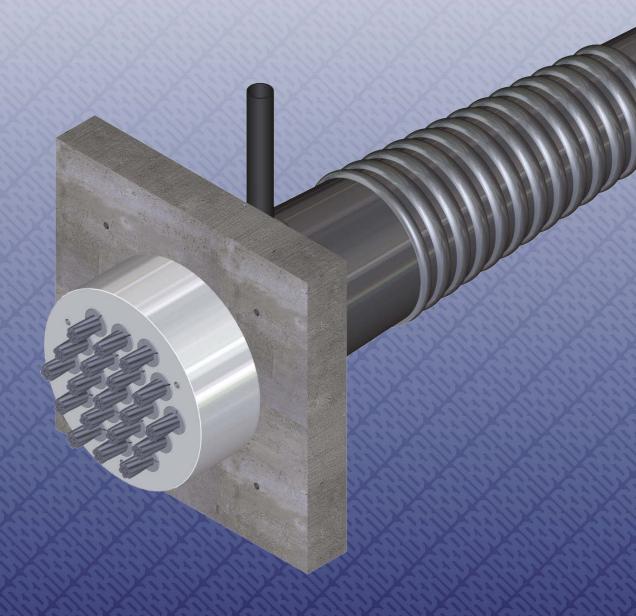


European Technical Assessment ETA – 09/0287

CE



RR A Global Network of Experts
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ETA-09/0287 BBR VT CONA CMI SP

Internal Post-tensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands

BBR VT International Ltd

Ringstrasse 2, 8603 Schwerzenbach (Switzerland) www.bbrnetwork.com

0432-CPD-11 9181-1.5/2 13

Responsible BBR PT Specialist Company



The delivery note accompanying components of the BBR VT CONA CMI SP Post-tensioning System will contain the CE marking.



Assembly and installation of BBR VT CONA CMI SP tendons must only be carried out by qualified BBR PT Specialist Companies. Find the local BBR PT Specialist Company by visiting the BBR Network website www.bbrnetwork.com.



European Organisation for Technical Approvals Europäische Organisation für Technische Zulassungen Organisation Européenne pour l'Agrément technique

ETAG 013

Guideline for European Technical Approval of Post-tensioning Kits for Prestressing of Structures

CWA 14646

Requirements for the installation of post-tensioning kits for prestressing of structures and qualification of the specialist company and its personnel



BBR E-Trace is the trading and quality assurance platform of the BBR Network linking the Holder of Approval, BBR VT International Ltd, BBR PT Specialist Companies and the BBR Manufacturing Plant. Along with the established BBR Factory Production Control, BBR E-Trace provides effective supply chain management including installation, delivery notes and highest quality standards, as well as full traceability of components.







European Technical Assessment

ETA-09/0287 of 19.09.2018

General part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) № 305/2011, on the basis of

This European Technical Assessment replaces

Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik (OIB) Austrian Institute of Construction Engineering

BBR VT CONA CMI SP – Internal Posttensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands

Bonded or unbonded post-tensioning kits for prestressing of structures with strands

BBR VT International Ltd Ringstrasse 2 8603 Schwerzenbach (ZH) Switzerland

BBR VT International Ltd Ringstrasse 2 8603 Schwerzenbach (ZH) Switzerland

62 pages including Annexes 1 to 35, which form an integral part of this assessment.

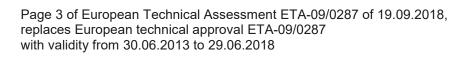
EAD 160004-00-0301, European Assessment Document for Post-Tensioning Kits for Prestressing of Structures.

European technical approval ETA-09/0287 with validity from 30.06.2013 to 29.06.2018.



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Remarks

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Specific parts

1 Technical description of the product

1.1 General

The European Technical Assessment¹ – ETA – applies to a kit, the PT system

BBR VT CONA CMI SP – Internal Post-tensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands,

comprising the following components, see Annex 1, Annex 2, Annex 3, Annex 4, Annex 5, Annex 6, and Annex 7.

- Tendon

Internal tendon with 01 to 61 tensile elements

- Tensile element

7-wire prestressing steel strand with nominal diameters and maximum characteristic tensile strength as given in Table 1

Table 1 Tensile elements

Nominal diameter	Nominal cross-sectional area	Maximum characteristic tensile strength
mm	mm²	MPa
15.3	140	1.000
15.7	150	1 860

NOTE 1 MPa = 1 N/mm²

Anchorage and coupler

Anchorage of the prestressing steel strands with ring wedges

End anchorage

Fixed (passive) anchor or stressing (active) anchor as end anchorage, FA or SA, for tendons with 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, 31, 37, 42, 43, 48, 55 and 61 prestressing steel strands

¹ ETA-09/0287 was firstly issued in 2010 as European technical approval with validity from 17.05.2010, amended in 2010 with validity from 29.09.2010, extended in 2013 with validity from 30.06.2013, and converted in 2018 to European Technical Assessment ETA-09/0287 of 19.09.2018.

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Fixed or stressing coupler

Single plane coupler, FK or SK, for tendons with 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, and 31 prestressing steel strands

Sleeve coupler, FH or SH, for tendons with 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, 31, 37, 42, 43, 48, 55 and 61 prestressing steel strands

Moveable coupler

Single plane coupler, BK, for tendons with 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, and 31 prestressing steel strands

Sleeve coupler, BH, for tendons with 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, 31, 37, 42, 43, 48, 55 and 61 prestressing steel strands

- Square plate for tendons with 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, 31, 37, 42, 43, 48, 55 and 61 prestressing steel strands
- Helix and additional reinforcement in the region of the anchorage
- Corrosion protection for tensile elements, anchorages, and couplers

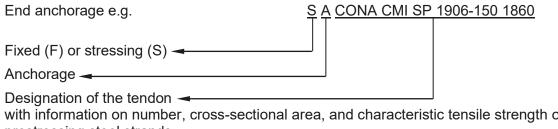
PT system

1.2 Designation and range of anchorages and couplers

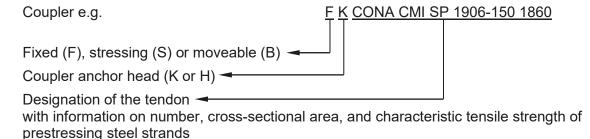
1.2.1 General

End anchorages can be fixed or stressing anchorages. Couplers are fixed, stressing, or moveable. The principal dimensions of anchorages and couplers are given in Annex 2, Annex 3, Annex 4, Annex 5, Annex 18, Annex 19, Annex 20, Annex 21, Annex 22, Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26.

1.2.2 Designation



with information on number, cross-sectional area, and characteristic tensile strength of prestressing steel strands



1.2.3 Anchorage, FA or SA

1.2.3.1 General

Anchorage of prestressing steel strands is achieved by wedges and anchor heads, see Annex 1, Annex 2, Annex 3, and Annex 7. The anchor heads of the fixed and stressing anchorage are identical. A differentiation is needed for the construction works.

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The wedges of inaccessible fixed anchors are secured with either a wedge retaining plate or springs and a wedge retaining plate. An alternative is pre-locking each individual prestressing steel strand with $\sim 0.5 \cdot F_{pk}$ and applying a wedge retaining plate.

Where

F_{pk}......Characteristic value of maximum force of one single prestressing steel

1.2.3.2 Restressable and exchangeable tendon

Significant to a restressable and exchangeable tendon is the excess length of the prestressing steel strands, see Annex 1. The extent of the excess length depends on the jack used for restressing or releasing. The protrusions of the prestressing steel strands require a permanent corrosion protection and an adapted cap.

1.2.4 Fixed and stressing coupler

1.2.4.1 General

Anchorage of prestressing steel strands is achieved by wedges and coupler anchor heads, see Annex 1, Annex 2, Annex 4, Annex 5, and Annex 7.

1.2.4.2 Single plane coupler, FK or SK

The coupling is achieved by means of a coupler anchor head K. The prestressing steel strands of the first construction stage are anchored by means of wedges in machined cones, drilled in parallel. The arrangement of the cones of the first construction stage is identical to that of the anchor head of a fixed or stressing anchorage. The prestressing steel strands of the second construction stage are anchored in a circle around the cones of the first construction stage by means of wedges in machined cones, drilled at an inclination of 7 °. The wedges for the second construction stage are secured by means of holding springs and a cover plate.

1.2.4.3 Sleeve coupler, FH or SH

The coupler anchor head H is of the same basic geometry as the anchor head of the fixed or stressing anchorage. Compared to the anchor head of the fixed or stressing anchorage, the coupler anchor head H is higher and provide an external thread for the coupler sleeve. The wedges for the second construction stage are secured by means of a wedge retaining plate.

The connection between the coupler anchor heads H of the first and second construction stages is achieved by means of a coupler sleeve.

1.2.5 Moveable coupler, BK or BH

Anchorage of prestressing steel strands is achieved by wedges and coupler anchor heads, see Annex 1, Annex 2, Annex 4, Annex 5, and Annex 7. The moveable coupler is either a single plane coupler or a sleeve coupler in a coupler sheathing made of steel or plastic. Length and position of the coupler sheathing are for the expected elongation displacement, see Clause 2.2.4.

The coupler anchor heads and the coupler sleeve of the moveable coupler are identical to the coupler anchor heads and the coupler sleeve of the fixed or stressing coupler. The wedges for the first construction stage are secured by means of a wedge retaining plate and the wedges of the second construction stage are secured by wedge retaining plate or holding springs and cover plate.

A 100 mm long and at least 3.5 mm thick PE-HD insert is installed at the deviating point at the end of the trumpet. The insert is not required for plastic trumpets where the ducts are slipped over the plastic trumpet.

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1.2.6 Layout of the anchorage recess

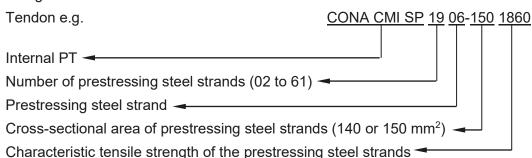
All bearing trumplates, anchor heads, and coupler anchor heads are placed perpendicular to the axis of the tendon, see Annex 17.

The dimensions of the anchorage recess are adapted to the prestressing jacks used. The ETA holder saves for reference information on the minimum dimensions of the anchorage recess.

The formwork for the anchorage recess should be slightly conical for ease of removal. In case of an internal anchorage fully embedded in concrete, the recess is designed so as to permit a reinforced concrete cover with the required dimensions and in any case with a thickness of at least 20 mm. In case of an exposed anchorage, see Annex 17, concrete cover on anchorage and square plate is not required. However, the exposed surfaces of square plate and steel cap are provided with corrosion protection.

Designation and range of the tendons

1.3.1 Designation



The tendons comprise 01 to 61 tensile elements, 7-wire prestressing steel strands according to Annex 30.

1.3.2 Range

1.3.2.1 General

Prestressing and overstressing forces are given in the corresponding standards and regulations in force at the place of use. The maximum prestressing and overstressing forces according to Eurocode 2 are listed in Annex 16.

The tendons consist of 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 12, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, 31, 37, 42, 43, 48, 55 or 61 prestressing steel strands. By omitting prestressing steel strands in the anchorages and couplers in a radially symmetrical way, also tendons with numbers of prestressing steel strands lying between the numbers given above can be installed. Any unnecessary hole either remains undrilled or is provided with a short piece of prestressing steel strand and a wedge is inserted. For coupler anchor head K the cones of the outer pitch circle, second construction stage, may be equally redistributed if prestressing steel strands are omitted. However, the overall dimensions of the coupler anchor head K remain unchanged.

With regard to dimensions and reinforcement, anchorages and couplers with omitted prestressing steel strands remain unchanged compared to anchorages and couplers with a full number of prestressing steel strands.

1.3.2.2 CONA CMI SP n06-140

7-wire prestressing steel strand

Nominal diameter	5.3	mm
Nominal cross-sectional area 1	40	$\mathrm{mm^2}$
Maximum characteristic tensile strength18	360	MPa

Annex 8 lists the available tendon range for CONA CMI SP n06-140.

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1.3.2.3 CONA CMI SP n06-150

7-wire prestressing steel strand

Nominal diameter 15.7 mm

Annex 9 lists the available tendon range for CONA CMI SP n06-150.

1.4 Duct

1.4.1 Use of duct

For a bonded tendon a corrugated steel duct is used.

For special application, such as loop tendon and unbonded tendon, a smooth duct is used.

Alternatively, a corrugated or smooth plastic duct may be used as well, if permitted at the place of use. Minimum wall thicknesses are given in Table 3.

Table 2 Steel ducts, minimum wall thickness, t_{min}

Number of prestressing steel strands	Wall thickness
n	t _{min}
_	mm
02–13	1.5
15–25	2.0
27–37	2.5
42–61	3.0

Table 3 Plastic ducts, minimum wall thickness, t_{min}

Number of	Corrugated plastic duct		Smooth pl	astic duct
Number of strands	Maximum degree of filling	Minimum wall thickness	Maximum degree of filling	Minimum wall thickness
n	f	t _{min}	f	t _{min}
_	_	mm	_	mm
02–04	0.3	2.0	0.25	3.0
05–07	0.4	2.0	0.3	3.6
08–12	0.4	2.5	0.35	4.3
13–15	0.4	2.5	0.35	5.3
16–22	0.4	3.0	0.35	6.0
23–27	0.4	3.5	0.35	6.7
28–37	0.4	4.0	0.35	7.7
38–48	0.45	4.5	0.35	8.6
49–55	0.45	5.0	0.35	9.6
56–61	0.45	5.5	0.35	10.8

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1.4.2 Degree of filling

The degree of filling, f, for a circular duct is generally between 0.35 and 0.50. However, the smaller values of degree of filling, 0.35 to 0.40, are used for long tendons or if the tensile elements are installed after concreting. The minimum radius of curvature can be defined with the equation given in Clause 1.9. Typical degrees of filling, f, and corresponding minimum radii of curvature, R_{min}, are given in Annex 10, Annex 11, and Annex 12. The degree of filling is defined

cross-sectional area of prestressing steel $f = \frac{1}{\text{cross-sectional area of inner diameter of sheath}}$

Circular steel strip sheath 1.4.3

Steel strip sheath in conformity with EN 5232, with minimum wall thicknesses according to Table 2, is used. For diameters exceeding EN 523 the requirements are met analogous. The degree of filling, f, is according to Clause 1.4.2 and the minimum radius of curvature to Clause 1.9.

Annex 11 and Annex 12 give internal duct diameters and minimum radii of curvature in which p_{R, max} has been set to 200 kN/m and 140 kN/m respectively. Smaller radii of curvature are acceptable according to the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

Flat corrugated steel duct

For a tendon with 2, 3, 4, or 5 prestressing steel strands, a flat duct may be used, whereas EN 523 applies accordingly. Inner dimensions of the duct and the minimum radii of curvature are defined in Annex 10.

Annex 10 gives minor and major internal flat duct diameters and minimum radii of curvature, both minor and major, in which p_{R, max} has been set to 200 kN/m and 140 kN/m respectively. Smaller radii of curvature are acceptable according to the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

Pre-bent smooth circular steel duct

If permitted at the place of use, a smooth steel duct according to EN 10255, EN 10216-1, EN 10217-1, EN 10219-1 or EN 10305-5 is used. The degree of filling, f, conforms to Clause 1.4.2 and the minimum radius of curvature to Clause 1.9. The duct is pre-bent and free of any kinks. The minimum radii of curvature, R_{min}, is according to Clause 1.9. The minimum wall thickness of the steel duct meets the specification of Table 2.

1.5 **Friction losses**

For calculation of loss of prestressing force due to friction, Coulomb's law applies. Calculation of friction loss is by the equation

$$F_x = F_0 \cdot e^{-\mu \cdot (\alpha + k \cdot x)}$$

Where

F_x......kN.....Prestressing force at a distance x along the tendon

 F_0kN.....Prestressing force at x = 0 m

μ......rad-1.....Friction coefficient, see Table 4

a......rad..........Sum of angular displacements over distance x, irrespective of direction or sign

k rad/m......Wobble coefficient, see Table 4

Standards and other documents referred to in the European Technical Assessment are listed in Annex 34 and Annex 35.

