—	12	12	12	12	—
Distance	E mm	—	40	40	40	40	—	45	45	45	45	—	45	45	45	45	—
Additional reinforcement																	
Number of stirrups	mm	—	9	9	9	9	—	10	10	10	10	—	10	10	10	10	—
Bar diameter	mm	—	20	20	20	20	—	20	20	20	20	—	20	20	20	20	—
Spacing	mm	—	70	70	70	70	—	70	70	70	70	—	70	70	70	70	—
Distance from anchor plate	F mm	—	50	50	50	50	—	55	55	55	55	—	55	55	55	55	—
Minimum outer dimensions	B × B mm	—	660	660	660	660	—	720	720	720	720	—	740	740	740	740	—
Centre spacing and edge distance																	
Minimum centre spacing	a _c , b _c	mm	—	680	680	680	680	—	735	735	735	735	—	755	755	755	755
Minimum edge distance	a _e ', b _e '	mm	—	330	330	330	330	—	360	360	360	360	—	370	370	370	370

c..... Concrete cover

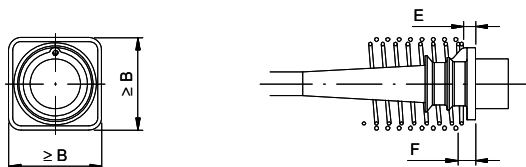
¹⁾..... Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1860 MPa may also be used.



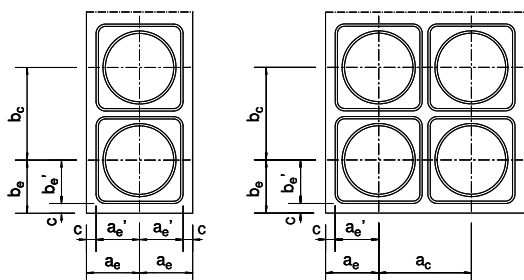
Internal Post-tensioning System
Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional
reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance

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Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler

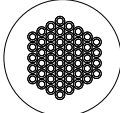
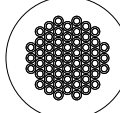
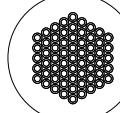


Centre spacing and edge distance



$$a_e = a_e' + c$$

$$b_e = b_e' + c$$

BBR VT CONA CMI BT		4806						5506						6106						
Strand arrangement																				
7-wire prestressing steel strand																				
Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1860 MPa ¹⁾																				
Tendon																				
Cross-sectional area	A _p	mm ²	7200						8250						9150					
Char. value of maximum force	F _{pk}	kN	13392						15345						17019					
Char. value of 0.1% proof force	F _{p0.1}	kN	11808						13530						15006					
Maximum prestressing force	0.90 · F _{p0.1}	kN	10627						12177						13505					
Maximum overstressing force	0.95 · F _{p0.1}	kN	11218						12854						14256					
Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance																				
Minimum concrete strength																				
Cube	f _{cm, 0, cube, 150}	MPa	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43	23	28	34	38	43			
Cylinder	f _{cm, 0, cylinder, Ø 150}	MPa	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35	19	23	28	31	35			
Helix																				
Outer diameter	mm	—	710	710	710	710	—	780	780	780	780	—	850	850	850	850	—			
Bar diameter	mm	—	16	16	16	16	—	20	20	20	20	—	20	20	20	20	—			
Length approximately	mm	—	633	633	633	633	—	760	760	760	760	—	790	790	790	790	—			
Pitch	mm	—	50	50	50	50	—	60	60	60	60	—	60	60	60	60	—			
Number of pitches	—	—	13	13	13	13	—	13	13	13	13	—	14	14	14	14	—			
Distance	E mm	—	45	45	45	45	—	50	50	50	50	—	55	55	55	55	—			
Additional reinforcement																				
Number of stirrups	mm	—	11	11	11	11	—	11	11	11	11	—	12	12	12	12	—			
Bar diameter	mm	—	20	20	20	20	—	20	20	20	20	—	20	20	20	20	—			
Spacing	mm	—	70	70	70	70	—	75	75	75	75	—	75	75	75	75	—			
Distance from anchor plate	F mm	—	55	55	55	55	—	55	55	55	55	—	60	60	60	60	—			
Minimum outer dimensions	B × B mm	—	790	790	790	790	—	860	860	860	860	—	920	920	920	920	—			
Centre spacing and edge distance																				
Minimum centre spacing	a _c , b _c	mm	—	805	805	805	805	—	875	875	875	875	—	940	940	940	940			
Minimum edge distance	a _e ⁺ , b _e ⁺	mm	—	395	395	395	395	—	430	430	430	430	—	460	460	460	460			