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NOTE 1 1 rad = 1 m/m = 1

NOTE 2 As far as acceptable at the place of use, due to special measures like oiling or for a tendon layout with only few deviations the friction coefficient can be reduced by 10 to 20 %. Compared to e.g. the use of prestressing steel or sheaths with a film of rust this value increases by more than 100 %.

Table 4 Friction parameters

	Recommended values		Range o	of values	
Duct	μ	k	μ	k	
	rad ⁻¹	rad/m	rad ⁻¹	rad/m	
Steel strip duct	0.18		0.17–0.19	0.004–0.007	
Smooth steel duct	0.18	0.005	0.16-0.24		
Corrugated plastic duct	0.12		0.10-0.14	0.004-0.007	
Smooth plastic duct	0.12		0.10-0.14		

Friction loss in stressing anchorage and stressing coupler first construction stage are given in Table 5. The loss is taken into account for determination of elongation and prestressing force along the tendon. Friction in CONA CMI SP 0106 anchorage is low and does not need to be considered in design and execution.

Table 5 Friction losses in anchorages

Tendon	Friction loss		
CONA CMI BT 0206 to 0406	ΔF_s		1.2
CONA CMI BT 0506 to 0906		%	1.1
CONA CMI BT 1206 to 3106		70	0.9
CONA CMI BT 3706 to 6106			

Where

 ΔF_s %..........Friction loss in stressing anchorage and first construction stage of stressing coupler.

1.6 Support of tendon

Spacing of supports is between 1.0 and 1.8 m. In the region of maximum tendon curvature, a spacing of 0.8 m is applied and 0.6 m in case the minimum radius of curvature is smaller than 4.0 m. The tendons are systematically fastened in their position so that they are not displaced by placing and compacting of concrete.

1.7 Slip at anchorage and coupler

Slip at stressing and fixed anchorages and at fixed and stressing couplers, first and second construction stages, is 6 mm. Slip at moveable couplers is twice this amount. At the stressing anchorage and at the first construction stage of the stressing couplers, slip is 4 mm, provided a

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prestressing jack with a wedging system and a wedging force of around 25 kN per prestressing steel strand is used.

1.8 Centre spacing and edge distance for the anchorage

In general, spacing and distances are not less than given in Annex 18, Annex 19, Annex 20, Annex 21, Annex 22, Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26, see also Annex 13 and Annex 14.

However, a reduction of up to 15 % of the centre spacing of tendon anchorages in one direction is permitted, but should not be less than the outside diameter of the helix and placing of additional reinforcement still is possible, see Annex 27. In this case, spacing in the perpendicular direction is increased by the same percentage. The corresponding edge distance is calculated by

$$a_e = \frac{a_c}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c$$

$$a_{e} = \frac{a_{c}}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c$$

$$b_e = \frac{b_c}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c$$

$$b_{\underline{e}} = \frac{b_{\underline{c}}}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c$$

Where

a_c, a_c......mm........... Centre spacing before and after modification

 b_c , b_cmm............Centre spacing in the direction perpendicular to a_c before and after modification

ae, ag.........mm........ Edge distance before and after modification

b_e, b_e.......mm.......... Edge distance in the direction perpendicular to a_e before and after modification

c Concrete cover

Standards and regulations on concrete cover in force at the place of use are observed.

The minimum values for a_c , b_c , a_e , and b_e are given in Annex 18, Annex 19, Annex 20, Annex 21, Annex 22, Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26.

1.9 Minimum radii of curvature

The minimum radii of curvature of the tendon, R_{min} , given in Annex 10, Annex 11, and Annex 12 correspond to

- a prestressing force of the tendon of 0.85 · F_{p0.1} per prestressing steel strand Y1860S7
- a nominal diameter of the prestressing steel strand of d = 15.7 mm
- a maximum pressure under the prestressing steel strands of $p_{R, max} = 200 \text{ kN/m}$ and 140 kN/m
- a concrete compressive strength of f_{cm, 0, cube} = 23 MPa.

In case of different tendon parameters or a different pressure under the prestressing steel strands, the calculation of the minimum radius of curvature of the tendon with circular duct can be carried out using the equation

$$R_{min} = \frac{2 \cdot F_{pm, \, 0} \cdot d}{d_i \cdot p_{R, \, max}}$$

Where

R_{min}.......Minimum radius of curvature

 $F_{pm,\,0}$ kN Prestressing force of the tendon

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p_{R. max} kN/m Maximum pressure under the prestressing steel strands

For tendons with predominantly static loading, reduced minimum radii of curvature can be used. Recommended values for the pressure under the prestressing steel strands are

 $p_{R, max}$ = 140–200 kN/m for internal bonded tendons

p_{R, max} = 800 kN/m for smooth steel duct and predominantly static loading

In case of reduced minimum radius of curvature, the degree of filling, f, as defined in Clause 1.4.2, is between 0.25 and 0.30 to allow for proper tendon installation. Depending on the concrete strength at the time of stressing, additional reinforcement for splitting forces may be required in the areas of reduced minimum radius of curvature.

Standards and regulations on minimum radius of curvature or on the pressure under the prestressing steel strands in force at the place of use are observed.

1.10 Concrete strength at time of stressing

Concrete in conformity with EN 206 is used. At the time of stressing, the mean concrete compressive strength, f_{cm, 0}, is at least according to Table 6. The concrete test specimens are subjected to the same curing conditions as the structure.

For partial stressing with 30 % of the full prestressing force, the actual mean concrete compressive strength is at least 0.5 · f_{cm, 0, cube} or 0.5 · f_{cm, 0, cylinder}. Intermediate values may be interpolated linearly according to Eurocode 2.

Helix, additional reinforcement, centre spacing and edge distance corresponding to the concrete compressive strengths are taken from Annex 18, Annex 19, Annex 20, Annex 21, Annex 22, Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26, see also the Clauses 1.12.7 and 2.2.3.5.

Table 6 Compressive strength of concrete

Mean concrete strength		f _{cm, 0}					
Cube strength, f _{cm, 0, cube} 150 mm cube	MPa	26	28	34	38	43	46
Cylinder strength, f _{cm, 0, cylinder} 150 mm cylinder diameter	MPa	21	23	28	31	35	38

f_{cm, 0, cube 150}Mean concrete compressive strength at time of stressing, determined at cubes, 150 mm

f_{cm, 0, cylinder Ø 150}.......Mean concrete compressive strength at time of stressing, determined at cylinders, diameter 150 mm

Components

1.11 Prestressing steel strands

Only 7-wire prestressing steel strands with characteristics according to Table 7 are used, see also Annex 30.

In a single tendon only prestressing steel strands spun in the same direction are used.

In the course of preparing the European Technical Assessment, no characteristic has been assessed for prestressing steel strands. In execution, a suitable prestressing steel strand that

conforms to Annex 30 and is according to the standards and regulations in force at the place of use is taken.

Table 7 Prestressing steel strands

Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1)	f_{pk}	MPa	18	860
Nominal diameter	d	mm	15.3	15.7
Nominal cross-sectional area	Ap	mm ²	140	150
Mass of prestressing steel	М	kg/m	1.093	1.172

Prestressing steel strands with a characteristic tensile strength below 1 860 MPa may also be used.

1.12 Anchorage and coupler

1.12.1 General

The components of anchorage and coupler are in conformity with the specifications given in Annex 2, Annex 3, Annex 4, Annex 5, Annex 6, and Annex 7 and the technical file³. Therein the component dimensions, materials and material identification data with tolerances are given.

1.12.2 Anchor head

The anchor head, A1 to A8, is made of steel and provides regularly arranged conical holes drilled in parallel to accommodate prestressing steel strands and wedges, see Annex 2 and Annex 3. The back exits of the bore holes are provided with bell mouth openings or plastic ring cushions. In addition, threaded bores may be provided to attach a protection cap and springs A, see Annex 1 and Annex 7, and wedge retaining plate KS, see Annex 1 and Annex 7.

At the back of the anchor head there may be a step, for ease of centring the anchor head on the square plate.

Square plate 1.12.3

The square plate is a flat steel plate and are connected to the trumpet A SP, see Annex 6. In Annex 18, Annex 19, Annex 20, Annex 21, Annex 22, Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26 the main minimum dimensions of the square plate are listed. The square plate may be equipped with a drilled grout inlet, situated at the interface plane to the anchor head, with a connecting pipe to the trumpet.

1.12.4 Trumpet

The conical trumpet A SP, see Annex 6, and conical trumpet K, see Annex 4, is manufactured either in steel or PE, having a corrugated or plain surface. An air-vent is situated at the top of the trumpet, where a ventilation or grouting tube can be fitted.

For a larger anchorage, CONA CMI SP 3106 up to 6106, the first part of the trumpet A SP adjacent to the square plate is made of steel sheet with a thickness of 3 mm over a minimum length equal to the diameter of the trumpet.

In case the transition from trumpet to duct is made completely out of steel sheet, a 100 mm long and at least 3.5 mm thick PE-HD insert is installed at the deviating point of the prestressing steel strands on the duct side.

The conical trumpet made of PE may have either a corrugated or a plain surface. At the ductside end there is a radius for the deviation of the prestressing steel strands and a smooth

³ The technical file of the European Technical Assessment is deposited at Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik.

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surface, to ensure a good transition to the duct. The opposite end is connected to the square plate or coupler anchor head K.

1.12.5 Coupler anchor head

The coupler anchor head K, see Annex 4, for the single plane coupler is made of steel and provides in the inner part, for anchorage of the prestressing steel strands of the first construction stage, the same arrangement of holes as the anchor head for the stressing or fixed anchorage. In the outer pitch circle there is an arrangement of holes with an inclination of 7 $^\circ$ to accommodate the prestressing steel strands of the second construction stage. At the back of coupler anchor head K there is a step for ease of centring the coupler anchor head on the bearing trumplate. Wedge retaining plate KS, see Annex 7, and springs K, see Annex 7, with cover plate K, see Annex 4, are fastened by means of additional threaded bores.

The coupler anchor heads H1 or H2 for the sleeve coupler are made of steel and have the same basic geometry as the anchor head of the stressing or fixed anchorage, see Annex 2 and Annex 5. Compared to the anchor head of the stressing and fixed anchorage, the coupler anchor head H is higher and provide an external thread for the coupler sleeve. At the back of the coupler anchor head H1 and H2 there is a step for ease of centring the coupler anchor head on the bearing trumplate. Wedge retaining plate KS, see Annex 7, is fastened by means of additional threaded bores.

The coupler sleeve H is a steel tube, see Annex 2 and Annex 5, with an inner thread and is provided with ventilation holes.

Ring cushions, see Annex 5, are inserted in coupler anchor head H2.

1.12.6 Ring wedge

The ring wedge, see Annex 7, is in three pieces. Two different ring wedges are used.

- Ring wedge H in three pieces, fitted with spring ring
- Ring wedge F in three pieces, without spring ring or fitted with spring ring

Within one anchorage or coupler only one of these ring wedges is used.

The wedges of an inaccessible fixed anchorage are secured with either a wedge retaining plate or springs and a wedge retaining plate. An alternative is pre-locking each individual prestressing steel strand with ~ 0.5 · F_{pk} and applying a wedge retaining plate as per Clause 1.2.3.1. In couplers the wedges are secured with wedge retaining plate and cover plate.

1.12.7 Helix and additional reinforcement

Helix and additional reinforcement are made of ribbed reinforcing steel. The end of the helix on the anchorage side is welded to the following turn. The helix is placed in the tendon axis. Dimensions of helix and additional reinforcement conforms to the values specified in Annex 18. Annex 19, Annex 20, Annex 21, Annex 22, Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26, see also Clause 2.2.3.5.

If required for a specific project design, the reinforcement given in Annex 18, Annex 19, Annex 20, Annex 21, Annex 22, Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26 may be modified in accordance with the respective regulations in force at the place of use as well as with the relevant approval of the local authority and of the ETA holder to provide equivalent performance.

1.12.8 Protection cap

The protection cap is made of steel or plastic. It is provided with air vents and fastened with screws or threaded rods.

1.12.9 Material specifications

Annex 15 lists the material standards or specifications of the components.

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1.13 Permanent corrosion protection

In the course of preparing the European Technical Assessment no characteristic has been assessed for components and materials of the corrosion protection system. In execution, all components and materials are selected according to the standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

Corrosion protection of the bonded tendon is provided by completely filling duct, anchorage, and coupler with grout according to EN 447, special grout according to EAD 160027-00-0301, or ready-mixed grout with an adequate composition according to standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

To protect an unbonded tendons from corrosion, ducts, couplers, and anchorages are completely filled with corrosion protection filling material as applicable at the place of use. Applicable corrosion protection filling materials are grease, wax, or an equivalent soft material. Actively circulating dry air allows for corrosion protection of a tendon as applicable at the place of use.

In case of an anchorage fully embedded in concrete, the recess is designed as to permit a reinforced concrete cover with the required dimensions and in any case with a thickness of at least 20 mm. With an exposed anchorage or with an anchorage with insufficiently thick concrete cover, the surfaces of square plate and steel cap are provided with corrosion protection.

2 Specification of the intended uses in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document (hereinafter EAD)

2.1 Intended uses

The BBR VT CONA CMI SP – Internal Post-tensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands is intended to be used for the prestressing of structures. The specific intended uses are listed in Table 8.

Table 8 Intended uses

Line №	Use category
Use cate	egories according to tendon configuration and material of structure
1	Internal bonded tendon for concrete and composite structures
2	Internal unbonded tendon for concrete and composite structures
Optional	use category
3	Internal tendon for cryogenic applications with anchorage outside the possible cryogenic zone

2.2 Assumptions

2.2.1 General

Concerning product packaging, transport, storage, maintenance, replacement, and repair it is the responsibility of the manufacturer to undertake the appropriate measures and to advise his clients on transport, storage, maintenance, replacement, and repair of the product as he considers necessary.

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2.2.2 Packaging, transport and storage

Advice on packaging, transport, and storage includes.

- During transport of prefabricated tendons, a minimum diameter of curvature of
 - 1.65 m for tendons up to CONA CMI SP 1206,
 - 1.80 m for tendons up to CONA CMI SP 3106,
 - 2.00 m for tendons larger than CONA CMI SP 3106, of prestressing steel strand is observed.
- Temporary protection of prestressing steel and components in order to prevent corrosion during transport from production site to job site
- Transportation, storage and handling of prestressing steel and other components in a manner as to avoid damage by mechanical or chemical impact
- Protection of prestressing steel and other components from moisture
- Keeping tensile elements separate from areas where welding operations are performed

2.2.3 Design

2.2.3.1 General

It is the responsibility of the ETA holder to ensure that all necessary information on design and installation is submitted to those responsible for the design and execution of the structures executed with "BBR VT CONA CMI SP - Internal Post-tensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands".

Design of the structure permits correct installation and stressing of the tendons. The reinforcement in the anchorage zone permits correct placing and compacting of concrete.

2.2.3.2 Fixed and stressing coupler

The prestressing force at the second construction stage may not be greater than that at the first construction stage, neither during construction, nor in the final state, nor due to any load combination.

2.2.3.3 Anchorage Recess

Clearance is required for handling of the prestressing jack and for stressing. The dimensions of the anchorage recess are adapted to the prestressing jack used. The ETA holder saves for reference information on the minimum dimensions of the anchorage recesses and appropriate clearance behind the anchorage.

The anchorage recess is designed with such dimensions as to ensure the required concrete cover and at least 20 mm at the protection cap in steel in the final state.

In case of exposed anchorages, concrete cover on anchorage and square plate is not required. However, the exposed surface of square plate and steel cap is provided with corrosion protection.

2.2.3.4 Maximum prestressing forces

Prestressing and overstressing forces are specified in the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use. Annex 16 lists the maximum possible prestressing and overstressing forces according to Eurocode 2.