c..... Concrete cover

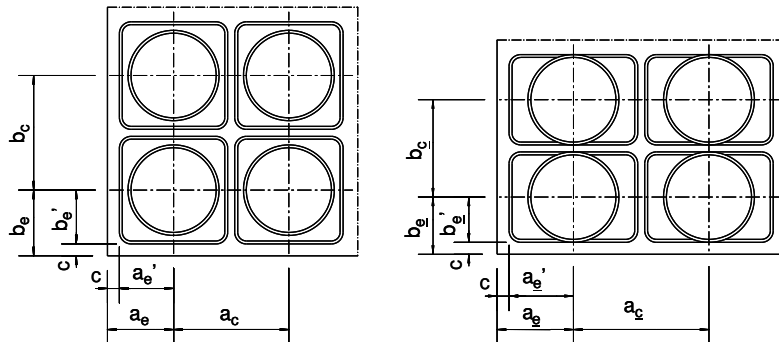
¹⁾..... Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1860 MPa may also be used.



Internal Post-tensioning System
Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional
reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance

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Centre spacing and edge distance



$$a_c = b_c$$

$$a_e = b_e$$

$$a_c > b_c$$

$$a_e > b_e$$

Modification of centre spacing and edge distance shall be in accordance with the Clauses 2.9 and 4.2.3.

$$b_{\underline{c}} \begin{cases} \geq 0.85 \cdot b_c \\ \text{and} \\ \geq \text{Helix, outside diameter}^1) \end{cases}$$

$$a_{\underline{c}} \geq \frac{A_c}{b_{\underline{c}}}$$

$$A_c = a_c \cdot b_c \leq a_{\underline{c}} \cdot b_{\underline{c}}$$

Corresponding edge distances

$$a_{\underline{e}} = \frac{a_{\underline{c}}}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c \quad \text{and} \quad b_{\underline{e}} = \frac{b_{\underline{c}}}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c$$

c Concrete cover

¹⁾ Except the dimensions of helix, the outer dimensions of the additional reinforcement shall be adjusted accordingly. Further modifications of reinforcement have to be in accordance with Clause 4.2.3.



CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System
 Modification of centre spacing and edge distance

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1) Preparatory work

The components of the prestressing kit shall be stored so as to avoid any damage or corrosion.

2) Anchorage recesses

Adequate space to accommodate and to use the prestressing jack shall be ensured (see also Clauses 2.1.5 and 4.2.2).

3) Fixing the bearing trumplates

Four holes are provided to fix the bearing trumplates to the formwork. The trumpet is screwed into the bearing trumplate. The helix is either welded to the bearing trumplate by means of radial bars (see also Clause 4.8) or positioned by fixing it to the existing reinforcement.

4) Placing of the sheaths

The sheaths are placed on supports with spacing according to Clause 2.5 and minimum radii of curvature according to Clause 2.4. The sheaths have to be jointed in a leak-proof way. The sheaths shall be supported such that any movement is prevented.

The same applies for prefabricated tendons.

5) Installation of tensile elements (prestressing steel)

The prestressing steel is pushed or pulled into the sheath before or after concreting of the structure.

6) Installation of the inaccessible fixed anchorages

After passing the strands through the anchor head, they are anchored individually in the cones by means of ring wedges. After assembling the wedges are secured with springs or a wedge retaining plate. An alternative is pre-locking each individual strand with $\sim 0.5 \cdot F_{pk}$ and applying a wedge retaining plate.

7) Installation of fixed coupler anchor head 2.BA

The function of the fixed coupler is to connect two tendons, whereas the first tendon is stressed before the second tendon is installed and stressed.

The coupling is achieved by pushing the strands into the already tensioned coupler anchor head K, side 2.BA (outer pitch circle), whereby the strands have to be marked to check the correct depth of penetration.

The coupler anchor head H, 2.BA is assembled with ring wedges and a wedge retaining plate. It is connected to the already tensioned coupler anchor head H, 1.BA by means of a threaded coupler sleeve.

8) Assembly of movable coupler

The movable coupler serves to lengthen unstressed tendons. The axial movement during stressing is ensured by a sheathing box suitable to the expected elongation at the position of the coupler.

The assembly of the coupler anchor head is performed in accordance with Point 7) and Clause 2.1.4. The transverse forces at the end of the trumpet are covered by steel deflector rings.

9) Checking the tendons before concreting

Before concreting the structure the fixation and position of the entire tendon have to be checked and corrected if necessary. The sheaths shall be checked for any damage.



CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System
Description of installation

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10) Assembly of anchor head/coupler anchor head 1.BA

After passing the strands through the anchor head, they are anchored individually in the cones by means of ring wedges. The same applies for the coupler anchor head in case of fixed couplers in the first construction stage.

11) Prestressing

At the time of stressing the mean concrete compressive strength shall be at least according to Table 4 and the provisions of Clause 2.8. The stressing and possible wedging has to be carried out with a suitable prestressing jack and in accordance with Clause 4.4.

The elongation of the tendon and the prestressing forces shall be checked and recorded systematically during the stressing operation.

Restressing the tendons is allowed in accordance with Clause 4.5.

12) Grouting the tendons

The grout shall be injected through the inlet holes until it escapes from the outlet tubes with the same consistency. All vents and grouting inlets shall be sealed immediately after grouting (see also Clause 4.7).

Grease or wax has to be injected in accordance with ETAG 013 and the recommendations of the supplier.

More detailed information on installation can be obtained from the ETA holder.

Steel name			Y1770S7	Y1860S7	Y1770S7	Y1860S7
Tensile strength	R _m	MPa	1 770	1 860	1 770	1 860
Diameter	d	mm	15.3	15.3	15.7	15.7
Nominal cross-sectional area	A _p	mm ²	140	140	150	150
Nominal mass per metre	m	kg/m	1.093		1.172	
Permitted deviation from nominal mass		%	± 2			
Characteristic value of maximum force	F _{pk}	kN	248	260	266	279
Maximum value of maximum force	F _{m, max}	kN	285	299	306	321
Characteristic value of 0.1% proof force ²⁾	F _{p0.1}	kN	218	229	234	246
Minimum elongation at maximum force, L ₀ ≥ 500 mm	A _{gt}	%	3.5			
Modulus of elasticity	E _p	MPa	195 000 ³⁾			

3) Standard value



Internal Post-tensioning System

Strand specifications

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Reference documents

Guideline for European Technical Approval

ETAG 013, 06.2002 Guideline for European Technical Approval of Post-Tensioning Kits for Prestressing of Structures