2.2.3.5 Centre spacing, edge distance, and reinforcement in the anchorage zone

Centre spacing, edge distance, helix, and additional reinforcement given in Annex 18, Annex 19, Annex 20, Annex 21, Annex 22, Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26 are adopted, see Clause 1.8.

Verification of transfer of prestressing forces to structural concrete is not required if centre spacing and edge distance of anchorages and couplers as well as grade and dimensions of

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additional reinforcement, see Annex 18, Annex 19, Annex 20, Annex 21, Annex 22, Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26, are conformed to. In the case of grouped anchorages, the additional reinforcement of the individual anchorages can be combined, provided appropriate anchorage is ensured. However, number, cross-sectional area and position with respect to the square plates remain unchanged.

The reinforcement of the structure is not employed as additional reinforcement. Reinforcement exceeding the required reinforcement of the structure may be used as additional reinforcement, provided appropriate placing is possible.

The forces outside the area of the additional reinforcement are verified and, if necessary, dealt with by appropriate reinforcement.

If required for a specific project design, the reinforcement given in Annex 18, Annex 19, Annex 20, Annex 21, Annex 22, Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26 may be modified in accordance with the respective regulations in force at the place of use as well as with the relevant approval of the local authority and of the ETA holder to provide equivalent performance.

2.2.3.6 Tendons in masonry structures – load transfer to the structure

Post-tensioning kits are primarily used in structures made of concrete. They can, however, be used with other structural materials, e.g. in masonry structures. However, there is no particular assessment in EAD 160004-00-0301 for these applications. Hence, load transfer of stressing force from the anchorage to masonry structures is via concrete or steel members, designed according to the European Technical Assessment, especially according to the Clauses 1.8, 1.10, 1.12.7, and 2.2.3.5, or according to Eurocode 3, respectively.

The concrete or steel members have dimensions as to permit a force of 1.1 Fpk being transferred into the masonry. The verification is according to Eurocode 6 as well as to the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

2.2.4 Installation

2.2.4.1 General

It is assumed that the product will be installed according to the manufacturer's instructions or in absence of such instructions – according to the usual practice of the building professionals.

Assembly and installation of tendons is only carried out by qualified PT specialist companies with the required resources and experience in the use of multi strand internal post-tensioning systems, see CWA 14646. The respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use are considered. The company's PT site manager has a certificate, stating that she or he has been trained by the ETA holder and that she or he possesses the necessary qualifications and experience with the "BBR VT CONA CMI SP - Internal Post-tensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands".

The sequence of work steps for installation of anchorage, fixed and moveable coupler is described in Annex 28 and Annex 29.

The tendons may be manufactured on site or in the factory, i.e. prefabricated tendons. The tendons are carefully handled during production, transport, storage, and installation. To avoid confusion on each site only prestressing steel strands with one nominal diameter are used.

Square plate, anchor head, and coupler anchor head are placed perpendicular to the tendon's axis, see Annex 17. Couplers are situated in a straight tendon section. At the anchorages and couplers the tendon layout provides a straight section over a length of at least 250 mm beyond the end of the trumpet. In case of tendons with a minimum or reduced radius of curvature after the trumpet, the following minimum straight lengths after the end of trumpet are recommended.

- Degree of filling $0.35 \le f \le 0.50$, minimum straight length = 5 · d_i ≥ 250 mm
- Degree of filling $0.25 \le f \le 0.30$, minimum straight length = $8 \cdot d_i \ge 400$ mm

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Where

f...... Degree of filling di...... mm.......... Nominal inner diameter of duct

Before placing the concrete a final check of the installed tendon or duct is carried out.

In case of the single plane coupler K, the prestressing steel strands are provided with markers to be able to check the depth of engagement.

In the case of a moveable coupler it is ensured by means of the corresponding position and length of the coupler sheath, that in the area of the coupler sheath and corresponding trumpet area a displacement of the moveable coupler of at least $1.15 \cdot \Delta l + 30$ mm is possible without any hindrance, where ΔI is the maximum expected displacement of the coupler at stressing.

2.2.4.2 Stressing operation

With a mean concrete compressive strength in the anchorage zone according to the values laid down in Annex 18, Annex 19, Annex 20, Annex 21, Annex 22, Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26 full prestressing may be applied.

Stressing and, if applicable, wedging is carried out using a suitable prestressing jack. The wedging force corresponds to approximately 25 kN per wedge.

Elongation and prestressing forces are continuously checked during the stressing operation. The results of the stressing operation are recorded and the measured elongations compared with the prior calculated values.

After releasing the prestressing force from the prestressing jack, the tendon is pulled in and reduces the elongation by the amount of slip at the anchor head of the stressing anchorage.

Information on the prestressing equipment has been submitted to Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik. The ETA holder keeps available information on prestressing jacks and appropriate clearance behind the anchorage.

The safety-at-work and health protection regulations shall be complied with.

2.2.4.3 Restressing

Restressing of tendons in combination with release and reuse of wedges is permitted, whereas the wedges bite into a least 15 mm of virgin strand surface and no wedge bite remains inside the final length of the tendon between anchorages.

Tendons with 7-wire prestressing steel strands that remain restressable throughout the working life of the structure. Grease, wax, or an equivalent soft material is used as filling material or circulating dry air is used as corrosion protection. Moreover, a strand protrusion at the stressing anchor remains with a length compatible with the prestressing jack used.

2.2.4.4 Exchanging tendons

Exchange of unbonded tendons is permitted, subject of acceptance at the pace of use. The specifications for exchangeable tendons are defined during the design phase.

For exchangeable tendons, wax or grease is used as filling material or circulating dry air is used as corrosion protection. Moreover, a strand protrusion remains at the stressing anchor with a length allowing safe release of the complete prestressing force.

Stressing and fixed anchorages are accessible and adequate space is provided behind the anchorages.

2.2.4.5 Filling operations

2.2.4.5.1 Grouting

Grout is injected through the inlet holes until it escapes from the outlet tubes with the same consistency. To avoid voids in the hardened grout special measures are applied for long tendons, tendon paths with distinct high points, or inclined tendons. All vents, grouting inlets, Page 21 of European Technical Assessment ETA-09/0287 of 19.09.2018, replaces European technical approval ETA-09/0287 with validity from 30.06.2013 to 29.06.2018



and protection caps are sealed immediately after grouting. In case of couplers K, the second stage holes, wedges and springs are checked for cleanness before and immediately after grouting the first construction stage.

The standards observed for cement grouting in prestressing ducts are EN 445, EN 446, and EN 447 or the standards and regulations in force at the place of use are applied for ready mixed grout.

2.2.4.5.2 Filling with grease, wax, and an equivalent soft material

The recommendations of the supplier are relevant for the filling material applied. The filling process with grease, wax, and an equivalent soft material follows a similar procedure as the one specified for grouting. However, a different filling procedure might be possible if permitted at the place of use.

2.2.4.5.3 Circulating dry air

Actively circulating dry air allows for corrosion protection of tendons, provided a permanent monitoring of the drying and circulation system is in place. This is in general only applicable to structures of particular importance. The respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use are observed.

2.2.4.5.4 Filling records

The results of the grouting and filling operation are recorded in detail in filling records.

2.2.4.6 Welding

Ducts may be welded.

The helix may be welded to the square plate to secure its position.

After installation of the prestressing steel strands further welding operations may not be carried out on the tendons. In case of welding operations near tendons, precautionary measures are required to avoid damage to the corrosion protection system. However, plastic components may be welded even after installation of the tendons.

2.3 Assumed working life

The European Technical Assessment is based on an assumed working life of the BBR VT CONA CMI SP – Internal Post-tensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands of 100 years, provided that the BBR VT CONA CMI SP – Internal Post-tensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands is subject to appropriate installation, use, and maintenance, see Clause 2.2. These provisions are based upon the current state of the art and the available knowledge and experience.

In normal use conditions, the real working life may be considerably longer without major degradation affecting the basic requirements for construction works⁴.

The indications given as to the working life of the construction product cannot be interpreted as a guarantee, neither given by the product manufacturer or his representative nor by EOTA nor by the Technical Assessment Body, but are regarded only as a means for expressing the expected economically reasonable working life of the product.

The real working life of a product incorporated in a specific works depends on the environmental conditions to which that works are subject, as well as on the particular conditions of design, execution, use, and maintenance of that works. Therefore, it cannot be excluded that in certain cases the real working life of the product may also be shorter than the assumed working life.

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3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Essential characteristics

The performances of the BBR VT CONA CMI SP – Internal Post-tensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands for the essential characteristics are given in Table 9 and Table 10. In Annex 33 the combinations of essential characteristics and corresponding intended uses are listed.

 Table 9
 Essential characteristics and performances of the product

Nº	Essential characteristic	Product performance
	uct BR VT CONA CMI SP – Internal Post-tensionir ded use	ng System with 01 to 61 Strands
	ne PT system is intended to be used for the pro 1 and 2.	estressing of structures, Clause 2.1, Table 8, lines
	Basic requirement for construction work	s 1: Mechanical resistance and stability
1	Resistance to static load	See Clause 3.2.1.1.
2	Resistance to fatigue	See Clause 3.2.1.2.
3	Load transfer to the structure	See Clause 3.2.1.3.
4	Friction coefficient	See Clause 3.2.1.4.
5	Deviation, deflection (limits) for internal bonded and internal unbonded tendon	See Clause 3.2.1.5.
6	Assessment of assembly	See Clause 3.2.1.6.
7	Corrosion protection	See Clause 3.2.1.7.
	Basic requirement for construction	on works 2: Safety in case of fire
8	Reaction to fire	See Clause 3.2.2.1.
	Basic requirement for construction works	3: Hygiene, health and the environment
9	Content, emission and/or release of dangerous substances	See Clause 3.2.3.1.
	Basic requirement for construction we	orks 4: Safety and accessibility in use
	Not relevant. No characteristic assessed.	
	Basic requirement for construction	works 5: Protection against noise
	Not relevant. No characteristic assessed.	_
	Basic requirement for construction work	s 6: Energy economy and heat retention
_	Not relevant. No characteristic assessed.	<u> </u>
	Basic requirement for construction works	s 7: Sustainable use of natural resources
	No characteristic assessed.	_



Table 10 Essential characteristics and performances of the product in addition to Table 9 for an optional use category

Nº	Additional essential characteristic	Product performance
Optio Th №	BR VT CONA CMI SP – Internal Post-tensioning Inal use category The PT system is intended to be used for the process.	ng System with 01 to 61 Strands prestressing of structures, Clause 2.1, Table 8, line s with anchorage outside the possible cryogenic
	Basic requirement for construction work	s 1: Mechanical resistance and stability
10	Resistance to static load under cryogenic conditions for applications with anchorage/coupling outside the possible cryogenic zone	See Clause 3.2.4.1.

3.2 Product performance

- 3.2.1 Mechanical resistance and stability
- 3.2.1.1 Resistance to static load

The PT system as described in the ETA meets the acceptance criteria of EAD 160004-00-0301, Clause 2.2.1. The characteristic values of maximum force, F_{pk} , of the tendon for prestressing steel strands according to Annex 30 are listed in Annex 8 and Annex 9.

3.2.1.2 Resistance to fatigue

The PT system as described in the ETA meets the acceptance criteria of EAD 160004-00-0301, Clause 2.2.2. The characteristic values of maximum force, F_{pk} , of the tendon for prestressing steel strands according to Annex 30 are listed in Annex 8 and Annex 9.

3.2.1.3 Load transfer to the structure

The PT system as described in the ETA meets the acceptance criteria of EAD 160004-00-0301, Clause 2.2.3. The characteristic values of maximum force, F_{pk} , of the tendon for prestressing steel strands according Annex 30 are listed in Annex 8 and Annex 9.

3.2.1.4 Friction coefficient

For friction losses including friction coefficient see Clause 1.5.

3.2.1.5 Deviation, deflection (limits) for internal bonded and internal unbonded tendon

For minimum radii of curvature see Clause 1.9.

3.2.1.6 Assessment of assembly

The PT system as described in the ETA meets the acceptance criteria of EAD 160004-00-0301, Clause 2.2.7.

3.2.1.7 Corrosion protection

The PT system as described in the ETA meets the acceptance criteria of EAD 160004-00-0301, Clause 2.2.13.

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3.2.2 Safety in case of fire

3.2.2.1 Reaction to fire

The performance of components made of steel or cast iron is Class A1 without testing.

The performance of components of other materials has not been assessed.

- 3.2.3 Hygiene, health and the environment
- 3.2.3.1 Content, emission and/or release of dangerous substances

According to the manufacturer's declaration, the PT system does not contain dangerous substances.

SVOC and VOC

The performance of components made of steel or cast iron that are free of coating with organic material is no emission of SVOC and VOC.

The performance of components of other materials has not been assessed.

Leachable substances

The product is not intended to be in direct contact to soil, ground water, and surface water.

- 3.2.4 Mechanical resistance and stability
- 3.2.4.1 Resistance to static load under cryogenic conditions for applications with anchorage/coupling outside the possible cryogenic zone

The PT system as described in the ETA meets the acceptance criteria of EAD 160004-00-0301, Clause 2.2.8. The characteristic values of maximum force, F_{pk} , of the tendon for prestressing steel strands according to Annex 30 are listed in Annex 8 and Annex 9.

3.3 Assessment methods

The assessment of the essential characteristics in Clause 3.1 of the BBR VT CONA CMI SP – Internal Post-tensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands for the intended uses and in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability, safety in case of fire, and for hygiene, health and the environment in the sense of the basic requirements for construction works № 1, 2, and 3 of Regulation (EU) № 305/2011 has been made in accordance with Annex A of EAD 160004-00-0301, Post-tensioning kits for prestressing of structures, for

- Item 1, Internal bonded tendon
- Item 2, Internal unbonded tendon
- Item 8, Optional Use Category. Internal tendon Cryogenic applications with anchorage/coupling outside the possible cryogenic zone

3.4 Identification

The European Technical Assessment for the BBR VT CONA CMI SP – Internal Post-tensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands is issued on the basis of agreed data⁵ that identify the assessed product. Changes to materials, to composition, or to characteristics of the product, or to the production process could result in these deposited data being incorrect. Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik should be notified before the changes are introduced, as an amendment of the European Technical Assessment is possibly necessary.

The technical file of the European Technical Assessment is deposited at Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik.

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Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (hereinafter AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

System of assessment and verification of constancy of performance

According to Commission Decision 98/456/EC the system of assessment and verification of constancy of performance to be applied to the BBR VT CONA CMI SP - Internal Post-tensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands is System 1+. System 1+ is detailed in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) № 568/2014 of 18 February 2014, Annex, point 1.1., and provides for the following items.

- (a) The manufacturer shall carry out
 - (i) factory production control;
 - (ii) further testing of samples taken at the manufacturing plant by the manufacturer in accordance with the prescribed test plan6.
- (b) The notified product certification body shall decide on the issuing, restriction, suspension, or withdrawal of the certificate of constancy of performance of the construction product on the basis of the outcome of the following assessments and verifications carried out by that body
 - an assessment of the performance of the construction product carried out on the basis of testing (including sampling), calculation, tabulated values, or descriptive documentation of the product;
 - (ii) initial inspection of the manufacturing plant and of factory production control;
 - (iii) continuing surveillance, assessment, and evaluation of factory production control;
 - (iv) audit-testing of samples taken by the notified product certification body at the manufacturing plant or at the manufacturer's storage facilities.

AVCP for construction products for which a European Technical Assessment has been issued

Notified bodies undertaking tasks under System 1+ shall consider the European Technical Assessment issued for the construction product in question as the assessment of the performance of that product. Notified bodies shall therefore not undertake the tasks referred to in Clause 4.1, point (b) (i).

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD

Tasks for the manufacturer 5.1

5.1.1 Factory production control

The kit manufacturer exercises permanent internal control of the production. All the elements, procedures, and specifications adopted by the kit manufacturer are documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures.

- Control of the incoming materials
 - The manufacturer checks the incoming materials to establish conformity with their specifications.
- Inspection and testing

Kind and frequency of inspections, tests, and checks, conducted during production and on the final product normally include.

The prescribed test plan has been deposited with Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik and is handed over only to the notified product certification body involved in the procedure for the assessment and verification of constancy of performance. The prescribed test plan is also referred to as control plan.

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- Definition of the number of samples taken by the kit manufacturer
- Material properties e.g. tensile strength, hardness, surface finish, chemical composition,
- Determination of the dimensions of components
- Check correct assembly
- Documentation of tests and test results

All tests are performed according to written procedures with suitable calibrated measuring devices. All results of inspections, tests, and checks are recorded in a consistent and systematic way. The basic elements of the prescribed test plan are given in Annex 31, conform to EAD 160004-00-0301, Table 3, and are specified in the quality management plan of the BBR VT CONA CMI SP – Internal Post-tensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands.

The results of inspections, tests, and checks are evaluated for conformity. Shortcomings request the manufacturer to immediately implement measures to eliminate the defects.

Control of non-conforming products

Products, which are considered as not conforming to the prescribed test plan, are immediately marked and separated from such products that do conform. Factory production control addresses control of non-conforming products.

Complaints

Factory production control includes procedures to keep records of all complaints about the PT system.

The records are presented to the notified product certification body involved in continuous surveillance and are kept at least for ten years after the product has been placed on the market. On request, the records are presented to Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik.

At least once a year the manufacturer audits the manufacturers of the components given in Annex 32.

5.1.2 Declaration of performance

The manufacturer is responsible for preparing the declaration of performance. When all the criteria of the assessment and verification of constancy of performance are met, including the certificate of constancy of performance issued by the notified product certification body, the manufacturer draws up the declaration of performance. Essential characteristics to be included in the declaration of performance for the corresponding intended use are given in Table 9 and Table 10. In Annex 33 the combinations of essential characteristics and corresponding intended uses are listed.

Tasks for the notified product certification body

5.2.1 Initial inspection of the manufacturing plant and of factory production control

> The notified product certification body establishes that, in accordance with the prescribed test plan, the manufacturing plant, in particular personnel and equipment, and the factory production control are suitable to ensure a continuous manufacturing of the PT system according to the given technical specifications. For the most important activities, EAD 160004-00-0301, Table 4 summarises the minimum procedure.

5.2.2 Continuing surveillance, assessment and evaluation of factory production control

> The activities are conducted by the notified product certification body and include surveillance inspections. The kit manufacturer is inspected at least once a year. Factory production control is inspected and samples are taken for independent single tensile element tests.

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For the most important activities, the control plan according to EAD 160004-00-0301, Table 4 summarises the minimum procedure. It is verified that the system of factory production control and the specified manufacturing process are maintained, taking account of the control plan.

Each manufacturer of the components given in Annex 32 is audited at least once in five years. It is verified that the system of factory production control and the specified manufacturing process are maintained, taking account of the prescribed test plan.

The results of continuous surveillance are made available on demand by the notified product certification body to Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik. When the provisions of the European Technical Assessment and the prescribed test plan are no longer fulfilled, the certificate of constancy of performance is withdrawn by the notified product certification body

5.2.3 Audit-testing of samples taken by the notified product certification body at the manufacturing plant or at the manufacturer's storage facilities

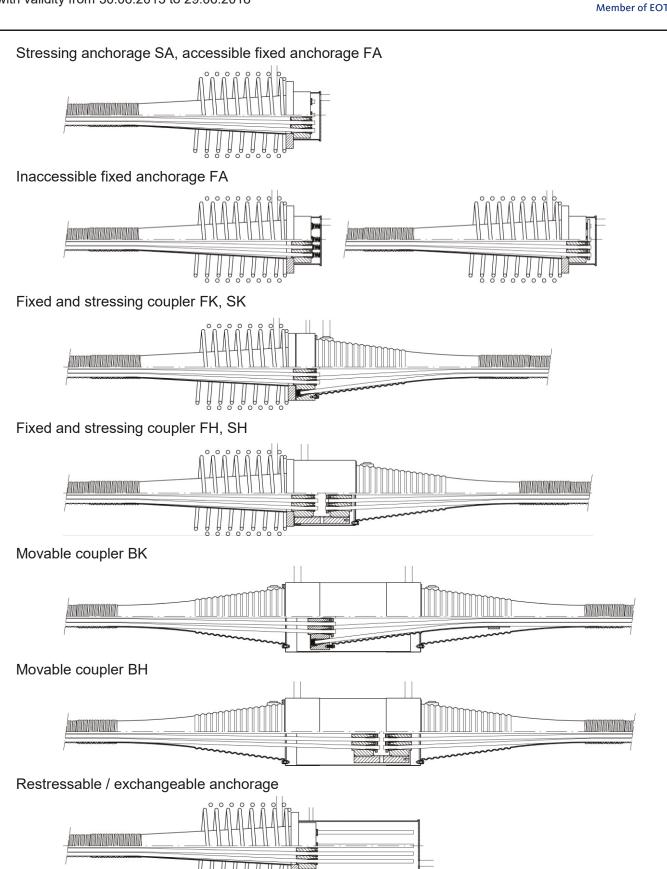
During surveillance inspection, the notified product certification body takes samples of components of the PT system for independent testing. Audit-testing is conducted at least once a year by the notified product certification body. For the most important components, Annex 32 summarises the minimum procedures. Annex 32 conforms to EAD 160004-00-0301, Table 4. In particular, at least once a year, the notified product certification body also carries out one single tensile element test series according to EAD 160004-00-0301, Annex C.7 and Clause 3.3.4 on specimens taken from the manufacturing plant or at the manufacturer's storage facility.

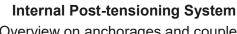
Issued in Vienna on 19 September 2018 by Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik

The original document is signed by

Rainer Mikulits
Managing Director

CONA CMI SP





of European Technical Assessment ETA-09/0287 of 19.09.2018

Annex 1

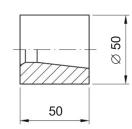
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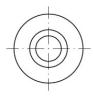
Anchorage CONA CMI SP 0106

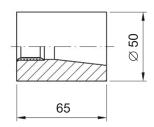
Anchor head A3



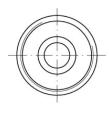


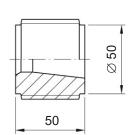
Anchor head A7



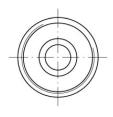


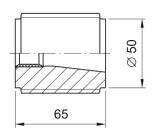
Coupler anchor head H1



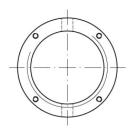


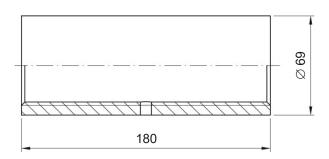
Coupler anchor head H2





Coupler sleeve H





Dimensions in mm

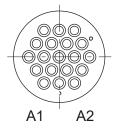


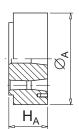
Internal Post-tensioning System Anchorage and coupler CONA CMI SP 0106

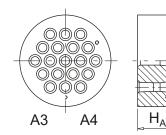
Annex 2



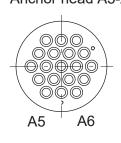


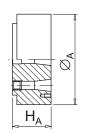


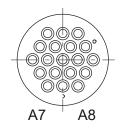


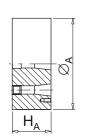


Anchor head A5-A8





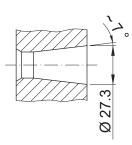




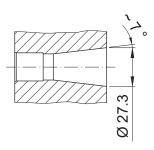
Ring cushion Anchor head A5-A8







Cone A5–A8



Dimensions in mm

Number of strands		02	03	04	05	06	07	80	09	12	13	15	16
Anchor head													
Nominal diameter Ø _A n	mm	90	100	100	130	130	130	150	160	160	180	200	200
	mm	50	50	50	50	55	55	60	60	65	72	75	80
Height head A5-A8 mm		65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	70	72	75	80

Number of strands		19	22	24	25	27	31	37	42	43	48	55	61
Anchor head													
Nominal diameter Ø _A	mm	200	225	240	255	255	255	285	300	320	325	335	365
	mm	85	95	100	100	105	110	_	_	_	_	_	
Height head A5-A8	mm	85	95	100	100	105	110	120	130	130	140	150	155



Internal Post-tensioning System Anchor heads

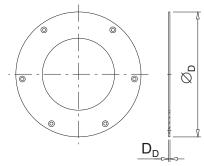
Annex 3

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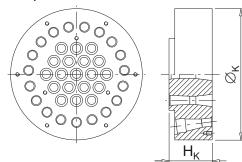
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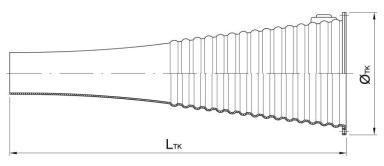


Coupler head K



Trumpet K

Number of strands



02

03

Coupler head K											
Diameter	Øĸ	mm	195	195	195	210	210	210	250	250	250
Height	H_{K}	mm	85	85	85	85	85	85	90	90	90
Cover plate											
Diameter	\varnothing_{D}	mm	192	192	192	207	207	207	246	246	246
Thickness	D_D	mm	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Trumpet K											
Diameter	Øtk	mm	185	185	185	203	203	203	240	240	240
Length	L_{TK}	mm	470	470	470	640	640	640	845	845	730
Number of stran	ıds		13	15	16	19	22	24	25	27	31
Coupler head K											
Diameter	\emptyset_{K}	mm	290	290	290	290	310	340	390	390	390
Height	H_{K}	mm	90	90	95	95	105	120	125	125	130
Cover plate											
Diameter	\varnothing_{D}	mm	286	286	286	286	306	336	386	386	386
Thickness	D_D	mm	3	3	3	3	5	5	5	5	5
Trumpet K											
Trumpet K											
Diameter Diameter	Ø _{TK}	mm	275	275	275	275	305	330	375	375	375

04

05

06

07

80

09

12



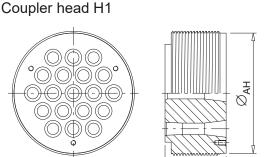
Internal Post-tensioning System

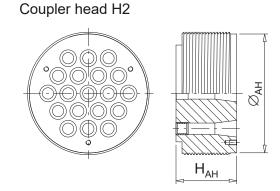
Coupler K and trumpet K

Annex 4

 $H_{\underline{A}\underline{H}}$



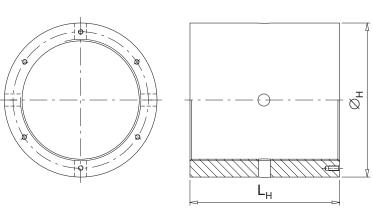




Ring cushion Coupler head H2

20

Coupler sleeve H



Dimensions in mm

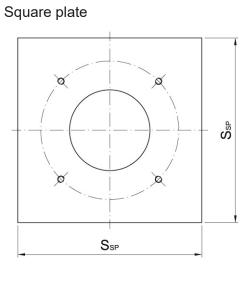
Number of strands						06	07	08	09	12	13	15	16
Coupler anchor head	ds H1	and H2	2										
Nominal diameter Ø	_{.H} mn	90	95	100	130	130	130	150	160	160	180	200	200
Height head H1	mn	50	50	55	55	60	65	65	70	80	80	80	85
Height head H2	H mn	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	70	80	80	80	85
Coupler sleeve H													
Minimum diameter Ø	_H mn	114	124	133	163	167	170	192	203	213	233	259	259
Length sleeve L	н mn	180	180	180	180	190	200	200	210	230	230	240	250
Number of strands		19	22	24	25	27	31	37	42	43	48	55	61
Coupler anchor head	ls H1	and H2	2										
Nominal diameter Ø	_{.H} mn	200	225	240	255	255	255	285	300	320	325	335	365
Height head H1	mn	95	100	100	100	105	115						_
Height head H2	H mn	95	100	100	100	105	115	125	135	135	145	160	160
Coupler sleeve H													
Minimum diameter Ø	H mn	269	296	312	327	330	338	373	395	413	425	443	475
Length sleeve L	mn	270	270	280	280	300	320	340	360	360	380	410	410

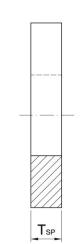


Internal Post-tensioning System Coupler H

Annex 5

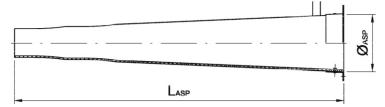




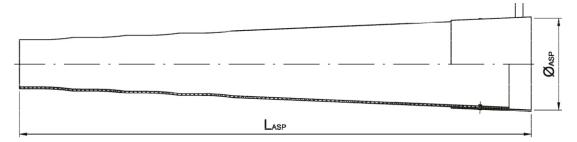


Minimum dimensions see Annexes 18 to 26.

Trumpet A SP 0206 – 2406



Trumpet A SP 2506 - 6106



Number of stra	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	12	13	15	16		
Trumpet A SP														
Diameter	\emptyset_{ASP}	mm	70	70	70	90	90	90	112	127	127	142	160	160
Length	L _{ASP}	mm	421	421	421	401	401	401	655	739	739	794	894	894

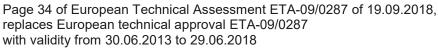
Number of stran	ds		19	22	24	25	27	31	37	42	43	48	55	61
Trumpet A SP														
Diameter	\varnothing_{ASP}	mm	160	180	195	210	210	210	230	245	270	270	270	305
Length	L _{ASP}	mm	894	1 017	1 196	1 150	1 150	1 150	1 270	1 315	1 506	1 506	1 506	1 684



Internal Post-tensioning System

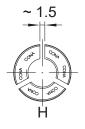
Square plate and trumpet A SP

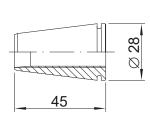
Annex 6

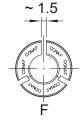


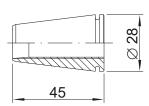








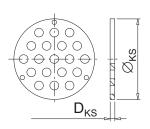




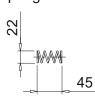
Tension ring



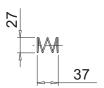
Wedge retaining plate KS



Spring A



Spring K



Dimensions in mm

Number of str	ands		02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	12	13	15	16
Wedge retaining plate KS														
Diameter	Øĸs	mm	65	73	91	117	117	117	130	157	157	145	185	185
Thickness	D _{KS}	mm	5	5	5	5	5	5	8	8	8	10	10	10

Number of stra	19	22	19	22	24	25	27	31	37	42	43	48		
Wedge retaining plate KS														
Diameter	Øks	mm	185	205	232	234	234	234	240	275	275	275	310	310
Thickness	D _{KS}	mm	10	10	10	10	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	12



Internal Post-tensioning System

Wedges and accessories

Annex 7



CONA CMI	SP n06-140			
Number of	Nominal cross-sectional	Nominal mass of		stic value of rce of tendon
strands	area of prestressing steel	prestressing steel	f _{pk} = 1 770 MPa	f _{pk} = 1860 MPa
n	Ap	M	F _{pk}	F _{pk}
	mm ²	kg/m	kN	kN
01	140	1.1	248	260
02	280	2.2	496	520
03	420	3.3	744	780
04	560	4.4	992	1 040
05	700	5.5	1 240	1 300
06	840	6.6	1 488	1 560
07	980	7.7	1 736	1 820
08	1 120	8.7	1 984	2 080
09	1 260	9.8	2 232	2 340
12	1 680	13.1	2 976	3 120
13	1 820	14.2	3 224	3 380
15	2 100	16.4	3 720	3 900
16	2 240	17.5	3 968	4 160
19	2 660	20.8	4 712	4 940
22	3 080	24.0	5 456	5 720
24	3 360	26.2	5 952	6 240
25	3 500	27.3	6 200	6 500
27	3 780	29.5	6 696	7 020
31	4 340	33.9	7 688	8 060
37	5 180	40.4	9 176	9 620
42	5 880	45.9	10 416	10 920
43	6 020	47.0	10 664	11 180
48	6 720	52.5	11 904	12 480
55	7 700	60.1	13 640	14 300
61	8 540	66.7	15 128	15 860