Standards

EN 206-1, 12.2000	Concrete - Part 1: Specification, performance, production and conformity
EN 206-1/A1, 07.2004	
EN 206-1/A2, 06.2005	
EN 445, 10.2007	Grout for prestressing tendons - Test methods
EN 446, 10.2007	Grout for prestressing tendons - Grouting procedures
EN 447, 10.2007	Grout for prestressing tendons - Basic requirements
EN 523, 08.2003	Steel strip sheaths for prestressing tendons - Terminology, requirements, quality control
EN 1561, 10.2011	Founding - Grey cast irons
EN 1563, 12.2011	Founding - Spheroidal graphite cast irons
EN 1992-1-1, 12.2004	Eurocode 2: Design of concrete structures - Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings
EN 1992-1-1/AC, 11.2010	
EN 1993-series	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures
EN 1994-series	Eurocode 4: Design of composite steel and concrete structures
EN 1996-series	Eurocode 6: Design of masonry structures
EN 10025-2, 11.2004	Hot rolled products of structural steels - Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels
EN 10025-2/AC, 06.2005	
EN 10083-1, 08.2006	Steels for quenching and tempering - Part 1: General technical delivery conditions
EN 10083-2, 08.2006	Steels for quenching and tempering - Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for non alloy steels
EN 10084, 04.2008	Case hardening steels - Technical delivery conditions
EN 10204, 10.2004	Metallic products - Types of inspection documents
EN 10210-1, 04.2006	Hot finished structural hollow sections of non-alloy and fine grain steels - Part 1: Technical delivery conditions
EN 10216-1, 05.2002	Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes - Technical delivery conditions - Part 1: Non-alloy steel tubes with specified room temperature properties
EN 10216-1/A1, 03.2004	
EN 10217-1, 05.2002	Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes - Technical delivery conditions - Part 1: Non-alloy steel tubes with specified room temperature properties
EN 10217-1/A1, 01.2005	
EN 10219-1, 04.2006	Cold formed welded structural hollow sections of non-alloy and fine grain steels - Part 1: Technical delivery conditions
EN 10255+A1, 04.2007	Non-alloy steel tubes suitable for welding and threading - Technical delivery conditions
EN 10270-1, 10.2011	Steel wire for mechanical springs - Part 1: Patented cold drawn unalloyed steel wire
EN 10277-2, 03.2008	Bright steel products - Technical delivery conditions - Part 2: Steels for general engineering purposes
EN 10305-5, 01.2010	Steel tubes for precision applications - Technical delivery conditions - Part 5: Welded and cold sized square and rectangular tubes
EN 12201-1, 09.2011	Plastic piping system for water supply - polyethylene (PE) - Part 1: General
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prEN 10138-3, 09.2000	Prestressing steels - Part 3: Strand
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CWA 14646, 01.2003	Requirements for the installation of post-tensioning kits for prestressing of structures and qualification of the specialist company and its personnel



CONA CMI BT

Internal Post-tensioning System
Reference documents

Annex 32
of European technical approval
ETA-09/0286

**EC Certificate of Conformity
0432-CPD-11 9181-1.4/2**

In compliance with Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to construction products (the Construction Products Directive or CPD), as later amended, it has been stated that the construction product

**BBR VT CONA CMI BT – Internal Post-tensioning
System with 02 to 61 Strands**

Post-tensioning kit for internal prestressing of structures with internal bonded and un-bonded strands

placed on the market by

BBR VT International Ltd

Bahnstraße 23
CH-8603 Schwerzenbach (ZH)
SWITZERLAND

and produced in the factory

BBR VT International Ltd

Bahnstraße 23
CH-8603 Schwerzenbach (ZH)
SWITZERLAND

is submitted by the manufacturer to a factory production control and to the further testing of samples taken at the factory in accordance with a prescribed test plan and that the notified body No. 0432 – MPA NRW – has performed the initial type-testing for the relevant characteristics of the product, the initial inspection of the factory and of the factory production control and performs the continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of the factory production control and an audit-testing of samples taken at the factory, on the market or at the construction site.

This certificate attests that all provisions concerning the attestation of conformity and the performances described in the ETA

ETA-09/0286 from 30-06-2013

were applied and that the product fulfils all the prescribed requirements.

This certificate was first issued on 30-07-2010 and remains valid as long as the conditions laid down in the harmonised technical specification in reference or the manufacturing conditions in the factory or the FPC itself are not modified significantly and latest on 29-06-2018.

Dortmund, 30-06-2013




Dipl.-Ing. Gödecker
Head of Certification Body

This Certificate replaces the Certificate no. 11 9181-1.4/1 dated 30-07-2010.

The original of this document was issued in German language. In case of doubt only the German version is valid.

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