Internal Post-tensioning System Tendon ranges for CONA CMI SP n06-140

Annex 8

Member of EOTA





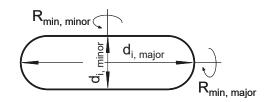
CONA CMI SP n06-150

Number of strands	Nominal cross-sectional	Nominal mass of		stic value of rce of tendon
Stratius	area of prestressing steel	prestressing steel	f _{pk} = 1770 MPa	f _{pk} = 1860 MPa
n	A_p	М	F_pk	F _{pk}
_	mm ²	kg/m	kN	kN
01	150	1.2	266	279
02	300	2.3	532	558
03	450	3.5	798	837
04	600	4.7	1 064	1 116
05	750	5.9	1 330	1 395
06	900	7.0	1 596	1 674
07	1 050	8.2	1 862	1 953
08	1 200	9.4	2 128	2 232
09	1 350	10.5	2 394	2 511
12	1 800	14.1	3 192	3 348
13	1 950	15.2	3 458	3 627
15	2 250	17.6	3 990	4 185
16	2 400	18.8	4 256	4 464
19	2 850	22.3	5 054	5 301
22	3 300	25.8	5 852	6 138
24	3 600	28.1	6 384	6 696
25	3 750	29.3	6 650	6 975
27	4 050	31.6	7 182	7 533
31	4 650	36.3	8 246	8 649
37	5 550	43.4	9 842	10 323
42	6 300	49.2	11 172	11 718
43	6 450	50.4	11 438	11 997
48	7 200	56.3	12 768	13 392
55	8 250	64.5	14 630	15 345
61	9 150	71.5	16 226	17 019



Internal Post-tensioning System Tendon ranges for CONA CMI SP n06-150 Annex 9





Inner dimensions, d_i, of flat duct and minimum radius of curvature, R_{min} , for $p_{R,\,max}$ = 200 kN/m

Number of strands	Inner din	nensions	Radius of	of curvature		
n	d _{i, major}	d _{i, minor}	$R_{\text{min, major}}$	R _{min, minor}		
_	mm	mm	m	m		
02	40	20	2.0	2.1		
03	55	20	2.0	3.1		
04	70	20	2.0	4.2		
05	85	20	2.0	5.2		

Inner dimensions, d_i, of flat duct and minimum radius of curvature, R_{min} , for $p_{R,\,max}$ = 140 kN/m

Number of strands	Inner din	nensions	Radius of curvature		
n	d _{i, major}	d _{i, minor}	$R_{\text{min, major}}$	R _{min, minor}	
_	mm	mm	m	m	
02	40	20	2.0	3.0	
03	55	20	2.0	4.5	
04	70	20	2.0	6.0	
05	85	20	2.0	7.5	



Internal Post-tensioning System

Minimum radius of curvature of flat duct

Annex 10



Inner diameter of circular duct, d_i, and minimum radius of curvature, R_{min} , for $p_{R,\,\text{max}}$ = 200 kN/m

Number of strands	f ≈ ().35	f≈	0.40	f≈	0.45	f≈	0.50
n	d _i	R _{min}	di	R _{min}	di	R _{min}	d _i	R _{min}
_	mm	m	mm	m	mm	m	mm	m
01	35	2.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
02	35	2.0	_	_	_			_
03	40	2.5						
04	45	2.9	45	2.9	_			_
05	50	3.3	50	3.3	—		—	
06	55	3.6	55	3.6	_			
07	60	3.8	60	3.8	_		_	_
08	65	4.0	60	4.4	60	4.4	_	
09	70	4.2	65	4.5	60	4.9	60	4.9
12	80	4.9	75	5.3	70	5.6	70	5.6
13	85	5.0	80	5.3	75	5.7	70	6.1
15	90	5.5	85	5.8	80	6.2	75	6.6
16	95	5.5	85	6.2	80	6.6	80	6.6
19	100	6.2	95	6.6	90	6.9	85	7.3
22	110	6.6	100	7.2	95	7.6	90	8.0
24	115	6.9	105	7.5	100	7.9	95	8.3
25	115	7.1	110	7.5	105	7.8	100	8.2
27	120	7.4	115	7.7	105	8.4	100	8.9
31	130	7.8	120	8.5	115	8.8	110	9.3
37	140	8.7	135	9.0	125	9.7	120	10.1
42	150	9.2	140	9.8	135	10.2	125	11.0
43	155	9.1	145	9.7	135	10.5	130	11.0
48	160	9.8	150	10.5	145	10.9	135	11.7
55	175	10.3	160	11.3	155	11.6	145	12.5
61	180	11.1	170	11.8	160	12.5	155	12.9



Internal Post-tensioning System

Minimum radius of curvature of circular duct for $p_{R, max} = 200 \text{ kN/m}$

Annex 11



Inner diameter of circular duct, d_i, and minimum radius of curvature, R_{min} , for $p_{R,\,\text{max}}$ = 140 kN/m

Number of strands	f ≈ (0.35	f≈	0.40	f≈	0.45	f≈	0.50
n	di	R_{min}	di	R _{min}	di	R _{min}	d _i	R _{min}
_	mm	m	mm	m	mm	m	mm	m
01	35	2.0	_	—	_	—	_	—
02	35	2.7	_		_		_	_
03	40	3.5					_	—
04	45	4.2	45	4.2			_	_
05	50	4.7	50	4.7	—		—	—
06	55	5.1	55	5.1			_	
07	60	5.5	60	5.5	_		_	_
08	65	5.8	60	6.3	60	6.3	_	
09	70	6.0	65	6.5	60	7.0	60	7.0
12	80	7.0	75	7.5	70	8.0	70	8.0
13	85	7.2	80	7.6	75	8.1	70	8.7
15	90	7.8	85	8.3	80	8.8	75	9.4
16	95	7.9	85	8.8	80	9.4	80	9.4
19	100	8.9	95	9.4	90	9.9	85	10.5
22	110	9.4	100	10.3	95	10.9	90	11.5
24	115	9.8	105	10.7	100	11.3	95	11.8
25	115	10.2	110	10.7	105	11.2	100	11.7
27	120	10.6	115	11.0	105	12.1	100	12.7
31	130	11.2	120	12.1	115	12.6	110	13.2
37	140	12.4	135	12.9	125	13.9	120	14.5
42	150	13.1	140	14.1	135	14.6	125	15.8
43	155	13.0	145	13.9	135	14.9	130	15.5
48	160	14.1	150	15.0	145	15.5	135	16.7
55	175	14.7	160	16.1	155	16.6	145	17.8
61	180	15.9	170	16.8	160	17.9	155	18.5



Internal Post-tensioning System

Minimum radius of curvature of circular duct for $p_{R, max} = 140 \text{ kN/m}$

Annex 12



Tendon			Minim	num centre	spacing a	$a_c = b_c$	
f _{cm, 0, cube, 150}	MPa	26	28	34	38	43	46
$f_{\text{cm, 0, cylinder,}} \varnothing 150$	MPa	21	23	28	31	35	38
CONA CMI SP 0106	mm	120	115	105	100	95	95
CONA CMI SP 0206	mm	170	165	150	145	135	135
CONA CMI SP 0306	mm	205	200	185	175	170	165
CONA CMI SP 0406	mm	235	230	210	200	190	185
CONA CMI SP 0506	mm	265	255	240	225	215	210
CONA CMI SP 0606	mm	290	280	260	245	230	225
CONA CMI SP 0706	mm	315	300	280	270	255	245
CONA CMI SP 0806	mm	335	320	300	285	270	260
CONA CMI SP 0906	mm	355	340	315	300	285	275
CONA CMI SP 1206	mm	410	395	365	345	330	320
CONA CMI SP 1306	mm	425	410	380	360	340	330
CONA CMI SP 1506	mm	455	440	410	390	370	360
CONA CMI SP 1606	mm	470	455	420	400	380	370
CONA CMI SP 1906	mm	510	490	455	435	415	405
CONA CMI SP 2206	mm	550	530	490	465	445	435
CONA CMI SP 2406	mm	575	550	515	485	465	455
CONA CMI SP 2506	mm	585	565	520	495	470	460
CONA CMI SP 2706	mm	605	585	540	515	490	480
CONA CMI SP 3106	mm	650	625	580	555	535	520
CONA CMI SP 3706	mm	715	715	715	715	715	715
CONA CMI SP 4206	mm	765	765	765	765	765	765
CONA CMI SP 4306	mm	775	775	775	775	775	775
CONA CMI SP 4806	mm	830	830	830	830	830	830
CONA CMI SP 5506	mm	905	905	905	905	905	905
CONA CMI SP 6106	mm	960	960	960	960	960	960



Internal Post-tensioning System Minimum centre spacing

Annex 13



Tendon			Minim	um centre	spacing a	$a_c = b_c$	
f _{cm, 0, cube, 150}	MPa	26	28	34	38	43	46
f _{cm, 0, cylinder, ∅ 150}	MPa	21	23	28	31	35	38
CONA CMI SP 0106	mm	50 + c	50 + c	45 + c	40 + c	40 + c	40 + c
CONA CMI SP 0206	mm	75 + c	75 + c	65 + c	65 + c	60 + c	60 + c
CONA CMI SP 0306	mm	95 + c	90 + c	85 + c	80 + c	75 + c	75 + c
CONA CMI SP 0406	mm	110 + c	105 + c	95 + c	90 + c	85 + c	85 + c
CONA CMI SP 0506	mm	125 + c	120 + c	110 + c	105 + c	100 + c	95 + c
CONA CMI SP 0606	mm	135 + c	130 + c	120 + c	115 + c	105 + c	105 + c
CONA CMI SP 0706	mm	150 + c	140 + c	130 + c	125 + c	120 + c	115 + c
CONA CMI SP 0806	mm	160 + c	150 + c	140 + c	135 + c	125 + c	120 + c
CONA CMI SP 0906	mm	170 + c	160 + c	150 + c	140 + c	135 + c	130 + c
CONA CMI SP 1206	mm	195 + c	190 + c	175 + c	165 + c	155 + c	150 + c
CONA CMI SP 1306	mm	205 + c	195 + c	180 + c	170 + c	160 + c	155 + c
CONA CMI SP 1506	mm	220 + c	210 + c	195 + c	185 + c	175 + c	170 + c
CONA CMI SP 1606	mm	225 + c	220 + c	200 + c	190 + c	180 + c	175 + c
CONA CMI SP 1906	mm	245 + c	235 + c	220 + c	210 + c	200 + c	195 + c
CONA CMI SP 2206	mm	265 + c	255 + c	235 + c	225 + c	215 + c	210 + c
CONA CMI SP 2406	mm	280 + c	265 + c	250 + c	235 + c	225 + c	220 + c
CONA CMI SP 2506	mm	285 + c	275 + c	250 + c	240 + c	225 + c	220 + c
CONA CMI SP 2706	mm	295 + c	285 + c	260 + c	250 + c	235 + c	230 + c
CONA CMI SP 3106	mm	315 + c	305 + c	280 + c	270 + c	260 + c	250 + c
CONA CMI SP 3706	mm	350 + c	350 + c	350 + c	350 + c	350 + c	350 + c
CONA CMI SP 4206	mm	375 + c	375 + c	375 + c	375 + c	375 + c	375 + c
CONA CMI SP 4306	mm	380 + c	380 + c	380 + c	380 + c	380 + c	380 + c
CONA CMI SP 4806	mm	405 + c	405 + c	405 + c	405 + c	405 + c	405 + c
CONA CMI SP 5506	mm	445 + c	445 + c	445 + c	445 + c	445 + c	445 + c
CONA CMI SP 6106	mm	470 + c	470 + c	470 + c	470 + c	470 + c	470 + c



Internal Post-tensioning System Minimum edge distance

Annex 14



Material specifications

Component	Standard / Specification
Anchor head A CONA CMI SP 0106 to 6106	EN 10083-1 EN 10083-2
Coupler anchor head K CONA CMI SP 0206 to 3106	EN 10083-1 EN 10083-2
Coupler anchor head H CONA CMI SP 0106 to 6106	EN 10083-1 EN 10083-2
Square plate CONA CMI SP 0106 to 6106	EN 10025-2
Coupler sleeve H CONA CMI SP 0106 to 6106	EN 10210-1
Wedge retaining plate, cover plate KS CONA CMI SP 0106 to 6106	EN 10025-2
Trumpet A and K	EN ISO 17855-1
Ring cushion	EN ISO 17855-1 EN ISO 19069-1
Tension ring B	EN 10210-1
Ring wedge H and F	EN 10277-2 EN 10084
Spring A and K	EN 10270-1
Helix	Ribbed reinforcing steel $R_e \geq 500 \text{ MPa}$
Additional reinforcement, stirrups	Ribbed reinforcing steel $R_e \ge 500 \text{ MPa}$
Sheaths	EN 523



Internal Post-tensioning System Material specifications

Annex 15



Maximum prestr	essing	and over	stressing	g forces							
		Maxim		tressing f F _{p0.1}	orce 1)	Maximu	ximum overstressing force 1), 2) 0.95 · F _{p0.1}				
Designation	_	CONA CMI SP									
Designatio	[1	n06-	-140	n06	-150	n06-	140	n06-	n06-150		
Characteristic tensile strength	MPa	1 770	1 860	1 770	1 860	1 770	1 860	1 770	1 860		
_		kN	kN	kN	kN	kN	kN	kN	kN		
	01	196	206	211	221	207	218	222	234		
	02	392	412	421	443	414	435	445	467		
	03	589	618	632	664	621	653	667	701		
	04	785	824	842	886	828	870	889	935		
	05	981	1 031	1 053	1 107	1 036	1 088	1 112	1 169		
	06	1 177	1 237	1 264	1 328	1 243	1 305	1 334	1 402		
	07	1 373	1 443	1 474	1 550	1 450	1 523	1 556	1 636		
	08	1 570	1 649	1 685	1 771	1 657	1 740	1 778	1870		
	09	1 766	1 855	1 895	1 993	1 864	1 958	2 001	2 103		
	12	2 354	2 473	2 527	2 657	2 485	2611	2 668	2 804		
	13	2 551	2 679	2 738	2 878	2 692	2 828	2 890	3 038		
n	15	2 943	3 092	3 159	3 321	3 107	3 263	3 335	3 506		
Number	16	3 139	3 298	3 370	3 542	3 314	3 481	3 557	3 739		
of strands	19	3 728	3 9 1 6	4 001	4 207	3 935	4 133	4 224	4 440		
	22	4 3 1 6	4 534	4 633	4 871	4 556	4 786	4 891	5 141		
	24	4 709	4 946	5 054	5 314	4 970	5 221	5 335	5 609		
	25	4 905	5 153	5 265	5 535	5 178	5 439	5 558	5 843		
	27	5 297	5 565	5 686	5 978	5 592	5 874	6 002	6 3 1 0		
	31	6 082	6 389	6 529	6 863	6 420	6 744	6 891	7 245		
	37	7 259	7 626	7 792	8 192	7 663	8 049	8 225	8 647		
	42	8 240	8 656	8 845	9 299	8 698	9 137	9 337	9 815		
	43	8 437	8 862	9 056	9 520	8 905	9 355	9 559	10 049		
	48	9 4 1 8	9 893	10 109	10 627	9 941	10 442	10 670	11 218		
	55	10 791	11 336	11 583	12 177	11 391	11 965	12 227	12 854		
	61	11 968	12 572	12 847	13 505	12 633	13 271	13 560	14 256		

- The given values are maximum values according to Eurocode 2. The actual values are taken from the standards and regulations in force at the place of use. Conformity with the stabilisation and crack width criteria in the load transfer test has been verified to a load level of $0.80 \cdot F_{pk}$.
- Overstressing is permitted if the force in the prestressing jack is measured to an accuracy of \pm 5 % of the final value of the prestressing force.

Where

F_{pk}.....Characteristic value of maximum force of tendon

F_{p0.1}...Characteristic value of 0.1% proof force of the tendon



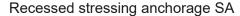
Internal Post-tensioning System

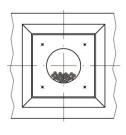
Maximum prestressing and overstressing forces

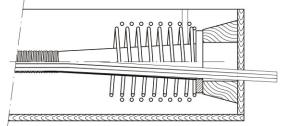
Annex 16

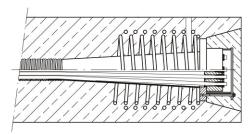
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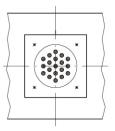


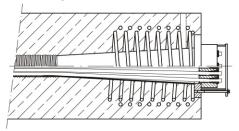




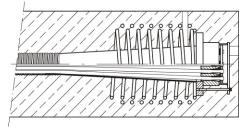


Exposed stressing anchorage SA

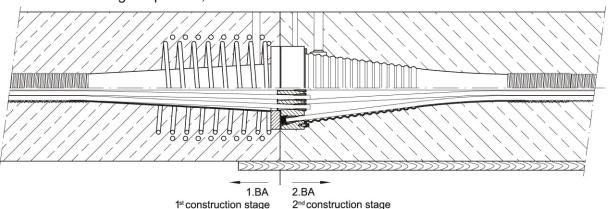




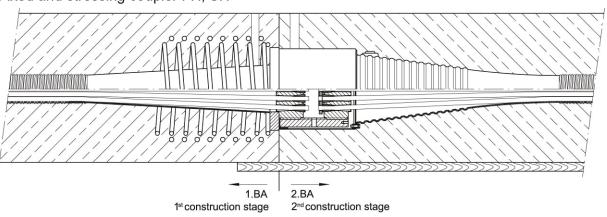
Fixed anchorage FA



Fixed and stressing coupler FK, SK



Fixed and stressing coupler FH, SH





Internal Post-tensioning System

Construction stages

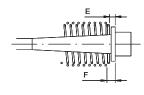
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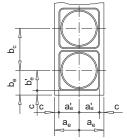
Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler

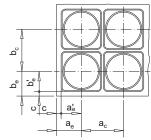




 $a_e = a'_e + c$ $b_e = b'_e + c$ c ... Concrete cover

Centre spacing and edge distance





				Ţ	1			
BBR VT CONA CMI SP				0106				
Strand arrangement						0		
7-wire prestressing sto sectional area 150 mm	eel strand – Nomina ² Maximum chara	l diame acteristi	eter 1 c ten	5.7 m sile st	ı m trengt	. Non th 18	ninal o	cross- Pa ¹⁾
	Tendo	n						
Cross-sectional area	A_p	mm ²	150					
Char. value of maximum fo	rce F _{pk}	kN	279					
Char. value of 0.1 % proof	force F _{p0.1}	kN				246		
Maximum prestressing force	e $0.90 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN				221		
Maximum overstressing for	ce $0.95 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN				234		
	rete strength / Helix g and edge distanc gth							
Cube	ibe f _{cm, 0, cube, 150}			28	34	38	43	46
Cylinder	f cm, 0, cylinder, ∅ 150	MPa	21	23	28	31	35	38
Helix, ribbed reinforcing	steel, R _e ≥ 500 MPa							
Outer diameter		mm	100	100	75	75	75	75
Bar diameter		mm	10	10	10	8	8	8
Length approximately		mm	100	100	78	76	76	76
Pitch		mm	45	45	45	45	45	45
Number of pitches		_	3	3	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Distance	E	mm	20	20	20	20	20	20
Additional reinforcement	ribbed reinforcing	steel,	R _e ≥	500 N	/IPa			
Number of stirrups		mm	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bar diameter		mm	6	6	6	6	6	6
Spacing		mm	80	75	70	65	60	60
Distance from anchor plate		mm	40	40	40	40	40	40
Minimum outer dimensions		mm	100	95	85	80	75	75
Centre spacing and edge		ı						
Minimum centre spacing	a _c , b _c	mm	120				95	95
Minimum edge distance	a' _e , b' _e	mm	50	50	45	40	40	40
Square plate dimensions		1	00	00	00	00	00	
Side length	S _{SP}	mm	80	80	80	80	80	80
Thickness	T _{SP}	mm	20	20	20	20	20	20

- ¹⁾ ... Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1 860 MPa may also be used.
- $^{2)}\ldots$ The square plate dimensions are minimum values, therefore larger or thicker plates may be used.



Internal Post-tensioning System

Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance Square plate dimensions

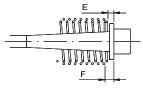
Annex 18

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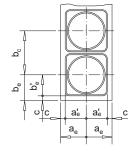
Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler

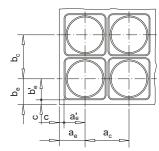




 $a_e = a'_e + c$ $b_e = b'_e + c$ c ... Concrete cover

Centre spacing and edge distance





BBR VT CONA CMI SP	0206	0306	0406
Strand arrangement			

7-wire prestressing steel strand

Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1860 MPa ¹⁾

		Tendon		
Cross-sectional area A _p	$\mathrm{mm^2}$	300	450	600
Char. value of maximum force F _{pk}	kN	558	837	1 116
Char. value of 0.1 % proof force $F_{p0.1}$	kN	492	738	984
Max. prestressing force $0.90 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	443	664	886
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Maximum overstressing} \\ \text{force} \end{array} 0.95 \cdot F_{\text{p0.1}}$	kN	467	701	935

force 0.95 · F _{pt}	.1 kN		467						701					935					
Minimum concrete strength /	Helix /	Addi	tional	reint	force	ment	/ Cen	tre s	pacin	g and	d edg	e dis	tance	/ Sqı	ıare	olate	dime	nsion	ıs
Minimum concrete strength	Minimum concrete strength																		
Cube f _{cm, 0, cube, 1}	_{io} MPa	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46
	_{io} MPa	21	23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38
Helix, ribbed reinforcing steel, R _e ≥ 500 MPa																			
Outer diameter	mm	130	130	100	100	100	100	165	160	130	130	120	120	195	190	165	150	145	140
Bar diameter	mm	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Length approximately	mm	145	145	123	123	123	123	168	168	145	145	145	145	190	190	168	168	168	168
Pitch	mm	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Number of pitches	<u> </u>	4	4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	4.5	4.5	4	4	4	4	5	5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Distance	∃ mm	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	25	25	25	25	25	25
Additional reinforcement, ribbe	d reinfo	rcing	stee	I, R _e	≥ 500	MPa													
Number of stirrups	mm	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	6	5	5	5	4	3	5	4	4	4
Bar diameter	mm	6	6	6	6	6	6	10	10	8	8	8	8	10	10	10	10	10	10
Spacing	mm	110	110	60	55	90	90	80	80	30	35	35	35	65	90	45	55	50	50
Distance from anchor plate	Fmm	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	45	45	45	45	45	45
Minimum outer dimensions $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	3 mm	150	145	130	125	115	115	185	180	165	155	150	145	215	210	190	180	170	165
Centre spacing and edge distar	ce																		
Minimum centre spacing a _c ,	o _c mm	170	165	150	145	135	135	205	200	185	175	170	165	235	230	210	200	190	185
Minimum edge distance a' _e , l	le mm	75	75	65	65	60	60	95	90	85	80	75	75	110	105	95	90	85	85
Square plate dimensions 2)																			
Side length S		140	140	140	140	135	135	145	145	145	140	140	140	155	155	155	155	150	150
Thickness T _s	_P mm	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	25	25	25	25	25	25

^{1)} Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1860 MPa may also be used.

²⁾The square plate dimensions are minimum values, therefore larger or thicker plates may be used.



Internal Post-tensioning System

Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance Square plate dimensions

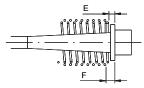
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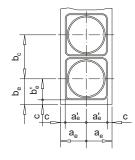
Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler

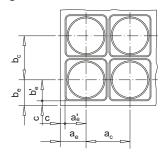




 $a_e = a'_e + c$ $b_e = b'_e + c$ c ... Concrete cover

Centre spacing and edge distance





BBR VT CONA CMI SP	0506	0606	0706
Strand arrangement			

7-wire prestressing steel strand

Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1860 MPa ¹⁾

	Tendon													
Cross-sectional area A _p	$\rm mm^2$	750	900	1 050										
Char. value of maximum force F_{pk}	kN	1 395	1 674	1 953										
Char. value of 0.1 % proof force F _{p0.1}	kN	1 230	1 476	1722										
Maxi. prestressing force $0.90 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	1 107	1 328	1 550										
Maximum overstressing $0.95 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	1 169	1 402	1 636										

Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance / Square plate dimensions

Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance / Square plate dimensions																				
Minimum concrete strengt	Minimum concrete strength																			
Cube f _{cm, 0,}	cube, 150	MPa	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46
Cylinder f _{cm, 0, cylind}	ler, Ø 150	MPa	21	23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38
Helix, ribbed reinforcing st	eel, R _e	≥ 500	MPa	Į.																
Outer diameter		mm	215	200	185	170	160	160	250	230	210	180	175	175	260	255	220	210	195	190
Bar diameter		mm	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	12	12	12	12	10	10	12	12	12	12
Length approximately		mm	235	213	210	185	185	185	235	235	212	212	187	187	258	258	237	237	212	212
Pitch		mm	45	45	50	50	50	50	45	45	50	50	50	50	45	45	50	50	50	50
Number of pitches		_	6	5.5	5	4.5	4.5	4.5	6	6	5	5	4.5	4.5	6.5	6.5	5.5	5.5	5	5
Distance	E	mm	30	30	30	30	30	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
Additional reinforcement, ribbed reinforcing steel, R _e ≥ 500 MPa																				
Number of stirrups		mm	2	2	5	4	4	3	3	2	4	3	3	3	5	4	5	5	5	4
Bar diameter		mm	12	12	10	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Spacing		mm	175	170	50	60	60	80	115	185	70	95	90	90	70	85	60	60	55	70
Distance from anchor plate	F	mm	50	50	50	50	50	50	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Minimum outer dimensions	$B \times B$	mm	245	235	220	205	195	190	270	260	240	225	210	205	295	280	260	250	235	225
Centre spacing and edge of	listanc	е																		
Minimum centre spacing	a _c , b _c	mm	265	255	240	225	215	210	290	280	260	245	230	225	315	300	280	270	255	245
Minimum edge distance	a' _e , b' _e	mm	125	120	110	105	100	95	135	130	120	115	105	105	150	140	130	125	120	115
Square plate dimensions ²)																			
Side length	S_{SP}	mm	185	185	185	185	180	180	190	190	190	190	185	185	205	205	205	200	195	195
Thickness	T_{SP}	mm	30	30	30	30	30	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35

^{1)} Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1 860 MPa may also be used.

²⁾The square plate dimensions are minimum values, therefore larger or thicker plates may be used.



Internal Post-tensioning System

Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance Square plate dimensions

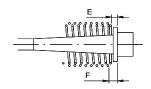
Annex 20

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Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler

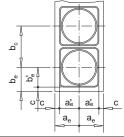


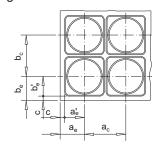


 $a_e = a'_e + c$ $b_e = b'_e + c$

c ... Concrete cover

Centre spacing and edge distance





BBR VT CONA CMI SP	0806	0906	1206
Strand arrangement			

7-wire prestressing steel strand

Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1860 MPa 1)

	Tendon														
Cross-sectional area A _p	$\rm mm^2$	1 200	1 350	1 800											
Char. value of maximum force F _{pk}	kN	2 232	2511	3 348											
Char. value of 0.1 % proof force F _{p0.1}	kN	1 968	2214	2 952											
Max. prestressing force $0.90 \cdot F_{p0.1}$		1 771	1 993	2 657											
Maximum overstressing $0.95 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	1870	2 103	2 804											

Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance / Square plate dimensions

Minimum concrete strength	Minimum concrete strength																		
Cube f _{cm, 0, cube, 150}	MPa	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46
Cylinder f _{cm, 0, cylinder, ∅ 150}			23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38
Helix, ribbed reinforcing steel, R	. ≥ 500) MPa	l																
Outer diameter	mm	280	270	230	215	205	200	295	280	240	225	215	215	325	320	290	280	270	260
Bar diameter 2)	mm	10	10	12	12	12	12	10	10	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	14	14	14
Length approximately	mm	280	258	237	237	237	212	280	280	260	260	262	212	327	327	312	289	289	239
Pitch	mm	45	45	50	50	50	50	45	45	50	50	50	50	45	45	50	50	50	50
Number of pitches	_	7	6.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5	7	7	6	6	6	5	8	8	7	6.5	6.5	5.5
Distance	mm	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
Additional reinforcement, ribbed reinforcing steel, R _e ≥ 500 MPa																			
Number of stirrups	mm	5	4	3	3	3	3	5	4	4	4	3	4	7	6	7	6	6	6
Bar diameter 2)	mm	12	12	16	16	16	16	12	12	16	16	16	16	14	14	16	16	16	16
Spacing	mm	70	90	120	110	105	100	75	75	90	85	110	75	55	55	55	60	60	55
Distance from anchor plate F	mm	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Minimum outer dimensions $B \times E$	mm	315	300	280	265	250	240	330	320	295	280	265	255	385	375	345	325	310	300
Centre spacing and edge distant	e																		
Minimum centre spacing a _c , b	mm	335	320	300	285	270	260	355	340	315	300	285	275	410	395	365	345	330	320
Minimum edge distance a _e , b _e	mm	160	150	140	135	125	120	170	160	150	140	135	130	195	190	175	165	155	150
Square plate dimensions 3)	·																		
Side length S _{SF}	mm	225	225	225	220	215	215	255	255	250	245	240	240	265	265	265	260	255	250
Thickness T _{SF}	mm	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35

^{1)} Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1860 MPa may also be used.

 $^{^{3)}\,....}$ The square plate dimensions are minimum values, therefore larger or thicker plates may be used.



Internal Post-tensioning System

Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance Square plate dimensions

Annex 21

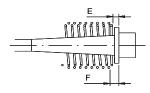
²⁾ Bar diameter of 14 mm can be replaced by 16 mm.

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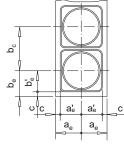
Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler

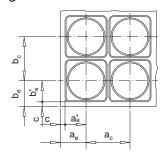




 $a_e = a'_e + c$ $b_e = b'_e + c$ c ... Concrete cover

Centre spacing and edge distance





BBR VT CONA CMI SP	1306	1506	1606
Strand arrangement		800	

7-wire prestressing steel strand

Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1860 MPa 1)

	Tendon													
Cross-sectional area A _p	mm ²	1 950	2 250	2400										
Char. value of maximum force F _{pk}	kN	3 627	4 185	4 464										
Char. value of 0.1 % proof force F _{p0.1}	kN	3 198	3 690	3 936										
Max. prestressing force $0.90 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	2878	3 321	3 542										
Maximum overstressing $0.95 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	3 038	3 506	3739										

lorce	'	Щ_																	
Minimum concrete strength / F	lelix /	Addit	ional	reinf	force	ment	/ Cer	itre s	pacin	g and	d edg	e dis	tance	/ Sqı	uare p	plate	dime	nsion	ıs
Minimum concrete strength																			
Cube f _{cm, 0, cube, 150}	MPa	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46
Cylinder f _{cm, 0, cylinder, ∅ 150}	MPa	21	23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38
Helix, ribbed reinforcing steel, R.	elix, ribbed reinforcing steel, R _e ≥ 500 MPa																		
Outer diameter	mm	340	330	305	290	280	270	370	350	325	300	290	280	390	370	340	330	310	310
Bar diameter ²⁾	mm	12	12	12	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Length approximately	mm	350	327	312	314	289	264	389	364	339	339	314	289	389	389	364	339	339	289
Pitch	mm	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Number of pitches	<u> — '</u>	8.5	8	7	7	6.5	6	8.5	8	7.5	7.5	7	6.5	8.5	8.5	8	7.5	7.5	6.5
Distance E	mm	40	40	40	40	40	40	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Additional reinforcement, ribbed	reinfo	rcing	stee	I, R _e	≥ 500	MPa													
Number of stirrups	mm	7	6	6	6	6	6	7	6	6	6	6	6	7	6	7	6	6	7
Bar diameter ²⁾	mm	14	14	16	16	16	16	14	14	16	16	16	16	14	14	16	16	16	16
Spacing	mm	65	65	65	65	60	60	70	70	70	70	65	65	70	70	60	70	65	55
Distance from anchor plate F	mm	60	60	60	60	60	60	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
$\mbox{Minimum outer dimensions} \mbox{B} \times \mbox{B}$	mm	405	390	360	340	320	310	435	420	390	370	350	340	450	435	400	380	360	350
Centre spacing and edge distance	е																		
Minimum centre spacing a _c , b _c	mm	425	410	380	360	340	330	455	440	410	390	370	360	470	455	420	400	380	370
Minimum edge distance a' _e , b' _e	mm	205	195	180	170	160	155	220	210	195	185	175	170	225	220	200	190	180	175
Square plate dimensions 3)																			
Side length S _{SP}	mm	285	285	280	275	270	270	320	320	315	310	305	300	330	330	325	320	315	305
Thickness T _{SP}	mm	40	40	40	40	40	40	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45

Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1 860 MPa may also be used.

^{3)} The square plate dimensions are minimum values, therefore larger or thicker plates may be used.



Internal Post-tensioning System

Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional reinforcement - Centre spacing and edge distance Square plate dimensions

Annex 22

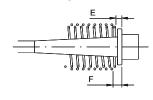
Bar diameter of 14 mm can be replaced by 16 mm.

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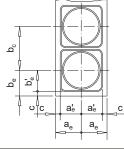
Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler

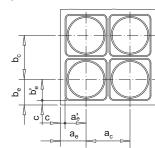




 $a_e = a'_e + c$ $b_e = b'_e + c$ c ... Concrete cover

Centre spacing and edge distance





BBR VT CONA CMI SP	1906	2206	2406
Strand arrangement			

7-wire prestressing steel strand

Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1860 MPa 1)

		Tendon	·	·
Cross-sectional area A _p	mm ²	2 850	3 300	3 600
Char. value of maximum force F _{pk}	kN	5 301	6 138	6 696
Char. value of 0.1 % proof force F _{p0.1}	kN	4 674	5412	5 904
Max. prestressing force $0.90 \cdot F_{p0.1}$		4 207	4 871	5 3 1 4
Maximum overstressing 0.95 · F _{p0.1}	kN	4 440	5 141	5 609

Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance / Square plate dimensions Minimum concrete strength Cube 46 f_{cm, 0, cube, 150} MPa 28 34 38 43 46 26 28 38 46 28 38 43 26 34 43 26 34 38 23 38 38 Cylinder 21 23 28 31 35 21 28 31 35 21 23 28 31 35 **MPa** $\mathbf{f}_{\text{cm, 0, cylinder,}} \varnothing_{\text{150}}$ Helix, ribbed reinforcing steel, R.

Helix, ribbed reliliording steel, K		IVIP	ı																
Outer diameter	mm	435	410	380	350	340	340	460	430	400	360	350	350	480	460	410	370	360	360
Bar diameter	mm	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Length approximately	mm	391	391	391	366	341	291	441	441	416	391	366	316	466	441	416	416	391	341
Pitch	mm	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Number of pitches	umber of pitches — 8.5 8.5 8.5 8 7.5 6.5 9.5 9 8.5 8 7 10 9.5 9 9 8.5 7.5																		
Distance E	mm	50	50	50	45	45	45	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Additional reinforcement, ribbed	reinfo	orcino	stee	l. R.	> 500	MPa													

Additional reinforcement, r	ibbeu i	emino	ii Ciiiig	JStee	ı, re	2 500	IVIPa													
Number of stirrups		mm	7	6	9	8	7	7	7	6	9	8	8	7	7	6	9	8	8	7
Bar diameter 3)		mm	14	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	20	20	20	20	20	20
Spacing		mm	70	85	50	55	60	55	80	80	55	60	55	55	90	100	70	70	70	80
Distance from anchor plate	F	mm	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
Minimum outer dimensions	$B \times B$	mm	490	470	435	415	395	385	530	510	470	445	425	415	550	530	495	465	445	435

Centre spacing and edge of	distance	е																		
Minimum centre spacing	a _c , b _c	mm	510	490	455	435	415	405	550	530	490	465	445	435	575	550	515	485	465	455
Minimum edge distance	a' _e , b' _e	mm	245	235	220	210	200	195	265	255	235	225	215	210	280	265	250	235	225	220

Square plate dimensions 2)																				
Side length	S _{SP}	mm	340	340	335	325	320	310	370	370	365	355	345	345	390	390	385	375	370	370
Thickness	T_{SP}	mm	50	50	50	45	45	45	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm ² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1.860 MPa may																				

also be used. .. Bar diameter of 14 mm can be replaced by 16 mm.

^{3)} The square plate dimensions are minimum values, therefore larger or thicker plates may be used



Internal Post-tensioning System

Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional reinforcement - Centre spacing and edge distance Square plate dimensions

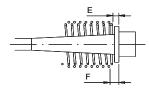
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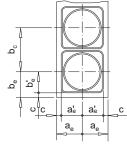
Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler

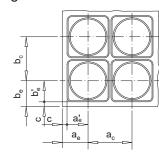




 $a_e = a'_e + c$ $b_e = b'_e + c$ c ... Concrete cover

Centre spacing and edge distance





BBR VT CONA CMI SP	2506	2706	3106
Strand arrangement	\$ 0 Mg	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	

7-wire prestressing steel strand

Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1860 MPa 1)

		Tendon		
Cross-sectional area A _p	$\mathrm{mm^2}$	3 750	4 050	4 650
Char. value of maximum force F_{pk}	kN	6 975	7 533	8 649
Char. value of 0.1 % proof force F _{p0.1}	kN	6 150	6 642	7 626
Max. prestressing force $0.90 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	5 535	5 978	6 863
Maximum overstressing $0.95 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	5 843	6310	7 245

Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance / Square plate dimensions

Minimum concrete strer	igth / H	elix /	Addit	tional	reint	force	ment	/ Cer	itre s	pacin	g and	d edg	e dis	tance	/ Sqi	uare	plate	dime	nsion	ıs
Minimum concrete strengt	:h																			
Cube f _{cm, 0,}	cube, 150	MPa	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46
Cylinder f _{cm, 0, cylind}	ler, Ø 150	MPa	21	23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38
Helix, ribbed reinforcing s	teel, R _e	≥ 500) MPa	1																
Outer diameter		mm	500	480	420	380	370	370	520	500	450	400	390	380	560	540	480	430	430	430
Bar diameter		mm	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Length approximately		mm	466	466	441	441	391	366	491	491	441	441	416	391	516	516	466	466	416	391
Pitch		mm	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Number of pitches		_	10	10	9.5	9.5	8.5	8	10.5	10.5	9.5	9.5	9	8.5	11	11	10	10	9	8.5
Distance	Ε	mm	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
Additional reinforcement, ribbed reinforcing steel, R _e ≥ 500 MPa																				
Number of stirrups		mm	7	6	9	8	8	6	6	5	7	6	6	6	8	7	10	9	8	8
Bar diameter		mm	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Spacing		mm	100	100	70	70	70	80	100	100	80	90	85	70	80	95	60	65	70	65
Distance from anchor plate	F	mm	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
Minimum outer dimensions	$B \times B$	mm	565	545	500	475	450	440	585	565	520	495	470	460	630	605	560	535	515	500
Centre spacing and edge of	listanc	е																		
Minimum centre spacing	a _c , b _c	mm	585	565	520	495	470	460	605	585	540	515	490	480	650	625	580	555	535	520
Minimum edge distance	a' _e , b' _e	mm	285	275	250	240	225	220	295	285	260	250	235	230	315	305	280	270	260	250
Square plate dimensions 2)																			
Side length	S_{SP}	mm	405	405	405	395	385	385	415	415	410	400	395	395	440	440	435	425	420	415
Thickness	T_{SP}	mm	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60

^{1)} Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1860 MPa may also be used.

^{2)}The square plate dimensions are minimum values, therefore larger or thicker plates may be used.



Internal Post-tensioning System

Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance Square plate dimensions

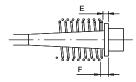
Annex 24

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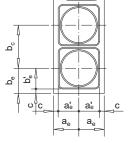
Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler

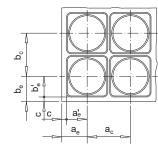




 $a_e = a'_e + c$ $b_e = b'_e + c$ c ... Concrete cover

Centre spacing and edge distance





BBR VT CONA CMI SP	3706	4206	4306
Strand arrangement			

7-wire prestressing steel strand

Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1860 MPa 1)

		Tendon	•	
Cross-sectional area A _p	mm ²	5 550	6 300	6 450
Char. value of maximum force F _{pk}	kN	10 323	11 718	11 997
Char. value of 0.1 % proof force F _{p0.1}	kN	9 102	10 332	10 578
Max. prestressing force $0.90 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	8 192	9 299	9 520
Maximum overstressing 0.95 · F _{p0.1}	kN	8 647	9815	10 049

Minimum concrete strer	ngth / H	elix /	Addit	tional	reint	force	ment	/ Cer	itre s	pacin	g and	d edg	e dis	tance	/ Squ	uare	plate	dime	nsion	ıs
Minimum concrete strengt	h																			
Cube f _{cm, 0,}	cube, 150	MPa	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46
Cylinder f _{cm, 0, cylind}	der, Ø 150	MPa	21	23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38
Helix, ribbed reinforcing s	teel, R _e	≥ 500	MPa	l																
Outer diameter		mm	620	620	620	620	620	620	660	660	660	660	660	660	670	670	670	670	670	670
Bar diameter		mm	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Length approximately		mm	566	566	566	566	566	566	616	616	616	616	616	616	666	666	666	666	666	666
Pitch		mm	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Number of pitches		—	12	12	12	12	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	13	14	14	14	14	14	14
Distance	Е	mm	70	70	70	70	70	70	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
dditional reinforcement, ribbed reinforcing steel, R _e ≥ 500 MPa																				
Number of stirrups		mm	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Bar diameter		mm	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Spacing		mm	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
Distance from anchor plate	F	mm	90	90	90	90	90	90	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
Minimum outer dimensions	$B \times B$	mm	695	695	695	695	695	695	745	745	745	745	745	745	755	755	755	755	755	755
Centre spacing and edge of	distanc	е																		
Minimum centre spacing	a _c , b _c	mm	715	715	715	715	715	715	765	765	765	765	765	765	775	775	775	775	775	775
Minimum edge distance	a' _e , b' _e	mm	350	350	350	350	350	350	375	375	375	375	375	375	380	380	380	380	380	380
Square plate dimensions 2)																			
Side length	S_{SP}	mm	480	480	480	480	480	480	510	510	510	510	510	510	520	520	520	520	520	520
Thickness	T _{SP}	mm	70	70	70	70	70	70	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75

Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1860 MPa may

[.] The square plate dimensions are minimum values, therefore larger or thicker plates may be used.



Internal Post-tensioning System

Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional reinforcement - Centre spacing and edge distance Square plate dimensions

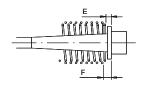
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Stressing and fixed anchorage / coupler

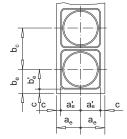


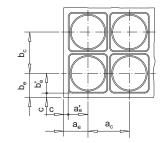


 $a_e = a'_e + c$ $b_e = b'_e + c$

c ... Concrete cover

Centre spacing and edge distance





BBR VT CONA CMI SP	4806	5506	6106
Strand arrangement			

7-wire prestressing steel strand

Nominal diameter 15.7 mm ... Nominal cross-sectional area 150 mm² ... Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1860 MPa ¹⁾

Tendon										
Cross-sectional area A _p	mm ²	7 200	8 250	9 150						
Char. value of maximum force F _{pk}	kN	13 392	15 345	17 019						
Char. value of 0.1 % proof force F _{p0.1}	kN	11 808	13 530	15 006						
Max. prestressing force $0.90 \cdot F_{p0.1}$		10 627	12 177	13 505						
Maximum overstressing 0.95 · F _{p0.1}	kN	11 218	12 854	14 256						

Minimum concrete strength / Helix / Additional reinforcement / Centre spacing and edge distance / Square plate dimensions

Minimum concrete strer	ngth / H	elix /	Addi	tional	reini	force	ment	/ Cer	itre s	pacin	g and	d edg	e dis	tance	/ Squ	uare	olate	dime	nsion	าร
Ainimum concrete strength																				
Cube f _{cm, 0,}	cube, 150	MPa	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46	26	28	34	38	43	46
Cylinder f _{cm, 0, cylind}	der, Ø 150	MPa	21	23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38	21	23	28	31	35	38
Helix, ribbed reinforcing steel, R _e ≥ 500 MPa																				
Outer diameter		mm	720	720	720	720	720	720	790	790	790	790	790	790	860	860	860	860	860	860
Bar diameter		mm	20	20	20	20	20	20	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Length approximately		mm	860	860	860	860	860	860	940	940	940	940	940	940	985	985	985	985	985	985
Pitch		mm	60	60	60	60	60	60	70	70	70	70	70	70	60	60	60	60	60	60
Number of pitches		—	15	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	14	17	17	17	17	17	17
Distance	Е	mm	80	80	80	80	80	80	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Additional reinforcement,	ribbed	reinfo	rcing	stee	I, R _e	≥ 500	MPa													
Number of stirrups		mm	11	11	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	13
Bar diameter		mm	20	20	20	20	20	20	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Spacing		mm	75	75	75	75	75	75	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
Distance from anchor plate	F	mm	100	100	100	100	100	100	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
Minimum outer dimensions	$B \times B$	mm	810	810	810	810	810	810	885	885	885	885	885	885	940	940	940	940	940	940
Centre spacing and edge of	distance	е																		
Minimum centre spacing	a _c , b _c	mm	830	830	830	830	830	830	905	905	905	905	905	905	960	960	960	960	960	960
Minimum edge distance	a' _e , b' _e	mm	405	405	405	405	405	405	445	445	445	445	445	445	470	470	470	470	470	470
Square plate dimensions 2)																			
Side length	S_{SP}	mm	550	550	550	550	550	550	595	595	595	595	595	595	620	620	620	620	620	620
Thickness	T_{SP}	mm	80	80	80	80	80	80	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90

^{1)} Prestressing steel strand with nominal diameter of 15.3 mm, cross-sectional area of 140 mm² or with characteristic tensile strength below 1 860 MPa may also be used

 $^{^{2)}}$ The square plate dimensions are minimum values, therefore larger or thicker plates may be used.



Internal Post-tensioning System

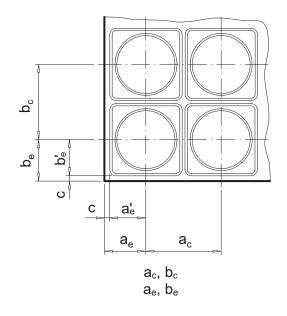
Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance Square plate dimensions

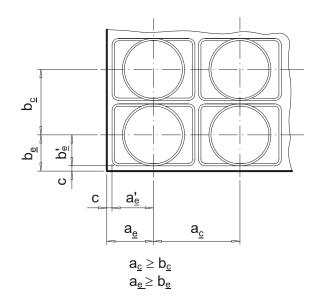
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Centre spacing and edge distance





Modification of centre spacing and edge distance are in accordance with the Clauses 1.8 and 2.2.3.5.

$$b_{\underline{c}} \begin{cases} \geq 0.85 \cdot b_{c} \\ \text{and} \\ \geq \text{Helix, outside diameter} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} a_{\underline{c}} & \geq \frac{A_c}{b_{\underline{c}}} \\ \\ A_c & = a_c \cdot b_c & \leq & a_{\underline{c}} \cdot b_{\underline{c}} \end{array}$$

Corresponding edge distances

$$a_{\underline{e}} = \frac{a_{\underline{c}}}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c$$
 and $b_{\underline{e}} = \frac{b_{\underline{c}}}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c$

c..... Concrete cover

1) Except the dimensions of helix, the outer dimensions of the additional reinforcement are adjusted accordingly. Further modifications of reinforcement are in accordance with Clause 2.2.3.5.



Internal Post-tensioning System

Modification of centre spacing and edge distance

Annex 27

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1) Preparatory work

The components of the prestressing kit are stored so as to avoid any damage or corrosion.

2) Anchorage recesses

Adequate space to accommodate and to use the prestressing jack is ensured, see also the Clauses 1.2.6 and 2.2.3.3.

3) Fastening the square plates

Four holes are provided to fasten the square plates to the formwork. The helix is either welded to the square plate by means of radial bars, see also Clause 2.2.4.6, or positioned by fastening it to the existing reinforcement.

4) Placing of the sheaths

The sheaths are placed on supports with spacing according to Clause 1.6 and minimum radii of curvature according to Clause 1.9. The sheaths are jointed in a leak-proof way. The sheaths are supported such that any movement is prevented.

The same applies for prefabricated tendons.

5) Installation of tensile elements (prestressing steel)

The prestressing steel is pushed or pulled into the sheath before or after concreting of the structure.

6) Installation of the inaccessible fixed anchorages

After passing the strands through the anchor head, they are anchored individually in the cones by means of ring wedges. After assembling the wedges are secured with springs or a wedge retaining plate. An alternative is pre-locking each individual strand with ~ 0.5 · F_{pk} and applying a wedge retaining plate.

7) Installation of fixed coupler anchor head 2.BA

The function of the fixed coupler is to connect two tendons, whereas the first tendon is stressed before the second tendon is installed and stressed.

The coupling is achieved by pushing the strands into the already tensioned coupler anchor head K, side 2.BA (outer pitch circle), whereby the strands are marked to check the correct depth of penetration.

The coupler anchor head H, 2.BA is assembled with ring wedges and a wedge retaining plate. It is connected to the already tensioned coupler anchor head H, 1.BA by means of a threaded coupler sleeve.

8) Assembly of movable coupler

The movable coupler serves to lengthen unstressed tendons. The axial movement during stressing is ensured by a sheathing box suitable to the expected elongation at the position of the coupler.

The assembly of the coupler anchor head is performed in accordance with Point 7) and Clause 1.2.5. The transverse forces at the end of the trumpet are covered by steel deflector rings.

9) Checking the tendons before concreting

Before concreting the structure, fastening and position of the entire tendon are checked and corrected if necessary. The sheaths are checked for any damage.



Internal Post-tensioning System

Description of installation

Annex 28



10) Assembly of anchor head/coupler anchor head 1.BA

After passing the strands through the anchor head, they are anchored individually in the cones by means of ring wedges. The same applies for the coupler anchor head in case of fixed couplers in the first construction stage.

11) Prestressing

At the time of stressing the mean concrete compressive strength is at least according to Table 6 and the provisions of Clause 1.10. Stressing and possible wedging is carried out with a suitable prestressing jack and in accordance with Clause 2.2.4.2.

The elongation of the tendon and the prestressing forces is checked and recorded systematically during the stressing operation.

Restressing the tendons is allowed in accordance with Clause 2.2.4.3.

12) Grouting the tendons

The grout is injected through the inlet holes until it escapes from the outlet tubes with the same consistency. All vents and grouting inlets are sealed immediately after grouting, see also Clause 2.2.4.5.1.

Grease or wax are injected in accordance with Clause 2.2.4.5.2 and the recommendations of the supplier.

More detailed information on installation can be obtained from the ETA holder.



Annex 29



Seven-wire strands according to prEN 10138-3 1)

Cover with outside according to pier 10.00 0										
Steel name	Y1770S7	Y1860S7	Y1770S7	Y1860S7						
Tensile strength	R _m	MPa	1 770	1 860	1 770	1 860				
Diameter	d	mm	15.3	15.3	15.7	15.7				
Nominal cross-sectional area	Ap	mm²	140	140	150	150				
Nominal mass per metre	М	kg/m	1.0)93	1.1	72				
Permitted deviation from nominal	mass	%	± 2							
Characteristic value of maximum force	F_{pk}	kN	248	260	266	279				
Maximum value of maximum force	F _{m, max}	kN	285	285 299 306		321				
Characteristic value of 0.1% proof force ²⁾	% proof F _{p0.1} kN		218	229	234	246				
Minimum elongation at maximum force, $L_0 \ge 500 \text{ mm}$	A _{gt}	%	3.5							
Modulus of elasticity	Ep	MPa	195 000 ³⁾							

¹⁾ Suitable strands according to standards and regulations in force at the place of use may also be used.



Internal Post-tensioning System Prestressing steel strand specifications

Annex 30

²⁾ For strands according to prEN 10138-3, 09.2000, the value is multiplied by 0.98.

³⁾ Standard value



Contents of the prescribed test plan

Subject / type of control		Test or control method	Criteria, if any	Minimum number of samples	Minimum frequency of control
	Material	Checking 1)	2)	100 %	continuous
Square plate	Detailed dimensions	Testing	2)	3% , ≥ 2 specimens	continuous
	Visual inspection 3)	Checking	2)	100 %	continuous
	Traceability			bulk	
	Material	Checking 4)	2)	100 %	continuous
Anchor head, Coupler anchor head,	Detailed dimensions	Testing	2)	5 %, ≥ 2 specimens	continuous
Coupler sleeve	Visual inspection 3)	Checking	2)	100 %	continuous
	Traceability			full	
	Material	Checking 4)	2)	100 %	continuous
	Treatment, hardness	Testing	2)	0.5 %, ≥ 2 specimens	continuous
Ring wedge	Detailed dimensions	Testing	2)	5 %, ≥ 2 specimens	continuous
	Visual inspection 3)	Checking	2)	100 %	continuous
	Traceability			full	
	Material	Checking	2), 5)	100 %	continuous
Strand	Dimension	Testing	2)	1 sample	each coil or
	Visual inspection	Checking	2)	1 sample	every 7 tons 6)
	Material	Checking 7)	2)	100 %	continuous
Steel strip duct	Dimension	Testing	2)	3 %, ≥ 2 specimens	continuous
	Traceability		•	full	
Cement, admixtures,	Material	Checking 7)	2)	100 %	continuous
additions of filling materials as per EN 447	Traceability			full	

- 1) Checking by means of at least a test report 2.2 according to EN 10204.
- ²⁾ Conformity with the specifications of the component
- 3) Successful visual inspection does not need to be documented.
- 4) Checking by means of an inspection report 3.1 according to EN 10204.
- 5) Checking of relevant certificate as long as the basis of "CE"-marking is not available.
- 6) Maximum between a coil and 7 tons is taken into account
- 7) Checking of relevant certificate, CE marking and declaration of performance or, if basis for CE marking is not available, certificate of supplier

Traceability full Full traceability of each component to its raw material.

Material Defined according to technical specification deposited by the supplier

Detailed dimension Measuring of all the dimensions and angles according to the specification given in the test plan

Visual inspection Main dimensions, correct marking and labelling, surface, corrosion, coating, etc.

Treatment, hardness Surface hardness, core hardness and treatment depth



Internal Post-tensioning System Contents of the prescribed test plan

Annex 31



Audit testing

Subject / type of control		Test or control method	Criteria, if any	Minimum number of samples 1)	Minimum frequency of control
	Material	Checking and testing, hardness and chemical ²⁾	3)	1	1/year
Square plate	Detailed dimensions	Testing	3)	1	1/year
	Visual inspection	Checking	3)	1	1/year
Anchor head, Coupler anchor	Material	Checking and testing, hardness and chemical ²⁾	3)	1	1/year
head, Coupler sleeve	Detailed dimensions	Testing	3)	1	1/year
	Visual inspection	Checking	3)	1	1/year
	Material	Checking and testing, hardness and chemical ²⁾	3)	2	1/year
	Treatment, hardness	Checking and testing, hardness profile	3)	2	1/year
Ring wedge	Detailed dimensions	Testing	3)	1	1/year
	Main dimensions, surface hardness	Testing	3)	5	1/year
	Visual inspection	Checking	3)	5	1/year
Single tensile element test		According EAD 160004-00 Annex C.	0-0301,	1 series	1/year

- 1) If the kits comprise different kinds of anchor heads e.g. with different materials, different shape, different wedges, etc., then the number of samples are understood as per kind.
- ²⁾ Testing of hardness and checking of chemical composition by means of an inspection report 3.1 according to EN 10204.
- 3) Conformity with the specifications of the components

Material Defined according to technical specification deposited by the ETA holder at the

Notified body

Detailed dimension Measuring of all the dimensions and angles according to the specification given in

the test plan

Visual inspection Main dimensions, correct marking and labelling, surface, corrosion, coating, etc.

Treatment, hardness Surface hardness, core hardness and treatment depth



Internal Post-tensioning System Audit testing Annex 32



Nº	Essential Characteristic	Clause	Intended use Line № according to Clause 2.1, Table 8				
			1	2	3		
1	Resistance to static load	3.2.1.1	+	+	+		
2	Resistance to fatigue	3.2.1.2	+	+	+		
3	Load transfer to the structure	3.2.1.3	+	+	+		
4	Friction coefficient	3.2.1.4	+	+	+		
5	Deviation, deflection (limits) for internal bonded and internal unbonded tendon	3.2.1.5	+	+	+		
6	Assessment of assembly	3.2.1.6	+	+	+		
7	Corrosion protection	3.2.1.7	+	+	+		
8	Reaction to fire	3.2.2.1	+	+	+		
9	Content, emission and/or release of dangerous substances	3.2.3.1	+	+	+		
10	Resistance to static load under cryogenic conditions for applications with anchorage/ coupling outside the possible cryogenic zone	3.2.4.1	_	_	+		

Kev

+.....Essential characteristic relevant for the intended use

—.....Essential characteristic not relevant for the intended use

For combinations of intended uses, the essential characteristics of all intended uses composing the combination are relevant.



Internal Post-tensioning System Essential characteristics for the intended uses

Annex 33

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Reference documents

European Assessment Documents

EAD 160004-00-0301 Post-Tensioning Kits for Prestressing of Structures
EAD 160027-00-0301 Special filling products for post-tensioning kits

Eurocodes

Eurocode 2	Eurocode 2: Design of concrete structures
Eurocode 3	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures
Eurocode 6	Eurocode 6: Design of masonry structures

Standards

EN 206+A1, 11.2016	Concrete – Specification, performance, production and conformity								
EN 445, 10.2007	Grout for prestressing tendons – Test methods								
EN 446, 10.2007	Grout for prestressing tendons – Grouting procedures								
EN 447, 10.2007	Grout for prestressing tendons – Basic requirements								
EN 523, 08.2003	Steel strip sheaths for prestressing tendons – Terminology, requirements, quality control								
EN 10025-2, 11.2004 EN 10025-2/AC, 06.2005	Hot rolled products of structural steels – Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels								
EN 10083-1, 08.2006	Steels for quenching and tempering – Part 1: General technical delivery conditions								

EN 10083-2, 08.2006	Steels for quenching and tempering – Part 2: Technical delivers	ery
	conditions for non alloy steels	

EN 10084, 04.2008	Case hardening steels – Technical delivery conditions
EN 10204, 10.2004	Metallic products – Types of inspection documents
EN 10210-1 04 2006	Hot finished structural hollow sections of non-alloy and

 grammer and an area area area area area area area a
steels – Part 1: Technical delivery conditions

EN 10216-1, 12.2013	Seamless	steel	tube	es	for p	pressu	ire pi	urposes	- Te	echnical o	delivery
	conditions	- P	art ´	1:	Non-	-alloy	steel	tubes	with	specified	room

temperature p	oroperties
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EN 10217-1, 05.2002	Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes - Technical delivery
EN 10217-1/A1, 01.2005	conditions - Part 1: Non-alloy steel tubes with specified roon
	temperature properties

EN 10219-1, 04.2006	Cold formed welded structural hollow sections of non-alloy and fine
	grain steels – Part 1: Technical delivery conditions

EN 10255+A1, 04.2007	Non-Alloy steel tubes suitable for welding and threading – Technical
	delivery conditions

EN 10270-1, 10.2011 Steel w	vire for	mechanical	springs -	Part 1:	Patented	cold drawn

unalloyed steel wire



Internal Post-tensioning System

Reference documents

Annex 34

EN 10277-2, 03.2008	Bright steel products – Technical delivery conditions – Part 2: Steels for general engineering purposes
EN 10305-5, 01.2010	Steel tubes for precision applications – Technical delivery conditions – Part 5: Welded cold sized square and rectangular tubes
EN ISO 17855-1, 10.2014	Plastics – Polyethylene (PE) moulding and extrusion materials – Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications
EN ISO 19069-1, 03.2015	Plastics – Polypropylene (PP) moulding and extrusion materials – Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications
prEN 10138-3, 09.2000	Prestressing steels – Part 3: Strand
prEN 10138-3, 08.2009	Prestressing steels – Part 3: Strand
CWA 14646, 01.2003	Requirements for the installation of post-tensioning kits for prestressing of structures and qualification of the specialist company and its personnel
98/456/EC	Commission decision 98/456/EC of 3 July 1998 on the procedure for attesting the conformity of construction products pursuant to Article 20 (2) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC as regards posttensioning kits for the prestressing of structures, Official Journal of the European Communities L 201 of 17 July 1998, p. 112
305/2011	Regulation (EU) № 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 laying down harmonised conditions for the marketing of construction products and repealing Council Directive 89/106/EEC, OJ L 88 of 4 April 2011, p. 5, amended by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) № 568/2014 of 18 February 2014, OJ L 157 of 27.05.2014, p. 76 and Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) № 574/2014 of 21 February 2014, OJ L 159 of 28.05.2014, p. 41
568/2014	Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) № 568/2014 of 18 February 2014 amending Annex V to Regulation (EU) № 305/2011 of the

European Parliament and of the Council as regards the assessment and verification of constancy of performance of construction products, OJ L 157 of 27.05.2014, p. 76



Internal Post-tensioning System

Reference documents

Annex 35



Materialprüfungsamt Nordrhein-Westfalen

Prüfen · Überwachen · Zertifizieren

Certificate of constancy of performance 0432-CPR-00299-1.5 (EN)

Version 01

In compliance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 (the Construction products Regulation or CPR), this certificate applies to the construction product

BBR VT CONA CMI SP - Internal Post-tensioning System with 01 to 61 Strands

Bonded or unbonded post-tensioning kits for prestressing of structures with strands

placed on the market under the name or trade mark of

BBR VT International Ltd

Ringstrasse 2 8603 Schwerzenbach (ZH) / Switzerland

and produced in the manufacturing plant(s)

BBR VT International Ltd

Ringstrasse 2 8603 Schwerzenbach (ZH) / Switzerland

This certificate attests that all provisions concerning the assessment and verification of constancy of performance described in the

ETA-09/0287, issued on 19.09.2018

and

EAD 160004-00-0301

under system 1+ for the performance set out in the ETA are applied and that the factory production control conducted by the manufacturer is assessed to ensure the

constancy of performance of the construction product.

This certificate was first issued on 30.07.2010 and will remain valid until 20.09.2023 as long as neither the ETA, the EAD, the construction product, the AVCP methods nor the manufacturing conditions in the plant are modified significantly, unless suspended or withdrawn by the notified product certification body.

Dortmund, 21.09.2018

by order

Dipl.-Ing/Hönig

Head of Certification Body (Dep. 21)

This Certificate consists of 1 page.

This Certificate replaces the Certificate no. 0432-CPD-11 9181-1.5/2 dated 30.06.2013.

The original of this document was issued in German language.

-ZE-11142-01-01

In case of doubt only the German version is valid.

BBR VT International Ltd

Ringstrasse 2 8603 Schwerzenbach (ZH) Switzerland

Tel +41 44 806 80 60 Fax +41 44 806 80 50

www.bbrnetwork.com info@bbrnetwork.com

BBR VT International Ltd

Technical Headquarters and Business Development Centre Switzerland

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